



Physics A

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit A331/01: Unit 1 – Modules P1, P2, P3 (Foundation Tier)

Mark Scheme for January 2011

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by Examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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Guidance for Examiners

Additional Guidance within any mark scheme takes precedence over the following guidance.

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise.
- 3. Accept any clear, unambiguous response which is correct, e.g. mis-spellings if phonetically correct (but check additional guidance).
- 4. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed mark scheme:

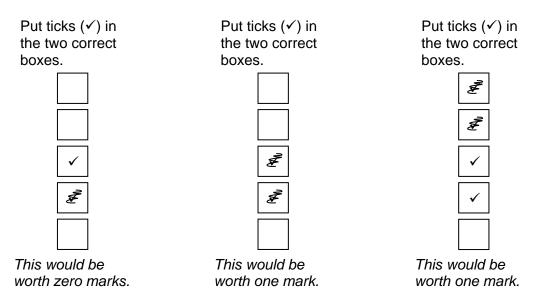
/ (1)	 alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point separates marking points
not/reject	= answers which are not worthy of credit
ignore	= statements which are irrelevant - applies to neutral answers
allow/accept	= answers that can be accepted
(words)	= words which are not essential to gain credit
<u>words</u>	 underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ecf	= error carried forward
AW/owtte	= alternative wording
ORA	= or reverse argument

e.g. mark scheme shows 'work done in <u>lifting</u> / (change in) <u>gravitational</u> potential energy' (1) "work done" = 0 marks "work done lifting" = 1 mark "change in potential energy" = 0 marks "gravitational potential energy" = 1 mark

- 5. If a candidate alters his/her response, examiners should accept the alteration.
- 6. Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.

The example below illustrates how to apply this principle to an objective question.

e.g. for a one mark question, where ticks in boxes 3 and 4 are required for the mark



7. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, e.g. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.

8. Marking method for tick boxes:

Always check the additional guidance.

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes.

If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, e.g. shading or crosses.

Credit should be given for each box correctly ticked. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.

e.g. if a question requires candidates to identify a city in England, then in the boxes

Edinburgh	
Manchester	
Paris	
Southampton	

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third <u>should be blank</u> (or have indication of choice crossed out).

Edinburgh			\checkmark			✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Manchester	~	×	~	~	~				~	
Paris				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Southampton	✓	×		✓		✓	✓		✓	
Score:	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	NR

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Mark Scheme

Qu	iesti	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	а		Changes happen in a nucleus. 🗹 (1)	[1]	
	b	i	radiation (1) active (1) half-life (1)	[3]	
		II	type of radioactive waste method of disposal bury in sealed containers in deep mines high level intermediate level low level bury in landfill sites in sealed containers.		Two lines from a left hand box then zero for that box.

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C	identify hazard (1)	[3]	e.g. radioactive materials / spills / pollution / ionising / radiation / nuclear spill / too much fission (1) Not radioactive waste.
	describe hazard (1)		which can cause cancer / damage cells / radiation sickness / (reactor) explodes/melt down occurs (1)
	how to reduce risk (1)		you could use shielding / living quarters away from reactor / protective clothing / monitor exposure or limit exposure / monitor and control the reactor (1)
			Accept terrorist threat for 1 mark.
	Total	[10]	

Qu	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	а	i	1.8 (1)	[1]	Allow 1.76 or 1.77.
		ii	nuclear power (1)	[1]	Must ecf from (a) (i). If this is larger than 2.6 then answer must
					be dental.
	b		benefit outweighs risk (1)	[2]	
			example of benefit (1)		Allow two marks for two benefits.
					Allow one economic benefit.
			Total	[4]	

3	а	i	sound (1)	[1]	
		ii	radio	[1]	Any order.
			gamma		Both required for the mark.
		iii	gamma / X-ray / ultraviolet (1)	[1]	
		iv	gamma (1)	[1]	
	b		heat the cells up ✓ (1)	[2]	
			make ions in the cell 🖌 (1)		
			Total	[6]	

Qu	esti	on	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	a		photosynthesis respiration feeding	[3]	
	b			[1]	
			skin cancer \checkmark (1)		
			Total	[4]	
5			source – sunlight / bulb / a light / named source emits light (1)	4	Maximum of 2 marks only can be scored for an incorrect sequence of events (correct sequence is 'source – paper – eye').
			idea of light travelling / air is transparent / not absorbed by air / transmitted through air (1)		Marks may be obtained from a suitably annotated diagram.
			Idea of paper reflects light / absorbed by ink / writing (1)		
			Eye / retina is the detector. Eye / retina absorbs light / photons (1)		Accept: receptors in eye / retina.
			Total	[4]	

Qu	Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance
6			crust (1)	[3]	
			core (1) mantle (1)		
			Total	[3]	
			. • • •		
7	а		statement explanation	[2]	First mark is for a line starting from centre left box. Second mark is for this line to bottom right box.
					More than one line will be zero UNLESS all lines start at centre left box and then a max of one mark.
			All stars look younger Light travels at 300 000 km/s.		
	b		age of the Universe (1)	[2]	
			distances to far galaxies ✓ (1)		

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C	star is a ball of gas which is hot/emits light (1)	[3]	Accept: like our sun. NOT burning gas/ball of fire/bright/toxic.	
	galaxy is collection of many (owtte) stars (1)			
	Universe is all stars and galaxies/ everything (owtte) (1)		Accept 'all space'.	
	Total	[7]		

Qu	iesti	ion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
8	а		at the edge of tectonic plates 🖌 (1)	[1]	
	b		The Earth's mantle moves. 🗸 (1)	[1]	
	С		Example of suitable government action, e.g. building regulations / emergency plans (1) Explanation of how damaged is reduced, e.g. buildings less likely to collapse / people get medical help immediately so fewer die (1).	[2]	Ignore governments building houses / shelters / schools etc. Ignore early warning systems / evacuation before earthquake. Allow send in army / rescue teams / evacuation after earthquake.
			Total	[4]	

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