

# **GCSE**

# **Physics B**

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit **B651/02**: Unit 1 – Modules P1, P2, P3 (Higher Tier)

# Mark Scheme for January 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	correct response
×	incorrect response
1115	benefit of doubt
25.00	benefit of doubt <u>not</u> given
<b>E</b> 6F	error carried forward
<b>A</b>	information omitted
<b>I</b>	ignore
□ <b>K</b> □	reject
<b>ल</b> ा।	contradiction

## **Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed mark scheme

= alternative and acceptable conventions used in the detailed mark scheme

(1) = separates marking points

allow = answers that cannot be accepted
not = answers which are not worthy of credit
reject = answers which are not worthy of credit

ignore = statements which are irrelevant

() = words which are not essential to earn credit

= underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark (although not correctly spelt unless otherwise stated)

ecf = error carried forward
AW = alternative wording
ora = or reverse argument.

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		USE ✓'s IN THIS QUESTION any two from: (walls shiny to) reflect IR / waves(1)	3	allow reflect (micro)waves / rays / radiation but ignore reflect heat ignore bounce ignore so walls do not absorb or stop waves / radiation / heat
			idea of (upper) surface / outer layers or outer part / outside of food cooked (1)		ignore idea of penetrating a cm. or a few cms. ignore heats water
			idea of conduction or convection to centre (1)		allow idea of conduction or convection in food / conduction or convection so all the food is cooked allow description eg energy or vibrations passed on from one particle to another ignore heat
			then		
			increases kinetic energy of (food) particles / molecules (1)		not just energy allow increased movement energy of particles or makes particles move or vibrate more or faster ignore makes the particles vibrate or makes the particles move ignore reference to water when referring to k.e. of particles not merely the (food) particles get or are given k.e. but are given more k.e. (1)
	(b)	(i)	150 (minutes) (1)	1	
		(ii)	absorbs (1) tissue (1)	2	
	(c)		300 000 000 (m / s) (2) <b>but</b> if answer is incorrect	2	allow 3 x 10 <sup>8</sup> or 300 x 10 <sup>6</sup> or other 'correct' standard form type of notation allow correct answer in km/s if this unit is clearly stated
			50 000 000 x 6 (1)	0	allow 30Mhz x 10
			Total	8	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)		on (or) off / 0 (or) 1 (1)	1	both needed either order allow high (or) low allow examples eg 5V (or) 0V
	(b)		idea of continuously variable / continuously change / many or any or range of values (1)	1	ignore just more than two values not merely variable or changes values
	(c)		frequency  and phase (1)	1	both needed allow wavelength ignore colour and amplitude  allow in step / in sync / synchronised but not merely in time or in line allow? (consider at SSU) coherent in second answer
			Total	3	anow: (consider at 655) consider in second answer

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)		0.25 (2)  but if answer is incorrect  15000 ÷ 60000 (1)		allow 25 % (2) if % clearly shown 25 on its own scores (1) allow 0.25% for 1 mark but if answer is incorrect 15000 ÷ 60000 x 100 (1) ignore any units other than % on answer line eg 0.25J or 0.25N scores (2)
	(b)		decrease / AW expanded / AW rise / AW		all three correct (2) any two correct (1) only one correct (0)
			Total	4	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)		to break (inter-) molecular bonds / AW (1)	1	allow overcome forces between molecules or particles allow break bonds between molecules or particles ignore idea of molecules breaking free from each other ignore reference to latent heat or change of state eg to melt the ice (0) to break bonds between ice particles to melt the ice (1) not intra-molecular bonds not break (intermolecular) forces not just break bonds
	(b)		360000 (2) <b>but</b> if answer is incorrect  energy ÷ mass / e ÷ m or 12600000 ÷ 3.5 (1)	2	allow 3.6 x 10 <sup>5</sup> allow 360 if units clearly changed to J / g (2)  if answer line units are not changed allow 1260000 ÷ 3500 (1)
			Total	3	

Question	Answ	er	Marks	Guidance
5	both s-wave responses correct liquid	(1)	2	any order in first response  allow crust and liquid (any order) but not crust and crust or  crust and solid
		Total	2	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	6 (a)		150 (pence) (2)	2	allow £1.5 if answer clearly expressed in £
	but if answer is incorrect		but if answer is incorrect		£150 (1)
			2.5 x 4 x 15 (1)		allow 2500 x 4 x 15 (1)
	(b)		8.5 (A) (2)	2	
			but if answer is incorrect		
			1955 ÷ 230 (1)		allow 1725 ÷ 230 = 7.5 (1)
			Total	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	USE ✓'s IN THIS QUESTION advantages – max one from idea of low maintenance / running cost (1)  no need for power (supply) cables / lines (1)  no need for fuel / saves fossil fuels (1)  long life (1)  rugged / hard wearing (1)	2	allow cheap to run / energy (source) is free / saves money on electricity but not merely cheap / cost effective / reliable
	renewable energy source (1)  no polluting waste (at point of use) / give out no greenhouse gases / do not <b>cause</b> pollution (1)  can be used in remote locations (1)		not just its renewable / reusable  not just no or less pollution must include idea of emitted or given out ignore environmentally friendly / does not harm the environment
	disadvantages – max one from no / low power at night / dull or cloudy weather (1) idea of low power output (1) idea of overshadowed by buildings or trees / dirt / snow on surface (of cells) reduces or stops output (1)		allow power / energy needs to be stored in a battery allow no sun no electricity or power allow idea of only working well or efficiently in sunlight allow will not work without sunlight / in low light levels ignore unspecified references to weather eg weather not reliable / bad weather (0)  ignore references to cost ignore visual pollution
	Total	2	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	(a)		moving the coil / wire / turns faster (1) moving the magnet faster (1)	2	
			insert iron or steel (core) in the coil (1)		not just insert a core
			more coils / turns or more turns per metre (1)		ignore longer or tighter coil
			stronger magnet (1)		ignore bigger magnet allow stronger field / flux (chage)
	(b)	(i)	W and Y (1)	2	both needed
			X and Z (1)		both needed allow 0 and Y
		(ii)	3.5 cycles / AW (1)	2	allow waves / oscillations / vibrations
			per second / per unit time (1)		allow the number of cycles per second (1) allow references to current alternating eg amount of times current alternates per second / AW (1) current alternates 3.5 times per second (2)
			Total	6	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
9	9 (a)		gamma (waves / radiation) or γ (waves / radiation) (1)		
	(b)		ionised / an ion (1)	1	allow become charged / ions formed allow idea of loses or gains electrons but not loses all electrons ignore references to speed of collision not ionic
		·	Total	2	

Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance
10	USE ✓'s IN THIS QUESTION		3	
	2 gı	ravity makes dust particles biral together		all five correct scores (3) if not all correct <b>allow</b> max 2 marks for: first <b>and</b> last correct (1)
	3 рі	rotostar formed		thermonuclear fusion after temperature becomes very high (1)
	(4) (to	emperature becomes very high)		gravity response immediately after dust and gas cloud form
	5 th	ermonuclear fusion takes place		(1)
	6 m	ain sequence star formed		thermonuclear fusion followed immediately by main sequence star (1)
		Т	otal 3	

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
11	(a)	centripetal (1)		allow phonetically acceptable attempts eg centripedal (1) not centrifugal or gravity in the answer	
	(b)	X in arc from left hand edge of Sun (1)	1	nb marking tool overlay added in scoris	
	(c)	idea of deflected by magnetic field / magnetic field pulls them in / travel along magnetic field (1)	1	allow higher level answers eg charged particles move along magnetic (field) lines (1) allow magnetic field / Earth's magnetic field / electromagnetic field / that is where the magnetic field is from ignore deflects to the poles / cosmic rays attracted to poles / poles are magnetic / magnetism / magnetic attraction or pull	
		Total	3		

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
12	(a)		6.25 (m / s) (2)  but if answer is not correct  200 ÷ 32 (1)	2	allow 6.3 (2) allow 6 on answer line if working and initial answer 6.25 / 6.3 (2) allow 6.2 (1)
	(b)	(i)	idea of increasing at a steady or constant or uniform rate (1)	1	allow accelerating uniformly / positive acceleration / AW not merely accelerating/ speed increasing
		(ii)	idea of decreasing at a steady or constant or uniform rate (1)	1	allow idea of slowing down more rapidly than in (i) or WX allow decelerating uniformly / negative acceleration AW not merely decelerating / speed decreasing
			Total	4	

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	Guidance
13	(a)	speed / velocity(changes each) unit time / seconds / minutes / hours (1)	1	ideas of speed and time both needed allow change of direction per unit time not days / weeks / months / years for time description
	(b)	3.6 (2)  but if answer is incorrect  9 ÷ 2.5 (1)	2	allow 4 on answer line if working is correct and answer is 3.6
	(c)	idea of greater speed change (in same time / 2.5 seconds) (1)	1	allow reaches or gets to a higher speed / reaches 16 m / s (in 2.5 seconds) / AW but not just travels at a greater or higher speed / travels more distance in same time allow acceleration = 15 ÷ 2.5 / 6 is more acceleration than 9 ÷ 2.5 / 3.6

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(d)	slippery road / wet or icy road / poor or worn brakes / worn or bald tyres (1)	1	any one <b>but</b> a list containing any incorrect answers score (0) <b>allow</b> other road conditions eg leaves on road. <b>allow</b> increased mass / load of car <b>ignore</b> unqualified references to weather / road conditions / brakes / tyres how worn tyres are  eg because of the tyres (0) but tyres have poor grip (1)  eg weather conditions (0) but when it s raining (1)
(e)	USE ✓'s IN THIS QUESTION  for increased braking distance: same friction (between wheels and road) (1) greater mass or weight in car so idea of more K.E. to dissipate (1).  OR allow: for decreased breaking distance: more friction (1) greater braking force so greater deceleration (1)	2	no mark for increased or decreased braking distance marks only gained for correct explanation
	Total	7	

C	Question		Answer Ma	Marks	Guidance
14		on	Answer  USE ✓'s IN THIS QUESTION max one from  idea of helps driver keep the car in a straight line when brakes applied (1)  prevents car skidding during (hard) braking (1)  prevents the wheels locking / brakes go on and off or applied then release (quickly) (1)  max one from  idea that maintains a higher (average) frictional force (1)  idea of during skidding car is not slowing down as effectively / braking force is not as effective (1)	2 2	allow one mark for idea of sensors / controlled by 'on board' processor / computer (1) in addition to the expected answers  ignore stops quicker / in a shorter time
	(b)		high / hard braking force needs to be maintained / is needed (1)  absorb or transfer energy (1)	1	ignore change shape or absorb impact or absorb collision allow idea of increased stopping or collision distance or time / smaller acceleration or force / longer time for momentum transfer(1) allow idea of lowering momentum transfer to driver (1)

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(c)	USE ✓'s IN THIS QUESTION any one from	2	
	idea that at 40 (mph) / higher speed more kinetic energy has to be transferred (1)  OR		ignore references to driving force throughout answer allow longer time or distance needed to dissipate or convert the extra k.e. to heat energy (1) not extra time or distance to lose extra k.e.
	reference to (kinetic) energy depending on the square of the speed or when the speed of the car doubles the (kinetic) energy quadruples (1)		allow idea that work done (by the brakes) increases by a factor of 4 when the speed doubles ignore ½ mv² unless used to explain answer
	for the second mark recognising (braking) distance increase by 2 <sup>2</sup> or 4 times or quadruples as speed <b>doubles</b> (1)		<b>allow</b> (braking) distance depends on the square of the speed / $v^2$
	Total	5	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
15	(a)		potential / gravitational / g.p.e	1	both needed
			kinetic (1)		allow movement in second part of response
	(b)		drag / (air) resistance / frictional	2	ignore upthrust
			terminal		allow constant or steady
			kinetic		3 correct (2) 2 correct (1) only 1 correct (0)
	(c)		increased (surface) area <b>means</b> / <b>produces</b> more drag / (air) resistance / friction (1)	1	link between area and drag / AW needed
			Total	4	

**OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)** 1 Hills Road Cambridge **CB1 2EU** 

### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

## **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

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Head office

Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



