

# **General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2010**

Religious Studies
Specification A
Unit 5 St Mark's Gospel

Mark Scheme

405005

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available to download from the AQA Website: www.aqa.org.uk

Copyright © 2010 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

#### **COPYRIGHT**

AQA retains the copyright on all its publications. However, registered centres for AQA are permitted to copy material from this booklet for their own internal use, with the following important exception: AQA cannot give permission to centres to photocopy any material that is acknowledged to a third party even for internal use within the centre.

Set and published by the Assessment and Qualifications Alliance.

# **Methods of Marking**

Difficulties may arise through the use of different methods of marking. It is, therefore, essential that, in fairness to candidates, everyone uses the same methods of marking. The advice given here may seem very obvious, but it will be helpful if everyone follows it as exactly as possible.

- 1. No half marks or bonus marks are to be used under any circumstances.
- 2. Be prepared to award the full range of marks. Do not hesitate to give full marks when the answer merits full marks or to give no marks where there is nothing creditable in an answer.
- 3. Indicate, **by ticking**, where you have awarded a mark for questions where there are no levels. For **levels of response**, examiners must record, in the left-hand margin, the level that has been awarded, e.g. L2, and in the right-hand margin, the mark that has been awarded for the question.
- 4. The numerical mark awarded for **each** response should be indicated in the right-hand margin.
- 5. Do **not** credit material that is irrelevant to the question or to the objective, however impressive that material might be.
- 6. If you are wavering as to whether or not to award a mark, the criterion should be, 'Is the candidate nearer those who have given a correct answer or those who have little idea?'
- 7. Refer constantly to the mark scheme throughout marking. It is extremely important that it is strictly adhered to.
- 8. Remember, the key to good and fair marking is **consistency**. Do **not** change your marking style once you have started sending scripts to AQA.



# **Levels of Response Marking**

In GCSE Religious Studies, differentiation is largely achieved by outcome on the basis of candidates' responses. To facilitate this, levels of response marking has been devised for many questions.

Levels of response marking requires a quite different approach from the examiner than the traditional 'point for point' marking. It is essential that the **whole response is read** and then **allocated to the level** it best fits.

The **assessed level** of response to each part of each question must be indicated in the left-hand margin (L1, L2, etc.), leaving the right-hand margin for the numerical award.

If a candidate demonstrates knowledge, understanding and / or evaluation at a certain level, he / she must be credited at that level. **Length** of response or **literary ability** should **not be confused with genuine religious studies skills**. For example, a short answer which shows a high level of conceptual ability must be credited at that level. (If there is a band of marks allocated to a level, discrimination should be made with reference to the development of the answer.)

Levels are tied to specific skills. Examiners should **refer to the stated assessment target** objective of a question (see mark scheme) when there is any doubt as to the relevance of a candidate's response.

Levels of response mark schemes include either **examples** of possible candidates' responses or **material** which they might use. These are intended as a **guide** only. It is anticipated that candidates will produce a wide range of responses to each question.

It is a feature of levels of response mark schemes that examiners are prepared to reward fully, responses which are obviously valid and of high ability but do not conform exactly to the requirements of a particular level. This should only be necessary occasionally and where this occurs examiners must indicate, by a brief written explanation, why their assessment does not conform to the levels of response laid down in the mark scheme. Such scripts should be referred to the Principal Examiner.

# **Assessment of Quality of Written Communication**

Quality of written communication will be assessed in all components and in relation to all assessment objectives. Where candidates are required to produce extended written material in English, they will be assessed on the quality of written communication. There will no longer be a separate mark awarded to the candidate for accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar. Instead, the quality of written communication skills of the candidate will be one of the factors influencing the actual mark awarded within the level of response. In reading an extended response, the examiner will therefore consider if it is cogently and coherently written, i.e. decide whether the answer:

- presents relevant information in a form that suits its purposes;
- is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate, so that meaning is clear;
- is suitably structured and that the style of writing is appropriate.



# Candidates will be given credit for reference to diversity in belief and practice within Christianity.

#### Part A

#### A1 Jesus' Ministry

(a) Outline what happened at the baptism of Jesus.

#### Target: Knowledge of the baptism of Jesus

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   |
|---------|---|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                   | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                 | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple |         |
|         | points.   | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                      | 3 marks |

| Mark 1:9-12   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| RSV   | NIV  | GNB   |
| In those days Jesus came from Nazareth of Galilee and was baptized by John in the Jordan. <sup>10</sup> And when he came up out of the water, immediately he saw the heavens opened and the Spirit descending upon him like a dove; <sup>11</sup> and a voice came from heaven, "Thou are my beloved Son; with thee I am well pleased." | At that time Jesus came from Nazareth in Galilee and was baptised by John in the Jordan. <sup>10</sup> As Jesus was coming up out of the water, he saw heaven being torn open and the Spirit descending on him like a dove. <sup>11</sup> And a voice came from heaven: "You are my Son, whom I love; with you I am well pleased." | Not long afterwards Jesus came from the province of Galilee and was baptized by John in the Jordan. <sup>10</sup> As soon as Jesus came up out of the water, he saw heaven opening and the Spirit coming down on him like a dove. <sup>11</sup> And a voice came from heaven, "You are my own dear Son. I am pleased with you." |

For Level 3, 3 marks, answer must include either/or the dove / spirit / voice from heaven / words.

(3 marks) AO1

# (b) At the Transfiguration Moses and Elijah appeared. What is their importance in the story?

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of the Transfiguration

#### **Moses**

A sign of the law / Jesus a second Moses / the old covenant.

#### Flijah

A sign of the prophets of the Old Testament / Jesus in that tradition.

Candidates may deal with both characters with similar explanations. Or offer an explanation which emphasises the religious importance of the event.

One mark each for a correctly identified meaning.



(c) 'Christians today cannot deal with temptation as well as Jesus did.'

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view.

**Target: Evaluation of Christian attitudes to temptation** 

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication   |
|---------|---|---------|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.   |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks | meaning.   |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar                                 |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.   |

Do not award above Level 4 if there is no reference to Christians today.



#### Agree

Christians cannot deal with temptation as they are not the Son of God / Jesus' temptations were obvious / the world is more complicated now / temptations are more obvious / Christians are human and will give in / there is more materialism in the world today.

#### Other views

Christians can pray for strength to overcome temptation / if they follow Christianity they will get the support of the Holy Spirit / other Christians can help them overcome temptation / Christians can follow the example of other Christians who have resisted temptation.

Other appropriate responses will be credited.

(6 marks) AO2

#### A2 The Person of Jesus

(a)(i) Describe briefly how the paralysed man was brought to Jesus.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of the text of Mark

Four friends / brought him on a stretcher / broke open the roof / lowered him down / to avoid the crowd.

Any two.

(2 marks) AO1

(a)(ii) Explain briefly why the religious leaders criticised Jesus.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of criticism of Jesus

Jesus speaking wrongly / blasphemy / only God can forgive sins.

One mark for simple point or superficial comment.

Two marks for two simple points or one point with development.

Credit answers taken from the Gospel as a whole if appropriate.

(2 marks) AO1



7

### (b) "The Son of Man" is the best title for Jesus."

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view. Refer to Mark's Gospel in your answer.

Target: Evaluation of the importance of the title Son of Man

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication   |  |
|---------|---|---------|--|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.  |  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.   |  |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.  |  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure meaning. |  |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks |  |  |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar   |  |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.   |  |



#### **Agree**

Son of Man is a messianic title / if Son of Man means 'a man' then there would be no problem in Jesus using it / Jesus was the Messiah so was entitled to use it / Jesus was avoiding using another messianic title to protect him from his enemies until the time was right / he was teaching the disciples to understand his nature as messiah / messianic secrecy theme in Mark / Jesus' favourite title for himself / OT references.

#### Other views

. . . . . . . .

0-11--1-

People could have misunderstood and think that Jesus was not what he seemed / it made his enemies more angry with him / other titles are clearer for believers to understand / Son of God is a better title because it links directly to God and can give hope.

Other appropriate responses will be credited.

(6 marks) AO2

NA - -- I - --

(c) 'It was dangerous to call Jesus "The Christ" ("The Messiah").'

What do you think? Explain your opinion.

Target: Evaluation of the possible effects of the use of the messianic title of Jesus

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   |
|---------|---|---------|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.            | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.                       | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple   |         |
|         | reasons.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several |         |
|         | simple reasons.   | 3 marks |

#### Candidates may include some of the following points:

Jesus could be in danger of arrest/death / the disciples also could have been in danger / publicly claiming that Jesus was the Messiah could be blasphemy / Jesus had tried to keep the messianic secret / disciples may have misunderstood and expected Jesus to be military Messiah / mission ended too soon / crazy or mad.

Credit any other correct reference to the title being used in Mark other than Peter at Caesarea Philippi, e.g. Legion / Mob.



## A3 Discipleship

(a) Describe the conversation when Jesus was asked which was the most important commandment.

Target: To demonstrate knowledge of Jesus' teaching on the greatest commandment

| Levels  | Criteria   | Marks   |
|---------|--|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                      | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                    | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple    |         |
|         | points.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                         | 3 marks |
| Level 4 | A clear knowledge and understanding with some development. |         |
|         |  | 4 marks |

| Mark 12 <sup>29-34</sup>                  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| RSV                                       | NIV                                      | GNB  |
| <sup>29</sup> Jesus answered, "The first  | <sup>29</sup> "The most important one,"  | <sup>29</sup> Jesus replied, "The most       |
| is, 'Hear, O Israel: The Lord             | answered Jesus, "is this:                | important one is this: 'Listen,              |
| our God, the Lord is one;                 | 'Hear, O Israel, the Lord our            | Israel! The Lord our God is the              |
| <sup>30</sup> and you shall love the Lord | God, the Lord is one. 30 Love            | only Lord. <sup>30</sup> Love the Lord your  |
| your God with all your heart,             | the Lord your God with all               | God with all your heart, with all            |
| and with all your soul, and               | your heart and with all your             | your soul, with all your mind, and           |
| with all your mind, and with all          | soul and with all your mind              | with all your strength.' <sup>31</sup> The   |
| your strength.' 31The second              | and with all your strength.              | second most important                        |
| is this, 'You shall love your             | <sup>31</sup> 'The second is this: 'Love | commandment is this: 'Love your              |
| neighbour as yourself.' There             | your neighbour as yourself.'             | neighbour as you love yourself.'             |
| is no other commandment                   | There is no commandment                  | There is no other commandment                |
| greater than these." 32 And the           | greater than these."                     | more important than these two."              |
| scribe said to him, "You are              | <sup>32</sup> "Well said, teacher," the  | <sup>32</sup> The teacher of the Law said to |
| right, Teacher; you have truly            | man replied. "You are right in           | Jesus, "Well done, Teacher! It is            |
| said that he is one, and                  | saying that God is one and               | true, as you say, that only the              |
| besides him there is no                   | there is no other but him.               | Lord is God and that there is no             |
| other"; 33 and "to love him with          | <sup>33</sup> To love him with all your  | other god but he. 33And man                  |
| all the heart, and with all the           | heart, with all your                     | must love God with all his heart             |
| understanding, and with all               | understanding and with all               | and with all his mind and with all           |
| the strength, and to love                 | your strength, and to love               | his strength; and he must love               |
| one's neighbour as oneself is             | your neighbour as yourself is            | his neighbour as he loves                    |
| much more than all whole                  | more important than all burnt            | himself. It is more important to             |
| burnt-offerings and                       | offerings and sacrifices."               | obey these two commandments                  |
| sacrifices." 34When Jesus                 | <sup>34</sup> When Jesus saw that he     | than to offer animals and other              |
| saw that he answered wisely,              | had answered wisely, he said             | sacrifices to God."                          |
| he said to him, 'You are not              | to him, "You are not far from            | <sup>34</sup> Jesus noticed how wise his     |
| far from the kingdom of God."             | the kingdom of God."                     | answer was, and so he told him,              |
|   |  | "You are not far from the                    |
|   |  | Kingdom of God."                             |
|   |  |  |



# (b) 'The example of the widow in the treasury shows that all Christians should be poor.'

What do you think? Explain your opinion.

#### Target: To evaluate the implication of Jesus' teaching on charity

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   |
|---------|---|---------|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.            | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.                       | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple   |         |
|         | reasons.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several |         |
|         | simple reasons.   | 3 marks |

#### Candidates may include some of the following points:

The widow gave all she had so Christians should follow her example / Jesus lived his life with no possessions / many Christians live without many possessions and give generously to charity / it is not realistic in today's world / we live in an economy which is based on possessions / Jesus was saying that we should not be so obsessed by possessions and be prepared to give up everything / the story is not about giving it is included to show Jesus criticising religious leaders.

Other appropriate responses will be credited.

(3 marks) AO2

# (c) Explain, using an example, how a Christian today can demonstrate self-sacrifice as a disciple of Jesus.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of Christian discipleship today

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   |
|---------|---|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                     | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                   | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple   |         |
|         | points.   | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                        | 3 marks |
| Level 4 | A clear knowledge and understanding with some development |         |
|         | and / or analysis.  | 4 marks |

#### Candidates may include some of the following points:

People give up wealthy lifestyles to serve abroad / people give to charity / some become religious leaders and have little or no income / some give time to those in need or the church / some do not marry and choose a life of celibacy / Lent.

An example might be Martin Luther King who ultimately died for his commitment to civil rights. Other "famous" Christians may be mentioned, or a Christian known to the candidate.



#### A4 Background to St Mark's Gospel

(a) Describe the reaction of the disciples to Jesus calming the storm.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of the reaction to one of Jesus' miracles

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   |
|---------|---|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                   | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                 | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple |         |
|         | points.   | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                      | 3 marks |

| Mark 4 <sup>40-41</sup>  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| RSV  | NIV  | GNB  |
| He said to them, "Why are you afraid? Have you no faith?" <sup>41</sup> And they were filled with awe, and said to one another, "Who then is this, | He said to his disciples, "Why are you so afraid? Do you still have no faith?" <sup>41</sup> They were terrified and asked each other, "Who is | Then Jesus said to his disciples, "Why are you frightened? Have you still no faith?" <sup>41</sup> But they were terribly afraid and said to one |
| that even the wind and sea obey him?"  | this? Even the wind and waves obey him!"   | another, "Who is this man? Even the wind and waves obey him!"  |

Fear / questioning / who is this? / amazement / wind and waves obey/shock/awe.

Any three or two with development. Award nothing to references before the calming.

(3 marks) AO1

#### (b) Explain two reasons why Mark's Gospel was written.

# Target: To demonstrate knowledge of the reasons for Mark's Gospel being written

To preserve the narratives of Jesus' life / to support persecuted Christians / to preserve Peter's memories / to teach Christians about Jesus' ministry / to persuade people to accept Christian teaching / the early Christians were dying out and the tradition needed to be kept / divine inspiration.

Any two with an explanation of importance. Other acceptable reasons will be credited.



(c) 'Mark's Gospel might have helped persecuted Christians in the past but it does not help Christians today.'

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view.

Target: To evaluate of the role of the Gospel in Christian belief

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication  |  |
|---------|---|---------|---|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.   |  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.  |  |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.   |  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure |  |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks | meaning.  |  |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar                                |  |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.  |  |



#### **Agree**

The Christian message was new and exciting so encouraging / people believed in the promise of life after death more easily in the past / the resurrection narrative was still in living memory / people seemed to be less sceptical about miracles / believers were being persecuted actively, they are not now in many parts of the world.

#### Other views

Christians are persecuted in many parts of the world today / people still treat the Gospel as new to them and can be encouraged by the stories of Jesus' ministry / miracles still happen and can give hope to Christians in difficult situations / the teaching on life after death and resurrection will help people to have hope.

Other acceptable responses will be credited.



#### Part B

### B5 Jesus' Relationship with others

## (a) Describe the healing of blind Bartimaeus.

## Target: to demonstrate knowledge of a healing miracle of Jesus

| Levels  | Criteria   | Marks   |
|---------|--|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                        | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                      | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple      |         |
|         | points.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                           | 3 marks |
| Level 4 | A clear knowledge and understanding with some development    |         |
|         | and / or analysis.   | 4 marks |
|         | A detailed answer with some development and / or analysis.   | 5 marks |
| Level 6 | A full and coherent answer showing good development and / or |         |
|         | analysis.  | 6 marks |

If answer refers to the wrong incident, award a maximum of Level 2.

| Mark 10 <sup>46-52</sup>                                  |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| RSV   | NIV   | GNB  |
| And they came to Jericho;                                 | Then they came to Jericho.                              | They came to Jericho, and                          |
| and as he was leaving                                     | As Jesus and his disciples,                             | as Jesus was leaving with                          |
| Jericho with his disciples and                            | together with a large crowd,                            | his disciples and a large                          |
| a great multitude, Bartimaeus                             | were leaving the city, a blind                          | crowd, a blind beggar named                        |
| a blind beggar, the son of                                | man, Bartimaeus (that is,                               | Bartimaeus son of Timaeus                          |
| Timaeus was sitting by the                                | the Son of Timaeus), was                                | was sitting by the road.                           |
| roadside. <sup>47</sup> And when he                       | sitting by the roadside                                 | <sup>47</sup> When he heard that it was            |
| heard that it was Jesus of                                | begging. <sup>47</sup> When he heard                    | Jesus of Nazareth, he began                        |
| Nazareth, he began to cry out                             | that it was Jesus of                                    | to shout, "Jesus! Son of                           |
| and say, "Jesus, Son of                                   | Nazareth, he began to                                   | David! Take pity on me!"                           |
| David, have mercy on me!"                                 | shout, "Jesus, Son of David,                            | <sup>48</sup> Many of the people                   |
| <sup>48</sup> And many rebuked him,                       | have mercy on me!"                                      | scolded him and told him to                        |
| telling him to be silent; but he                          | <sup>48</sup> Many rebuked him and                      | be quiet. But he shouted                           |
| cried out all the more, "Son of David, have mercy on me!" | told him to be quiet, but he shouted all the more, "Son | even more loudly, "Son of David, take pity on me!" |
| <sup>49</sup> And Jesus stopped and                       | of David, have mercy on                                 | <sup>49</sup> Jesus stopped and said,              |
| said, "Call him." And they                                | me!" <sup>49</sup> Jesus stopped and                    | "Call him." So they called                         |
| called the blind man, saying                              | said, "Call him." So they                               | the blind man. "Cheer up!"                         |
| to him, "Take heart; rise, he is                          | called to the blind man,                                | they said. "Get up, he is                          |
| calling you." <sup>50</sup> And throwing                  | "Cheer up! On your feet!                                | calling you." <sup>50</sup> He threw off           |
| off his mantle he sprang up                               | He's calling you."                                      | his cloak, jumped up, and                          |
| and came to Jesus. <sup>51</sup> And                      | <sup>50</sup> Throwing his cloak aside,                 | came to Jesus. "What do                            |
| Jesus said to him, "What do                               | he jumped to his feet and                               | you want me to do for you?"                        |
| you want me to do for you?"                               | came to Jesus. 51 What do                               | Jesus asked him. "Teacher,"                        |
| And the blind man said to                                 | you want me to do for you?"                             | the blind man answered, "I                         |
| him, "Master, let me receive                              | Jesus asked him. The blind                              | want to see again." 52"Go,"                        |
| my sight." <sup>52</sup> And Jesus said                   | man said, "Rabbi, I want to                             | Jesus told him, "your faith                        |
| to him, "Go your way; your                                | see." <sup>52</sup> "Go," said Jesus,                   | has made you well." At once                        |
| faith has made you well."                                 | "your faith has healed you."                            | he was able to see and                             |
| And immediately he received                               | Immediately he received his                             | followed Jesus on the road.                        |
| his sight and followed him on                             | sight and followed Jesus                                |  |
| the way.  | along the road.   |  |



## (b) 'Jesus only cured people who had faith in him.'

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view. Refer to Mark's Gospel in your answer.

Target: To evaluate the healing miracles of Jesus

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication   |
|---------|---|---------|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.   |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks | meaning.   |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar                                 |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.   |



#### **Agree**

In most of the miracle stories faith is shown / by the person needing curing / e.g. woman with haemorrhage / blind man / Jesus asked the man with the withered hand what he wanted / the people believed first / Legion (Mob) recognised Jesus' power to drive out the demons and make him well / at the beginning of his ministry people came to him from the city,

#### Other views

Jesus cured when he saw need / Jairus showed faith not his daughter / the Greek woman showed the faith not her daughter / Jesus would not perform a miracle for the Pharisees to prove his power.

Some candidates may take the opportunity to question whether the miracles happened at all and state that they are not valid so the statement is by definition wrong.

All appropriate responses will be credited.

(6 marks) AO2

#### (c) Jesus mixed with tax collectors and sinners. Explain why this is important.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of the life of Jesus

| Levels  | Criteria   | Marks   |
|---------|--|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                        | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                      | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple      |         |
|         | points.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                           | 3 marks |
| Level 4 | A clear knowledge and understanding with some development    |         |
|         | and / or analysis.   | 4 marks |
| Level 5 | A detailed answer with some development and / or analysis.   | 5 marks |
| Level 6 | A full and coherent answer showing good development and / or |         |
|         | analysis.  | 6 marks |

#### Candidates may include some of the following points:

Jesus came to call sinners not the righteous / his message was to get people to change their ways / God loved everyone equally / not just those who were religious leaders had a right to hear the good news / people could be forgiven / he was able to demonstrate that the so called hypocrites were wrong in their attitudes / tax collectors were able to be part of Jesus' group. It did cause him some problems in that the scribes and Pharisees criticised him for associating with sinners and tax collectors. Candidates may refer to Mark 2<sup>13-17</sup>: call of Levi the tax collector, eating with sinners, call the sick not the righteous.

Some candidates may make the link between illness and sin and could refer to Jesus being with those with leprosy. This may be credited as long as they relate it to sin.



# (d) 'Jesus had no right to clear the Temple.'

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view.

Target: to demonstrate the ability to evaluate an action of Jesus

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication   |
|---------|---|---------|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.   |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks | meaning.   |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar                                 |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.   |



#### **Agree**

Jesus had no authority to interfere in the religious practices of the day / he was not a priest so had no authority in the Temple area / he was storing up trouble for himself so should have been less authoritative / he was potentially being violent yet he had taught that people should be peaceful through the entry into Jerusalem / people did not all accepted his claim to be the messiah / not his place to clear the Temple.

#### Other views

Jesus saw the Temple as a house of prayer / it was not a market place / the Temple was not fulfilling its purpose / Jesus as Son of God had a right to clear God's house / it was for all nations not just Jews keeping the sacrificial cult alive / it had become a den of robbers / cleansing of the temple was an Old Testament sign of the messianic age.

Other appropriate responses will be credited.



#### B6 Jesus' Suffering, Death and Resurrection

#### (a) Give an account of the anointing at Bethany.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of an incident in Jesus' life

| Levels  | Criteria   | Marks   |
|---------|--|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                        | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                      | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple      |         |
|         | points.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                           | 3 marks |
| Level 4 | A clear knowledge and understanding with some development    |         |
|         | and / or analysis.   | 4 marks |
| Level 5 | A detailed answer with some development and / or analysis.   | 5 marks |
| Level 6 | A full and coherent answer showing good development and / or |         |
|         | analysis.  | 6 marks |

#### Mark 14<sup>3-9</sup> **RSV** NIV **GNB** While he was at Bethany in While he was in Bethany, Jesus was in Bethany at the the house of Simon the reclining at the table in the house of Simon, a man who leper, as he sat at table, a home of a man known as had suffered from a dreaded woman came with an skin disease. While Jesus was Simon the Leper, a woman alabaster jar of ointment of came with an alabaster jar eating, a woman came in with pure nard, very costly and of very expensive perfume, an alabaster jar full of a very she broke the jar and made of pure nard. She expensive perfume made of poured the ointment over broke the jar and poured pure nard. She broke the jar his head. <sup>4</sup>But some were the perfume on his head. and poured the perfume on there who said to one Jesus' head. <sup>4</sup>Some of the <sup>4</sup>Some of those present another in anger, 'Why was were saying indignantly to people there became angry the ointment wasted in this one another, "Why this and said to one another, "What way? <sup>5</sup>For this ointment waste of perfume? 5It could was the use of wasting the perfume? <sup>5</sup>It could have been might have been sold for have been sold for more sold for more than three more than three hundred than a year's wages and denarii, and the money the money given to the hundred silver coins and the given to the poor.' And they poor." And they rebuked money given to the poor!" And scolded her. <sup>6</sup>But Jesus her harshly. 6"Leave her they criticized her harshly. said, 'Let her alone; why do alone," said Jesus. "Why <sup>6</sup>But Jesus said, "Leave her you trouble her? She has are you bothering her? She alone! Why are you bothering performed a good service has done a beautiful thing her? She has done a fine and for me. <sup>7</sup>For you always to me. <sup>7</sup>The poor you will beautiful thing for me. <sup>7</sup>You have the poor with you, and always have with you, and will always have poor people vou can show kindness to vou can help them any time with you, and any time you them whenever you wish; you want. But you will not want to, you can help them. but you will not always have always have me. 8She did But you will not always have me. 8She has done what me. 8She did what she could; what she could. She she could: she has anointed poured perfume on my she poured perfume on my my body beforehand for its body beforehand to prepare body to prepare it ahead of for my burial. 9I tell you the burial. <sup>9</sup>Truly I tell you, time for burial. <sup>9</sup>Now, I assure wherever the good news is truth, wherever the gospel you that wherever the gospel proclaimed in the whole is preached throughout the is preached all over the world, world, what she has done world, what she has done what she has done will be told will also be told, in memory will be told in remembrance in memory of her." of her.' of her."



(b) 'Jesus did not need to pray in Gethsemane because he knew he had to die.'

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view.

Target: To evaluate the nature of prayer

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication   |  |
|---------|---|---------|--|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.  |  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.   |  |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.  |  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spellir punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure |  |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks | meaning.   |  |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar                               |  |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.   |  |



#### **Agree**

Although Jesus prayed that the hour would pass – it did not / asked God to remove the cup but he did not / Jesus was then arrested and the process to crucifixion began / some people believe that their prayers are not answered because they do not get what they pray for / Jesus was praying for the wrong thing; he should have prayed for strength to face his trial and death.

#### Other views

Jesus believed that prayer was an essential part of the religious life / he would understand that answer to prayer can be 'no' / he encouraged his disciples to pray so he felt it was important to pray / prayer was part of some healings so he recognised that he needed to pray / prayer is important to those facing real difficulties in trying to understand that it does not just take the difficulties away / he had predicted his death so the prayer must have been a way of expressing his sense of vulnerability rather than a straight request for God to change his mind.

Other acceptable responses will be credited.



#### (c) Describe what the women saw and heard when they visited the tomb of Jesus.

#### Target: To demonstrate knowledge of the resurrection narrative

| Levels  | Criteria   | Marks   |
|---------|--|---------|
| 0       | Nothing relevant or worthy of credit.                        | 0 marks |
| Level 1 | Something relevant or worthy of credit.                      | 1 mark  |
| Level 2 | Elementary knowledge and understanding, e.g. two simple      |         |
|         | points.  | 2 marks |
| Level 3 | Sound knowledge and understanding.                           | 3 marks |
| Level 4 | A clear knowledge and understanding with some development    |         |
|         | and / or analysis.   | 4 marks |
| Level 5 | A detailed answer with some development and / or analysis.   | 5 marks |
| Level 6 | A full and coherent answer showing good development and / or |         |
|         | analysis.  | 6 marks |

#### Mark 16<sup>1-7</sup> **RSV** NIV **GNB** After the Sabbath was over, When the Sabbath was over, After the Sabbath was over, Mary Magdalene, and Mary Mary Magdalene, Mary the Mary Magdalene, Mary the the mother of James, and mother of James, and mother of James, and Salome bought spices, to go Salome bought spices so Salome bought spices to go and anoint the body of that they might go to anoint and anoint the body of Jesus. <sup>2</sup>Very early Sunday Jesus' body. <sup>2</sup>Very early on Jesus. Very early on morning at sunrise, they the first day of the week, just Sunday morning, at sunrise, went to the tomb. 3On the they went to the tomb. 3-4On after sunrise, they were on way they said to one their way to the tomb <sup>3</sup>and the way they said to one another, 'Who will roll away another, "Who will roll away they asked each other, "Who the stone for us from the will roll the stone away from the stone for us from the the entrance of the tomb?" entrance of the tomb?' entrance to the tomb?" (It Then they looked up and <sup>4</sup>But when they looked up, was a very large stone.) saw that the stone had they saw that the stone, Then they looked up and already been rolled back. which was very large, had saw that the stone had <sup>5</sup>So they entered the tomb, been rolled away. 5As they already been rolled back. entered the tomb, they saw a <sup>5</sup>So they entered the tomb, where they saw a young man sitting on the right side, young man dressed in a where they saw a young wearing a white robe - and white robe sitting on the right man sitting on the right, they were alarmed. 6'Don't side, and they were alarmed. wearing a white robe—and they were alarmed. 6"Don't be alarmed; I know you are °"Don't be alarmed," he said. looking for Jesus of be alarmed," he said. "I "You are looking for Jesus Nazareth, who was crucified. the Nazarene, who was know you are looking for He is not here; He has been crucified. He has risen! He Jesus of Nazareth, who was is not here. See the place raised; look here in the place crucified. He is not here - he where they put him. <sup>7</sup>Now go where they laid him. <sup>7</sup>But go, has been raised! Look, here and give this message to his tell his disciples and Peter, is the place where they put disciples including Peter He 'He is going ahead of you him. 'Now go and give this is going ahead of you to into Galilee. There you will message to his disciples, Galilee; there you will see see him, just as he told including Peter: 'He is going him, just as he told you.' you." to Galilee ahead of you; there you will see him, just as he told you."



(d) "The women went out and fled from the tomb. They said nothing to anyone, because they were afraid." This is not a good ending to Mark's Gospel.'

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer, showing that you have thought about more than one point of view.

Target: To demonstrate an understanding of the end of Mark's gospel

| Levels  | Criteria  | Marks   | Quality of Written Communication   |
|---------|---|---------|--|
| 0       | Unsupported opinion or no relevant evaluation.  | 0 marks | The candidate's presentation, spelling, punctuation and grammar seriously obstruct understanding.  |
| Level 1 | Opinion supported by simple reason.   | 1 mark  | The candidate presents some relevant information in a simple form.   |
| Level 2 | Opinion supported by one developed reason or two simple reasons.  | 2 marks | The text produced is usually legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar allow meaning to be derived, although errors are sometimes obstructive.  |
| Level 3 | Opinion supported by one well developed reason or several simple reasons. N.B. Candidates who make no religious comment should not achieve more than Level 3.                                       | 3 marks | The candidate presents relevant information in a way which assists with the communication of meaning. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar are sufficiently accurate not to obscure |
| Level 4 | Opinion supported by two developed reasons with reference to religion.  | 4 marks | meaning.   |
| Level 5 | Evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view, showing informed insights and knowledge and understanding of religion.  | 5 marks | The candidate presents relevant information coherently, employing structure and style to render meaning clear. The text produced is legible. Spelling, punctuation and grammar                                 |
| Level 6 | A well-argued response, with evidence of reasoned consideration of two different points of view showing informed insights and ability to apply knowledge and understanding of religion effectively. | 6 marks | are sufficiently accurate to render meaning clear.   |



#### **Agree**

The early Christians did not feel that the Gospel should end at Mark 16<sup>8</sup> and added verses / it was important to include some post resurrection appearances to emphasise that Jesus had risen from the dead / without the extended end there would no commission to the disciples / it gave an opportunity to include the narrative of the Ascension / needed a happy / victorious ending, not a fearful one.

#### Other views

Not all the ancient texts include anything beyond verse eight / some texts do not go beyond verse 14 so there is a debate there / the end of verse eight "for they were afraid" is a dramatic end / it is a realistic end in that it is conceivable that they would be afraid however, it would not help the persecuted Christians though and some think that the end has been lost. The manuscript may have been torn / Mark may have died before completing the manuscript / the ending may have been removed for various reasons / could have been a form of challenge to the early Church to be the happy ending.

Other acceptable responses will be credited.

(6 marks) AO2

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COPYRIGHT-HOLDERS AND PUBLISHERS

Scriptures and additional materials quoted from the  $Good\ News\ Bible\ {\mathbb O}$  1994 published by the Bible Society.  $Good\ News\ Bible\ {\mathbb O}$  American Bible Society 1966, 1971, 1976, 1992. Used with permission

Revised Standard Version of the Bible, copyright 1952 [2<sup>nd</sup> edition 1971] by the Division of Christian Education of the National Council of the Churches od Christ in the United States of America. Used by permission. All rights reserved

Scripture taken from the Holy Bible, New International Version @. Copyright @ 1973, 1978, 1984 Biblica. Used by permission of Zondervan. All rights reserved

