| | | ow before ente | ring your candidate information |
|---|-----|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Candidate surname | | | Other names |
| Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1) | Cen | tre Number | Candidate Number |
| Time 40 minutes and 5 minutes reading time | | Paper reference | 1PG0/1H |
| Portuguese PAPER 1: Listening an | d u | nderstar | nding in Portuguese |
| | | | |
| | | | Higher Tier |

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions in Sections A and B.
- Questions in Section A are set in Portuguese.
- Questions in Section B are set in English.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- You must **not** use a dictionary, but in some questions translations are provided for a few words that were not included in the Specification vocabulary lists.

Information

- You have 5 minutes to read through the paper before the first extract starts.
- You may make notes during these 5 minutes.
- You will hear the extract twice. You may write at any time during the test. There will be a pause between each question.
- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Good luck with your examination.

Turn over ▶



(1)

(Total for Question 1 = 5 marks)

SECTION A

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

As ambições dos jovens

1 Um professor na universidade local fala das ambições dos seus estudantes.

Complete cada uma das frases com as palavras da caixa. Nem todas as palavras deverão ser utilizadas.

| claro | com | diferente | ainda |
|----------|-----|-----------|----------------------|
| ser | já | continuar | não |
| trabalho | sem | ambiente | aspiração |
| | | | |

| Exemplo: Um bom emprego é a | aspiração | de muitos estudantes. | |
|--|-------------|--|-------|
| (a) No passado o mundo do trabalho era | | ······································ | (1) |
| (b) Um bom salário | é important | e. | (1) |
| (c) Uma empresa com um bom | | seria ideal. | (1) |
| (d) Muitos estudantes esperam | 6 | a aprender. | (1) |
| | | | (- / |

(e) Querem colegasideias semelhantes.

fator = factor



As boas causas

2 Quatro alunos falam sobre as boas causas.

Escolha entre as palavras seguintes: **positivo**, **inútil**, **prático** e **complicado**. Cada palavra poderá ser usada várias vezes.

Exemplo: (Carlos fala)

- (d) O Miguel acha que apoiar as boas causas pode ser

(Total for Question 2 = 5 marks)

(2)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 10 MARKS

teorias = theories



SECTION B

How to improve your reading

3 Miguel is creating a podcast in which he gives advice on how to improve your reading.

Listen to the recording and complete the sentences by putting a cross \boxtimes in the correct box for each question.

Example: A feeling of tiredness when reading is experienced by...

| × | A a few people. |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| × | B everyone. |
| \boxtimes | C many people. |
| × | D most young people. |

(i) You can be motivated to read more if you ensure that...

| × | A you are comfortable with what you are reading. |
|---|--|
| × | B you feel at ease in the room where you are reading. |
| × | C your reading material is illuminating. |
| X | D your room is dimly lit. |

(ii) Keeping your mobile phone with you while you read...

| X | A is the most important rule. |
|---|----------------------------------|
| × | B is to be avoided. |
| × | C is a matter of choice. |
| × | D is sometimes necessary. |

(iii) If you turn your phone off while you are reading you can...

■ A miss important messages.
 ■ B easily go back to it later.
 ■ C be tempted to turn it back on.
 ■ D get used to doing without it.

(iv) If you listen to music while you read...

- A you will be distracted.
- **B** you might give it equal attention.
- C you can block out other noise.
- D you should choose music you are familiar with.

(Total for Question 3 = 4 marks)

espaços = spaces



A visit to a recycling plant

4 Paulo and Olívia have visited a recycling plant as part of a school project. They post their experiences in a video on YouTube.

Listen to the recording and put a cross \boxtimes in each one of the **three** correct boxes.

| \bowtie | Example: The visit took place the day before yesterday. |
|-------------|--|
| \boxtimes | A Paulo's eyes were opened to different ways to recycle. |
| \boxtimes | B Paulo spoke to various employees at the recycling plant. |
| \boxtimes | C The plant recycles discarded paper. |
| \boxtimes | D Recycled paper is cheaper than 'new' paper. |
| \boxtimes | E More than a million people worldwide are involved in this industry. |
| × | F Olívia believes we can all still play a part in saving the planet. |
| × | G According to Olívia, it is too late to help the environment. |

(Total for Question 4 = 3 marks)

BLANK PAGE QUESTION 5 BEGINS ON THE NEXT PAGE



A visit to the colonial 'roças' of São Tomé

5 In their video blog, Dinis and Teresa talk about their visit to the island of São Tomé and its old country houses, known as 'roças'.

What do they say?

Listen to the recording and put a cross \boxtimes in the correct box for each question.

Example: Teresa recommends a visit of...

| \boxtimes | A at least a week. |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| X | B no more than a week. |
| X | C less than a week. |
| × | D at least a fortnight. |

(i) Most of the 'roças' of São Tomé are...

| X | A | in the countryside. |
|---|---|---------------------|
| × | В | still functioning. |
| X | c | quite modern. |
| X | D | abandoned. |

(ii) Dinis and Teresa went to a 'roça' where coffee...

| X | A was unavailable. |
|---|---------------------------|
| X | B was being grown. |
| X | C was being sold. |
| X | D was free. |

(iii) Dinis and Teresa...

| × | Α | differed in their opinion of the local food. |
|---|---|--|
| × | В | found the local food difficult to eat. |
| × | c | had difficulty in finding any local food to try. |
| X | D | disliked the local food. |

(Total for Question 5 = 3 marks)

gama surpreendente = surprising range



A Brazilian teacher speaks about her job

6 You hear on the radio a young Brazilian teacher, Clarice, being interviewed about her profession.

Listen to the interview and answer the following questions in English.

(a) What do most teachers have in common?

(1)

(b) Why did Clarice have to think hard before deciding to become a teacher? Give **one** reason.

(1)

(c) (i) What do many Brazilian teachers need to do to make ends meet?

(1)

(ii) How does their work suffer as a consequence? Give **one** example.

(1)

(d) Why do teachers not leave the profession?

(1)

(Total for Question 6 = 5 marks)

árduo = difficult arrependo = regret desvalorizados = undervalued



Languages and the world of work

| 7 | On a language learning website you come across an interview with a Brazilian |
|---|--|
| | employment expert. |

Listen to the interview and answer the following questions in English.

(a) According to the data, what impact can speaking English have on a person's salary?

(1)

(b) What businesses want employees to know a foreign language?

(1)

(c) What level of competence in another language do employers demand?

(1)

(d) Mention **two** advantages an employee might gain from knowing a second language.

(2)

(Total for Question 7 = 5 marks)

BLANK PAGE QUESTION 8 BEGINS ON THE NEXT PAGE



Changing eating habits in Portugal

8 On television you hear an expert talking about the eating habits of Portuguese people.

Listen to the recording and put a cross ⊠ in the correct box for each question.

Example: What they eat is a worry for...

| \boxtimes | A increasing numbers of people. |
|-------------|--|
| × | B around half of the people. |
| × | C the majority of people. |
| × | D a handful of people. |

Part (a)

(i) In overall terms Portuguese people...

| X | Α | A are eating less meat. | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| X | В | B prefer lamb to pork. | |
| X | C | are replacing fish with chicken. | |
| X | D | are buying more meat. | |

(ii) Most young people in Portugal...

| × | Α | dislike vegetables. |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| × | В | still eat vegetables. |
| × | C | would like to eat more vegetables. |
| X | D | rarely eat vegetables. |

(iii) Young Portuguese people...

| X | Α | lack motivation. |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| X | В | enjoy eating. |
| × | C | take part in campaigns. |
| × | D | should be encouraged to eat better. |



Part (b)

(i) Too much salt...

| X | A is harmful to both adults and children. |
|---|---|
| × | B is more harmful to children than adults. |
| × | C is more harmful to adults than children. |
| × | D is no longer a problem in Portugal. |

(ii) More than half of those surveyed say they...

| × | A | enjoy eating vegetables. |
|---|---|---|
| × | В | will give a vegetable-based diet a try. |
| × | C | prefer meat to vegetables. |
| × | D | follow a vegetable-based diet. |

(iii) Young people surveyed...

| × | Α | believe a vegetable-based diet is healthier. |
|---|---|---|
| × | В | choose a vegetable-based diet for cultural reasons. |
| × | c | are making the wrong choices. |
| × | D | are worried about their health. |

(Total for Question 8 = 6 marks)

medida = measure em detrimento do = instead of consumo = consumption conter = to contain dispostos = ready



A footballer's life

On the internet you come across an interview with the Brazilian footballer Richarlison, who has played for the English teams Watford and Everton.

Listen to the recording and answer the following questions in English.

Part (a)

| | | D. I. I | | | | | | |
|-----|----------|---------------|-------|-----------|------|------|----------------|------------------|
| (i) | What was | Richarlison's | daily | routine a | as a | bov? | Give tw | o details |

(1)

| (1) | |
|-----|--|
|-----|--|

2

(ii) How did Richarlison respond to his early success as a footballer? Give **one** detail.

(1)

(iii) What **two** difficulties did Richarlison face when he came to England?

(1)

| | |
|------|----|
| | |
| 10 | ٦ |
| 17 | |
| ۱ I | |
| | (1 |

(1)

2

1

Part (b) The interview continues. (i) How did Richarlison's first season start at Watford? (1) (ii) Why was Richarlison tired towards the end of his first season at Watford? (1) (iii) When Richarlison moved to Everton: (1) What did the fans do before his first game? (1) (2) How did that make him feel? (1) (iv) What would Richarlison like to do for the fans at Everton? (1) (Total for Question 9 = 10 marks)

árduos = difficult ascensão = rise prometem = promise temporada = season bacana = marvellous/great dá moral = lifts my spirits



'Airbnb' - a new way of booking holiday accommodation

10 Two young people have posted video blogs in which they talk about Airbnb.

Put a cross ⊠ in each of the **two** correct boxes for each question.

(i) What does Natália say about her experience of using Airbnb?

| \boxtimes | Example: She says 'Airbnb' is an innovative way of renting a property. |
|-------------|---|
| × | A She wasn't always sure about Airbnb's reliability. |
| × | B She lost the bill for her accommodation in Oporto. |
| × | C Airbnb has one attractive feature. |
| × | D Airbnb has the same comforts as hotels. |
| × | E Young people are attracted by the flexibility of Airbnb. |

(ii) What comments does João make about Airbnb?

| \times | A | It is negligent to book with Airbnb. |
|----------|---|---|
| X | В | The problem he had in Lisbon could have been avoided. |
| X | c | It is best to find accommodation in the tourist areas. |
| X | D | You can have a better experience by avoiding the tourist areas. |
| × | E | Reading what other guests have written is a waste of time. |

(Total for Question 10 = 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 40 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 50 MARKS

notável = notable/remarkable atraente = attractive renunciar = to go without comodidades = comforts negligente = neglectful localização = district escrupulosamente = only comentários = comments anfitrião = host

