

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
RELIGIOUS STUDIES B
(PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)

B603

Ethics 1 (Relationships, Medical Ethics, Poverty and Wealth)

Candidates answer on the answer booklet.

OCR supplied materials:

- 8 page answer booklet
(sent with general stationery)

Other materials required:

None

Tuesday 14 June 2011
Morning

Duration: 1 hour



MODIFIED LANGUAGE

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.
- Answer **two** questions.
- You must answer your two questions from **different** Sections.
- Section A – Religion and Human Relationships
- Section B – Religion and Medical Ethics
- Section C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth
- You must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **48**.
- Quality of written communication is assessed in parts (d) and (e) of all questions.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A: Religion and Human Relationships

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a–e) of the question.

1 Buddhism

- (a) What does celibacy mean? [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why marriage might be important to a Buddhist. [2]
- (c) Explain why some Buddhists are celibate. [3]
- (d) Explain how some Buddhists might respond to a couple who are thinking about divorce. [6]
- (e) 'The man should be the dominant partner in a marriage.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

2 Christianity

- (a) State one thing which happens during a Christian marriage ceremony. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why marriage might be important to a Christian. [2]
- (c) Describe one belief that is shown in a Christian marriage ceremony. [3]
- (d) Explain how some Christians might respond to a couple who are thinking about divorce. [6]
- (e) 'The man should be the dominant partner in a marriage.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

3 Hinduism

- (a) State one thing which happens during a Hindu marriage ceremony. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why marriage might be important to Hindu. [2]
- (c) Describe one belief that is shown in a Hindu marriage ceremony. [3]
- (d) Explain how some Hindus might respond to a couple who are thinking about divorce. [6]
- (e) 'The man should be the dominant partner in a marriage.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

4 Islam

- (a) State one thing which happens during a Muslim marriage ceremony. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why marriage might be important to a Muslim. [2]
- (c) Explain the importance of the Muslim marriage contract. [3]
- (d) Explain how some Muslims might respond to a couple who are thinking about divorce. [6]
- (e) 'The man should be the dominant partner in a marriage.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

5 Judaism

- (a) State one thing which happens during a Jewish marriage ceremony. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why marriage might be important to a Jew. [2]
- (c) Describe one belief that is shown in a Jewish marriage ceremony. [3]
- (d) Explain how some Jews might respond to a couple who are thinking about divorce. [6]
- (e) 'The man should be the dominant partner in a marriage.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

6 Sikhism

- (a) State one thing which happens during a Sikh marriage ceremony. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why marriage might be important to a Sikh. [2]
- (c) Describe one belief that is shown in a Sikh marriage ceremony. [3]
- (d) Explain how some Sikhs might respond to a couple who are thinking about divorce. [6]
- (e) 'The man should be the dominant partner in a marriage.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

Section B: Religion and Medical Ethics

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a–e) of the question.

7 Buddhism

- (a) What is meant by the term 'Abortion'? [1]
- (b) State two reasons which might be given for having a legal abortion in the UK. [2]
- (c) Describe one Buddhist attitude towards fertility treatment. [3]
- (d) Explain why Buddhists have different attitudes about abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religious people should keep their views about Medical Ethics to themselves.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

8 Christianity

- (a) What is meant by the term 'Abortion'? [1]
- (b) State two reasons which might be given for having a legal abortion in the UK. [2]
- (c) Describe one Christian attitude towards fertility treatment. [3]
- (d) Explain why Christians have different attitudes about abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religious people should keep their views about Medical Ethics to themselves.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

9 Hinduism

- (a) What is meant by the term 'Abortion'? [1]
- (b) State two reasons which might be given for having a legal abortion in the UK. [2]
- (c) Describe one Hindu attitude towards fertility treatment. [3]
- (d) Explain why Hindus have different attitudes about abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religious people should keep their views about Medical Ethics to themselves.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

10 Islam

- (a) What is meant by the term 'Abortion'? [1]
- (b) State two reasons which might be given for having a legal abortion in the UK. [2]
- (c) Describe one Muslim attitude towards fertility treatment. [3]
- (d) Explain why Muslims have different attitudes about abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religious people should keep their views about Medical Ethics to themselves.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

11 Judaism

- (a) What is meant by the term 'Abortion'? [1]
- (b) State two reasons which might be given for having a legal abortion in the UK. [2]
- (c) Describe one Jewish attitude towards fertility treatment. [3]
- (d) Explain why Jews have different attitudes about abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religious people should keep their views about Medical Ethics to themselves.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

12 Sikhism

- (a) What is meant by the term 'Abortion'? [1]
- (b) State two reasons which might be given for having a legal abortion in the UK. [2]
- (c) Describe one Sikh attitude towards fertility treatment. [3]
- (d) Explain why Sikhs have different attitudes about abortion. [6]
- (e) 'Religious people should keep their views about Medical Ethics to themselves.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

Section C: Religion, Poverty and Wealth

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a–e) of the question.

13 Buddhism

- (a) State what is meant by charity. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why many people are living in poverty. [2]
- (c) Describe one Buddhist view about wealth. [3]
- (d) Explain why a Buddhist might try to care for other people. [6]
- (e) 'Caring for other people should be the most important thing Buddhists can do.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

14 Christianity

- (a) State what is meant by charity. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why many people are living in poverty. [2]
- (c) Describe one Christian view about wealth. [3]
- (d) Explain why a Christian might try to care for other people. [6]
- (e) 'Caring for other people should be the most important thing Christians can do.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

15 Hinduism

- (a) State what is meant by charity. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why many people are living in poverty. [2]
- (c) Describe one Hindu view about wealth. [3]
- (d) Explain why a Hindu might try to care for other people. [6]
- (e) 'Caring for other people should be the most important thing Hindus can do.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

16 Islam

- (a) State what is meant by charity. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why many people are living in poverty. [2]
- (c) Describe one Muslim view about wealth. [3]
- (d) Explain why a Muslim might try to care for other people. [6]
- (e) 'Caring for other people should be the most important thing Muslims can do.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

17 Judaism

- (a) State what is meant by charity. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why many people are living in poverty. [2]
- (c) Describe one Jewish view about wealth. [3]
- (d) Explain why a Jew might try to care for other people. [6]
- (e) 'Caring for other people should be the most important thing Jews can do.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

18 Sikhism

- (a) State what is meant by charity. [1]
- (b) Give two reasons why many people are living in poverty. [2]
- (c) Describe one Sikh view about wealth. [3]
- (d) Explain why a Sikh might try to care for other people. [6]
- (e) 'Caring for other people should be the most important thing Sikhs can do.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, and supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

Total: [24]

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