



General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2015

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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# Physical Education



[G9741]

FRIDAY 15 MAY, AFTERNOON

## TIME

1 hour 30 minutes, plus your additional time allowance.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

**You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.**

**Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.**

Complete in blue or black ink only.

Answer **all** questions.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Questions **13**, **19** and **21**.



1 Many acceptable leisure time activities do not involve taking part in sport or physical activity.

Name **two** non-sporting, non-physical leisure time activities.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2 (a) **Explain** what is meant by **sports facility**.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) **Explain** how the **existence** of sporting facilities in an area may influence taking part in a sport.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]

3 People say that you can be fit for one sport, but not be fit for another sport.

Give an example from sport that shows you understand this.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]



4 Look at the terms below. Use two of these terms to complete the statement that follows.

social health

young people

self esteem

physical health

habits

mental fitness

character

physical fitness

older people

When the term **exercise** is used, it usually refers to developing \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_. When the term **training** is used, it usually  
refers to developing \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

5 Name **two** different and important factors that can affect a person's daily energy needs.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

[Turn over

9352.04 ML



\*28G974103\*

6 (a) Nicotine is a powerful, fast-acting drug that is very addictive.

State **two** effects that **nicotine** from tobacco smoke has on the body.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) (i) Explain why the **carbon monoxide** in tobacco smoke affects aerobic performances.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) The body has to overcome the effect of the **carbon monoxide** to maintain aerobic performances. How does the body do this?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]





7 (a) Explain how the content of some **foods** can affect the quality of a person's sleep.

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[2]

(b) Explain how the content of some **drinks** can affect the quality of a person's sleep.

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[2]

8 In order to keep their bodies healthy and in good working order, many people now have to **plan** sufficient and appropriate physical activity into their lives. This was not necessary in the 1800s. Give three ways life has changed to explain why people now have to **plan** their exercise.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

3. \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

[Turn over



9 Some older people who take regular and appropriate exercise cope better with everyday physical tasks than some younger people who do no exercise at all. Explain this.

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[2]

10 (a) Complete the following sentences.

\_\_\_\_\_ energy is produced **without** oxygen. [1]

\_\_\_\_\_ energy is produced **with** oxygen. [1]

(b) What does **muscular power** enable a person's muscles to do?

Muscular power enables a person's muscles to \_\_\_\_\_

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[2]

(c) What determines a person's **muscular endurance**?

A person's muscular endurance is determined by \_\_\_\_\_

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[2]





12 (a) **When** is the principle of **peaking** normally applied in a training programme?

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) What **two** changes to training usually happen in the **peaking** phase?

1. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ [2]

2. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ [2]







14 Explain **two** positive actions that a person should take to deal with illness and/or injury when training and competing in sport, so that no further harm occurs to them.

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]

2. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]



15 Look at **Table 1** below and answer the questions that follow.

**Table 1**

Energy Breakdown in Three Foods					
Food A		Food B		Food C	
Carbohydrate	45 %	Carbohydrate	75 %	Carbohydrate	60 %
Fats	35 %	Fats	15 %	Fats	25 %
Protein	20 %	Protein	10 %	Protein	15 %

(a) Which of the three foods, **A**, **B** or **C**, is the most balanced, healthy food?

I choose **Food** \_\_\_\_\_ . [1]

(b) Which food contains the greatest amount of energy (kilojoules/kilocalories)?  
**Explain** your answer.

I choose **Food** \_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]

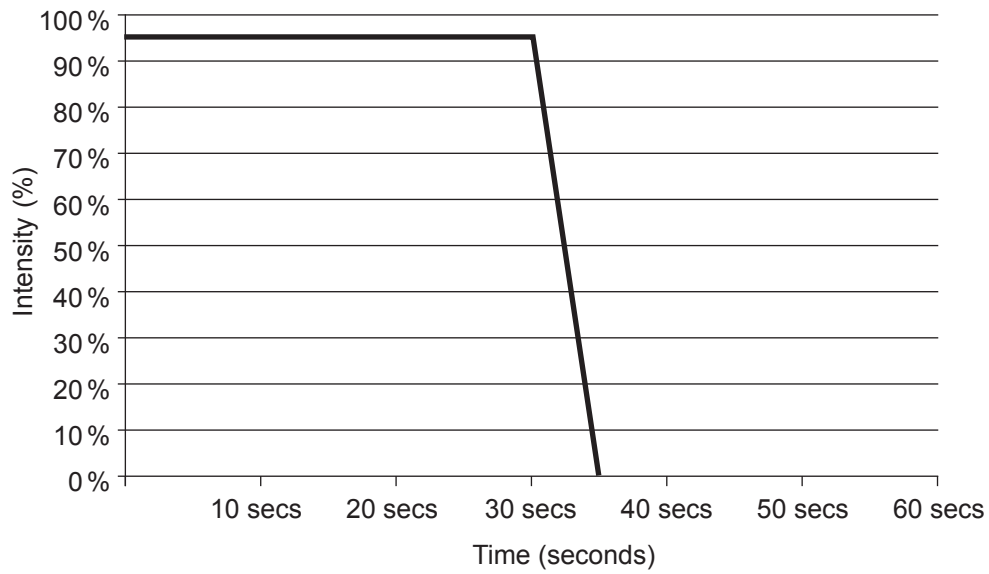
(c) Food labels provide information on carbohydrates, fats and proteins. Name one other piece of information that is often provided on this part of the food label.

This part of the food label also provides information on \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

[Turn over



16 (a) Look at **Fig. 1** which shows the performance of an athlete and then answer the question that follows.



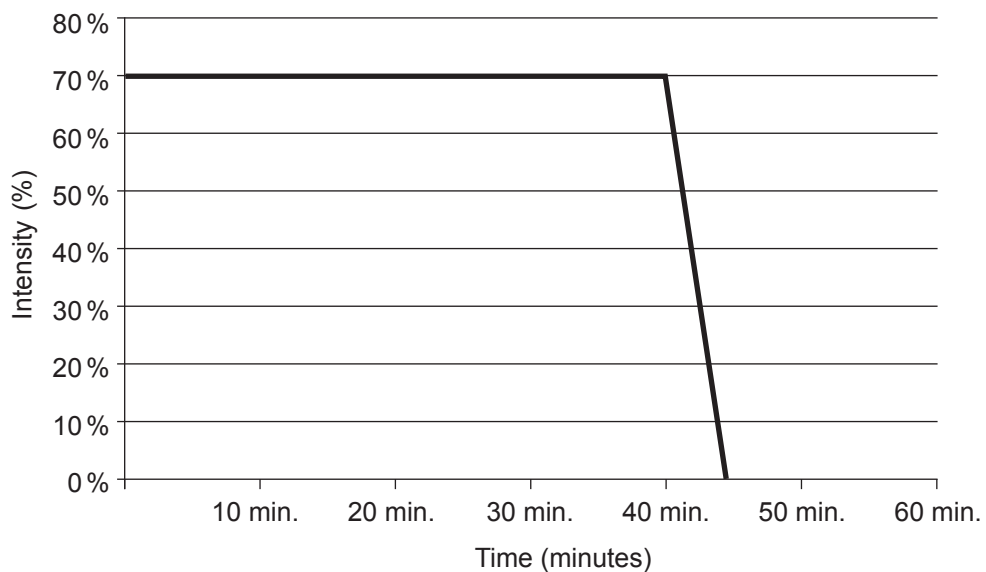
**Fig. 1**

What does **Fig. 1** show about the performance of the athlete?

**Fig. 1** shows \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]



(b) Look at **Fig. 2** which shows the performance of an athlete and then answer the question that follows.



**Fig. 2**

What does **Fig. 2** show about the performance of the athlete?

**Fig. 2** shows \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [2]



17 Look at the five **areas** shown below.

Plan an effective **aerobic** interval training workout of no more than 80 minutes, including rest, for a twenty-year-old male. Choose the correct figure from each **area** and write your answer in **Table 2** opposite.

**Area 1**

Average heart rate for the work periods (beats per minute)						
40	70	100	130	160	190	220

**Area 2**

Duration (time) of the work periods (seconds)						
10	20	30	40	50	60	70

**Area 3**

Recovery time between the work periods (seconds)						
0	60	90	120	150	180	210

**Area 4**

Number of repetitions						
5	10	15	20	25	30	35

**Area 5**

Number of sets (3 minute rest between sets)						
3	4	5	6	7	8	9



**Table 2**

Average heart rate for the work periods (beats per minute)	
Duration (time) of the work periods (seconds)	
Recovery time between the work periods (seconds)	
Number of repetitions	
Number of sets (3 minute rest between sets)	

[5]

[Turn over

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18 It is good practice to have at least 60 minutes of moderate exercise daily.

Outline **four** opportunities for a person to include 60 minutes but no more than 90 minutes of exercise into their day, without using a gym or similar sporting facility. What exercise would the person do, where would they do the exercise, when would they do it and for how long they would do it?

Complete the table below.

What exercise?	Where?	When?	How long?
1			
2			
3			
4			
Total number of minutes			

[4]







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- 19 An athlete completed the 20 Metre Shuttle Run Test (Beep Test) twice in order to track the progress being made in developing aerobic fitness. The first test was done before the start of the training programme and the second test was done after completing the training programme.

Study the information given for the two occasions when the tests were done and then answer the question that follows.

Information	First fitness test	Second fitness test
<b>Venue:</b>	School gym	School grass area
<b>Weather:</b>	Not applicable (indoors)	Cold, but dry
<b>Equipment used:</b>	Cones, CD player with appropriate disc	Cones, CD player with appropriate disc
<b>Set-up:</b>	Cones set at both ends of the gym (20m apart)	Teacher stepped out 20m to place the cones
<b>Preparation:</b>	No warm-up	Warm-up completed
<b>Protocol:</b>	Cross line at end of gym with one foot. Push off the wall	Go beyond the cones with both feet before turning
<b>Finish of test:</b>	Finish when you do not make it to the end of the gym before a 'beep'	Finish when you do not make it to the cones on two consecutive beeps
<b>Results:</b>	90 lengths of gym completed	50 laps completed

Evaluate (judge) the **reliability** of the test results for tracking accurately the development of aerobic fitness. Explain your findings.

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20 Answer the following questions on circuit training to show that you can devise an effective **first** workout that will help to develop general health-related fitness for a group.

(a) Explain the **range of exercises** that should be included in the circuit.

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[2]

(b) Explain the **order** in which the exercises should be performed.

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[2]

(c) Explain why you would choose a **time in seconds for each exercise** to be performed rather than a number of repetitions to be done.

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[2]



(d) Explain the principles underlying your choice of **recovery time** between the exercises.

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[2]

(e) If you had a set time for the circuit workout, e.g. 30 minutes, what specific things (variables) could you adjust or change in the circuit so that everyone completed three full circuits in the set time?

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[2]

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22 Show that you can apply the appropriate principles of training to develop muscular strength.

- (a) Record your choice of Repetition Maximum (RM) and Number of Repetitions for each of the five phases of the training programme. Remember, the training programme is to develop muscular strength.

You must choose **at least three** different Repetition Maximums (RM) over the five phases of the training programme.

Phases of the training programme	Repetition Maximum (RM)	Number of Repetitions	Number of Sets
Weeks 1–3			3
Weeks 4–6			3
Weeks 7–9			3
Weeks 10–12			3
Weeks 13–15			3

[5]

- (b) Explain how your choice of Repetition Maximums (RMs) will help develop muscular strength over the five phases of the training programme.

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[3]





(c) Explain how your choice of the number of repetitions is suitable for the five phases of the training programme.

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[2]

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For Examiner's use only	
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