

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2014

Religious Studies

Paper 2(B)

The Christian Church with a Focus on the Protestant Tradition

[GRS22]

MONDAY 12 MAY, MORNING

MARK SCHEME

General Marking Instructions and Mark Grids

Introduction

Mark schemes are intended to ensure that the GCSE examination is marked consistently and fairly. The mark schemes provide markers with an indication of the nature and range of candidates' responses likely to be worthy of credit. They also set out the criteria that they should apply in allocating marks to candidates' responses. The mark schemes should be read in conjunction with these marking instructions.

Assessment objectives

Below are the assessment objectives for GCSE Religious Studies.

Candidates must:

- describe, explain and analyse, using knowledge and understanding (AO1); and
- use evidence and reasoned argument to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints (AO2).

AO1 and AO2 are interrelated and connections must be made.

Quality of candidates' responses

In marking the examination papers, examiners should be looking for a quality response reflecting the level of maturity which may reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old which is the age at which the majority of candidates sit their GCSE examinations.

Flexibility in marking

Mark schemes are not intended to be totally prescriptive. No mark scheme can cover all the responses which candidates may produce. In the event of unanticipated answers, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement to assess the validity of answers. If an answer is particularly problematic, then examiners should seek the guidance of the Supervising Examiner.

Positive marking

Examiners must be positive in their marking, giving appropriate credit for description, explanation and analysis, using knowledge and understanding and for the appropriate use of evidence and reasoned argument to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. Examiners should make use of the whole of the available mark range of any particular question and be prepared to award full marks for a response which is as good as might reasonably be expected of a 16-year-old GCSE candidate.

Awarding zero marks

Marks should only be awarded for valid responses and no marks should be awarded for an answer which is completely incorrect or inappropriate.

Types of mark scheme

Mark schemes for questions which require candidates to respond in extended written form are marked on the basis of levels of response which take account of the quality of written communication.

Other questions which require only short answers are marked on a point for point basis with marks awarded for each valid piece of information provided.

Levels of response

Questions requiring candidates to respond in extended writing are marked in terms of levels of response. In deciding which level of response to award, examiners should look for the "best fit" bearing in mind that weakness in one area may be compensated for by strength in another. In deciding which mark within a particular level to award to any response, examiners are expected to use their professional judgement. The following guidance is provided to assist examiners.

- **Threshold performance:** Response which just merits inclusion in the level and should be awarded a mark at or near the bottom of the range.
- **Intermediate performance:** Response which clearly merits inclusion and should be awarded a mark at or near the middle of the range.
- **High performance:** Response which fully satisfies the level description and should be awarded a mark at or near the top of the range.

Quality of written communication

Quality of written communication is taken into account in assessing candidates' responses to all tasks and questions that require them to respond in extended written form. These tasks and questions are marked on the basis of levels of response. The description for each level of response includes reference to the quality of written communication. Where the quality of content is not matched by the quality of written communication, marks awarded will not exceed maximum for Level 2.

For conciseness, quality of written communication is distinguished within levels of response as follows:

Level 1: Quality of written response is limited.

Level 2: Quality of written response is satisfactory.

Level 3: Quality of written response is of a high standard.

In interpreting these level descriptions, examiners should refer to the more detailed guidance provided below:

AO1: [5] marks

A [0] mark will be awarded if the answer is inappropriate.

Level 1 (Limited) ([1])

The candidate gives a basic answer with limited description, explanation and analysis using little knowledge and understanding. There is only a limited selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. The organisation of material may lack clarity and coherence. There is little use of specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar may be such that intended meaning is not clear.

Level 2 (Satisfactory) ([2]-[3])

The candidate gives a satisfactory answer with appropriate description, explanation and analysis using some knowledge and understanding. There is a reasonable selection and use of an appropriate form of style and writing. Relevant material is organised with some clarity and coherence. There is some use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently competent to make meaning clear.

Level 3 (High) ([4]-[5])

The candidate gives a competent answer with very good description, explanation and analysis using knowledge and understanding throughout. The candidate successfully selects and uses an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with a high degree of clarity and coherence. There is widespread use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are of a consistently high standard to make meaning clear.

AO2: [5] marks

A [0] mark will be awarded if the answer is inappropriate.

Level 1 (Limited) ([1])

The candidate uses a basic selection of evidence and gives limited reasoned arguments to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. There is a limited selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. The organisation of material may lack clarity and coherence. There is little use of specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar may be such that intended meaning is not clear.

Level 2 (Satisfactory) ([2]-[3])

The candidate uses a satisfactory selection of evidence and gives good reasoned arguments to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. There is a reasonable selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with some clarity and coherence. There is some use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently competent to make meaning clear.

Level 3 (High) ([4]-[5])

The candidate uses a very good selection of evidence and gives well formed and reasoned arguments to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. The candidate successfully selects and uses an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with a high degree of clarity and coherence. There is widespread use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are of a consistently high standard to make meaning clear.

AO2: [10] marks

A [0] mark will be awarded if the answer is inappropriate.

Level 1 (Limited) ([1]-[3])

The candidate uses a basic selection of evidence and gives limited reasoned arguments to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. There is a limited selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. The organisation of material may lack clarity and coherence. There is little use of specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar may be such that intended meaning is not clear.

Level 2 (Satisfactory) ([4]-[7])

The candidate uses a satisfactory selection of evidence and gives good reasoned arguments to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. There is a reasonable selection and use of an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with some clarity and coherence. There is some use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently competent to make meaning clear.

Level 3 (High) ([8]-[10])

The candidate uses a very good selection of evidence and gives well formed and reasoned arguments to express and evaluate personal responses, informed insights and differing viewpoints. The candidate successfully selects and uses an appropriate form and style of writing. Relevant material is organised with a high degree of clarity and coherence. There is widespread use of appropriate specialist vocabulary. Presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar are of a consistently high standard to make meaning clear.

AVAILABLE MARKS

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Answer all questions.

1 Church Festivals

(a)	(i)	Four (AO1)	[1]
	(ii)	Epiphany (AO1)	[1]
	(iii)	Ash Wednesday (AO1)	[1]
	(iv)	Resurrection of Jesus (AO1)	[1]
	(v)	The Day of Pentecost/Whitsun (AO1)	[1]
(b)	• • • Acc	wers may include: A period of time preparing for the events leading up to the death of Jesus and his resurrection Special services are held during Lent so that Christians can reflect on the significance of Jesus' sacrificial death Christians reflect on the time Jesus fasted in the wilderness and they may decide to follow this example and give up something for Lent To set aside extra time for prayer and bible study. ept valid alternatives k in levels	[5]
(c)	Ans • • • Acc	wers may include: Harvest is still an opportunity to thank God for the food we eat and for all that God provides It is an opportunity to remember those who do not have enough food and to do something practical to meet their needs Christians are thanking God that he has fulfilled the promise he made Noah Modern technology and scientific research allows the human race to have a greater control over agriculture. This creates the assumption the God is no longer in control. ept valid alternatives is in levels	to

2 **Christian Worship**

Christian Worship AVAILA					
(a) (i)	Lectern/pulpit (AO1)	[1]			
(ii)	Pulpit/lectern (AO1)	[1]			
(iii)	Font/baptismal pool (AO1)	[1]			
(iv)	Communion table (AO1)	[1]			
(v)	To praise God (AO1)	[1]			
On • • •	swers may include: In some traditions it is celebrated at every act of church worshi least once every Sunday It is the fulfilment of an instruction given by Jesus to the disciple It is a remembrance of the death of Jesus and the significance for Christians today. The bread and the wine represent Jesus' t blood During the service the congregation remember Jesus' suffering death, they celebrate his resurrection and ascension, and they the coming of his kingdom. the other hand: Some traditions only celebrate communion once a month or as as two times a year. Nevertheless when it takes place it height significance of the event Some would see baptism as the key sacrament/ordinance beca bringing a person into the fellowship of the church. It is also a f of a command of Jesus Baptism in the form of believer's baptism is an opportunity to m personal profession of faith Baptism opens the way to the sacrament of communion. sept valid alternatives rk in levels D2)	es of this body and and look for little ens the ause it is ulfilment	15		

3 Worship

AVAILABLE MARKS (a) Answers may include: Prayers of adoration acknowledging the greatness of God Prayers of confession acknowledging the need to seek God's • forgiveness Prayers of thanksgiving acknowledging all that God has done for • individuals Prayers of supplication which can take the form of petition (asking • God to meet our needs) or intercession (praying for the needs of other people). Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1) [5] (b) Answers may include: It is the authoritative Word of God and it gives guidance for living the Christian faith It was inspired by the Holy Spirit • It is a record of God's dealing with people, a revelation of God himself • and his will for mankind It sets out God's plan for salvation • • It contains the lives of key religious figures in both the Old and New Testaments It contains the life of Jesus who is the founder of the Christian faith. • Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1) [5]

- (c) Answers may include:
 - They offer the opportunity for Christians to meet in smaller and personal gatherings in the comfort of their own homes or in a small room in the church
 - They can be catered to the needs of specific types of people, e.g. young people, married couples, men or women
 - They can create the opportunity for Bible teaching and study and prayer or to discuss specific aspects of the Christian faith
 - They can create a more informal atmosphere to build relationships based on trust and openness
 - They replicate the way the early church in the Acts of the Apostles developed
 - They have a more informal and relaxed atmosphere compared to traditional Sunday worship.

On the other hand:

- They can become small powerful groups and this could challenge and cause divisions in the congregation
- Keeping the group membership the same over a period of time can create problems if one or two additional people want to join the original group. They may be seen as a threat to the existing trust and openness
- People may no longer want to attend the Sunday acts of worship
- Membership of the groups need to be continually reviewed and opportunities need to be created for the different groups to be involved in some joint activities.

Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO2)

[5]

15

AVAILABLE MARKS

4 Reformation

- (a) Answers may include:
 - People were unhappy with the Church's attitude to the issue of indulgences
 - Worship was conducted in Latin and many people did not understand what was happening
 - Luther argued that people only became right with God through faith in Christ and not by the good things they tried to do or by paying money to the church
 - Luther nailed a document called Luther's 95 Theses to the door of his church in Wittenberg
 - The Bible needed to be translated into contemporary languages rather than just in Latin.

Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1)

- (b) Answers may include:
 - There are too many denominations competing with each other and the church has become fragmented
 - There are key beliefs which all traditions share in relation to the Trinity and the importance of the Bible
 - They all stress the importance of the teaching on God, Jesus and the Holy Spirit
 - There is major agreement when it comes to moral issues in our society today. Joint campaigns on these would give the church a higher profile
 - Church leaders from the major traditions do meet together on a regular basis but not enough publicity is given to this.

On the other hand:

- Styles of worship and systems of government vary across the major traditions and make coming together difficult
- There are theological differences on matters like baptism
- Too many traditions have been suffering from bad publicity caused by scandals in the church and these need to be dealt with if the church is to survive.

Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO2)

[10]

[5]

Section A

AVAILABLE MARKS

60

Assessment of Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

If the candidate does not answer the question then no SPaG marks are available. If the candidate has attempted to answer the question but produced nothing of credit, SPaG marks may still be awarded.

Threshold performance [1]

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance [2]-[3]

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance [4]–[5]

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

5 Early Church

- (a) Answers may include:
 - The spread of the message of Jesus through preaching and teaching of the apostles
 - The Holy Spirit was active in healing people through the apostles' ability to perform miracles
 - The early Christians met together regularly to pray and to have fellowship
 - They still attended Temple worship but met in their homes to worship God and to have fellowship
 - They shared their possessions with each other and the needy were supported

• Breaking of bread together in obedience to Jesus' instruction. Accept valid alternatives

Mark in levels

(AO1)

[5]

- (b) Answers may include:
 - All genuine gifts come from the Holy Spirit
 - Spiritual gifts always work for good
 - Different people have different gifts, e.g. teaching, preaching, speaking in tongues, interpretation of tongues
 - These gifts should be used to build up the church and not cause division.

Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1)

[5]

(c) Answers may include: AVAILABLE MARKS Fewer people today are involved in the church because they have little or no interest in Christianity Too many people associate church with attending worship on a Sunday • and do not want to commit themselves to a greater involvement because of family and work commitments Few churches organise events which create a real sense of community • People in need today rely on assistance from government agencies • rather than turning to the church • There may be too many churches in a local area and in the end they are competing with each other. On the other hand: Some churches organise home study groups which help to build up a sense of community and togetherness Some run activities that encourages members of the church to work • together to offer support to their local community, e.g. after school clubs, parent and toddler groups, youth clubs Members of the church are involved in leading public worship thus • allowing them to use their gifts for the good of others Members work in teams to organise outreach to the local community. Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO2)

[10]

20

6 The Role of the Church in Contemporary Society

(a) Mark in levels according to the knowledge and understanding shown about the chosen organisation/community/fellowship, e.g. Corrymeela Community, Iona Community. Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1) [5] (b) Answers may include: They want to follow the teaching of Jesus as set out in the Sermon on the Mount. He set guidelines for forgiveness and creating peace They want to create a society where people feel safe and are able to enjoy life A lack of peace and reconciliation leads to anger and bitterness in which people's lives are under threat People living in peaceful surroundings can create a better society They want to create an atmosphere where people of differing traditions can share their faith with each other and have mutual respect for one another. Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1) [5] (c) Answers may include: Creates opportunities to make new friends Churches offer a wide range of activities and clubs, e.g. BB, Scouts, • Guides, youth clubs, football teams They meet leaders who show commitment and are interested in them They have an opportunity to use and develop their skills and gain qualifications They become involved in the life of the church. • On the other hand: Many young people see the church in a negative way due to recent controversies and not being in tune with today's society The church struggles to recruit people who have the experience to work with young people Young people can be reluctant to come to church premises for organised activities because it would appear to be 'uncool' with their peers Churches are not innovative enough to attract the present generation. Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO2) [10] 20

AVAILABLE MARKS

7 Ordination

Ordination				
(a)	Answers may include: Good communication skills, high morals, strong faith, good leadership, commitment. Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1) [5]			
(b)	 Answers may include: They feel that they are called by God to dedicate their lives to him They have the desire to become a minister/pastor To follow the example of Jesus by caring for others Want to spread the Word of God They want to help to create a better world. Accept valid alternatives Mark in levels (AO1) [5] 			
(c)	 Answers may include: God created men and women in his likeness St Paul taught everyone should be treated equally "There is neither Jew nor Gentile, neither slave nor free, nor is there male and female, for you are all one in Christ Jesus." Some of Jesus' closest friends were women Some people feel more comfortable talking to a woman. On the other hand: Jesus chose only men to be his closest disciples In his letter to the Corinthians Paul stated that women should be silent in church and women were not to teach men (1 Tim 2:12) There are many other roles for women in the church not just ordained ministry. Accept valid alternatives			
	Mark in levels (AO2) [10]	20		
	Section B	40		
	SPaG	5		
	Total	105		