

## GCSE **Polish**

Unit 2 - Reading Mark scheme

4685 June 2016

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

Copyright © 2016 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

AQA retains the copyright on all its publications. However, registered schools/colleges for AQA are permitted to copy material from this booklet for their own internal use, with the following important exception: AQA cannot give permission to schools/colleges to photocopy any material that is acknowledged to a third party even for internal use within the centre.

## **Reading and Listening Tests**

Notes on the Marking Scheme Non-verbal Answers Follow the mark scheme as set out

## Verbal Answers

- 1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
  - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information without ambiguity.
  - (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied:
    - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, accept;
    - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, reject.
  - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
  - (d) Where a question has more than one section, a student may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
  - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, students are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
- 2. ..../.... means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
- 3. In questions where students are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.

## 4. Accept

- T/F/?
- Target language equivalent as instructed in rubric (eg V/F/PM)
- √/X/?
- a mix and match approach using the above, where the response is clear and unambiguous (eg. T and ✓ are both used by the student).
- 5. In multiple choice questions where students must choose <u>one</u> letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.
- 6. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
  - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
  - **NFP** = no further penalty
- 7. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be assessed. Where part of an answer is crossed out then only what remains should be considered.
- 8. Where a student spells the answer in such a way that it is a word in the target language, no credit can be awarded.
- 9. If a student offers two different responses in English or in the target language, eg dog (cat) or dog (chat) where the answer is dog, no credit can be awarded.

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1	A, D, E	3	
	In any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
2	A, C, D	3	
	In any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (a)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (b)	Α	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (c)	С	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (d)	E	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
4 (a)	А	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
4 (b)	С	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
4 (c)	Α	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
5	A, C, E In any order	3	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
6	A, C, F, G	4	
	In any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (a)	She loves cats / prefers cats to people (1)	3	Lete of people (
	(due to) rise in		Lots of people /
	demand / more people more customers (1)		People ask her to look after their cats
	Has lots of space / land / has a big house (1)		
	Any three answers in any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (b)	People who work away a lot (1)	3	Anything similar which conveys the same message
	People going to hospital (1)		No reference to going away from
	People going on holiday (1)		home: Not enough to write "people who work"
	People refurbishing their house / having work done at home / makeover / painting (1)		
	Any three answers in any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (c)	Blanket / quilt (1)	3	References to tiring the cat out
	(Favourite) toys (1)		Towel
	Food (1)		Bed sheet
	Any three answers in any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (a)	С	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (b)	н	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (c)	G	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (d)	А	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (a)	т	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (b)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (c)	?	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (d)	т	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (e)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (a)	Р	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (b)	Ν	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (c)	Ν	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (d)	P+N	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (e)	Ν	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (f)	Р	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (g)	P+N	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
10 (h)	Р	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
11 (a)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
11 (b)	т	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
11 (c)	т	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
11 (d)	?	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
11 (e)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
12 (a)	В	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
12 (b)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
12 (c)	А	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
12 (d)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
12 (e)	С	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
13 (a)	She read books on aviation / flying /	2	Any similar sense conveyed in English
	airplanes / She gained knowledge on aviation / flying etc. (1)		She read books (insufficient detail on its own)
	She preferred making model aircraft to playing with dolls (1)		She was interested in flying (too vague)
	She got her pilot's licence by the time she was 18 years old (1)		She didn't like playing with dolls
	Any two answers in any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
13 (b)	She took / escaped by / commandeered / borrowed a plane from an airfield / airport occupied by the Germans (1)	2	Any similar sense conveyed in English By plane (too vague)
	She went to / via / from Romania / France (1)		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
13 (c)	Had to fly in all types of (bad) weather (1)	2	Any similar sense conveyed in English
	No radio contact / maps (because of threat from German spies) (1)		
	Everything was always rushed / hurried / under pressure (1)		
	Any two answers in any order		

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
13 (d)	She got an award (for her wartime services) (1)	3	Any similar sense conveyed in English
	She became a flying instructor (1)		She flew planes (too vague if not followed by "as an instructor")
	She got married (1)		,
	She returned / went back to Poland for her retirement / she retired to Poland / went back to Poland after 20 years (1)		Answers with no reference to retirement or 'after 20 years'
	Any three answers in any order		

Total = 65 marks