

Wednesday 18 January 2012 – Afternoon

**GCSE RELIGIOUS STUDIES B
(PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)**

B604 Ethics 2 (Peace and Justice, Equality, Media)

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

OCR supplied materials:

- 8 page Answer Booklet
(sent with general stationery)

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **two** questions.
 - You must answer your two questions from **different** Sections.
Section A – Religion, Peace and Justice
Section B – Religion and Equality
Section C – Religion and the Media
 - You must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **48**.
- Quality of written communication is assessed in parts (d) and (e) of all questions.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A: Religion, Peace and Justice

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

1 Buddhism

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Buddhists might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why some Buddhists might not take part in a war. [6]
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

2 Christianity

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Christians might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Christians might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

3 Hinduism

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Hindus might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Hindus might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

4 Islam

- (a) What is meant by the term 'social injustice'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Muslims might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Muslims might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) 'Justice is more important than peace.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

5 Judaism

- (a) What is meant by the term 'social injustice'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Jews might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Jews might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) 'Justice is more important than peace.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

6 Sikhism

- (a) What is meant by the term 'social injustice'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Sikhs might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Sikhs might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) 'Justice is more important than peace.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

Section B: Religion and Equality

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

7 Buddhism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Buddhists might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Buddhists might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Buddhist attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

8 Christianity

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Christians might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Christians might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Christian attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

9 Hinduism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Hindus might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Hindus might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Hindu attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

10 Islam

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Muslims might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Muslims might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Islamic attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

11 Judaism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Jews might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Jews might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Jewish attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

12 Sikhism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Sikhs might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Sikhs might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Sikh attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

Section C: Religion and the Media

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

13 Buddhism

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]
- (b) List **two** Buddhist figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Buddhists. [3]
- (d) Explain how Buddhists might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

14 Christianity

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]
- (b) List **two** Christian figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Christians. [3]
- (d) Explain how Christians might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

15 Hinduism

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]
- (b) List **two** Hindu figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Hindus. [3]
- (d) Explain how Hindus might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

16 Islam

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]
- (b) List **two** Muslim figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Muslims. [3]
- (d) Explain how Muslims might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) 'Sex should never be shown on TV.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

17 Judaism

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]
- (b) List **two** Jewish figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Jews. [3]
- (d) Explain how Jews might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) 'Sex should never be shown on TV.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

18 Sikhism

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]
- (b) List **two** Sikh figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Sikhs. [3]
- (d) Explain how Sikhs might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) 'Sex should never be shown on TV.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

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