# Mark Scheme (Results) 

Summer 2013

GCSE Music (5MU03)
Unit 3: Listening and appraising

## Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information, please visit our website at www.edexcel.com.

Our website subject pages hold useful resources, support material and live feeds from our subject advisors giving you access to a portal of information. If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.
www.edexcel.com/contactus

## Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Summer 2013
Publications Code UG037245
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2013

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Quality of written communication should be taken into account in the marking of responses to the choice of Question 9 or 10 . Quality of written communication includes clarity of expression, the structure and presentation of ideas and grammar, punctuation and spelling.


## Section A

| Handel | And the Glory of <br> the Lord from <br> Messiah | Extract: <br> Bars 38-58 | Track timings: <br> $\mathbf{0 . 4 0 - 1 . 0 1}$ cut |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Question <br> Number Acceptable Answers Mark <br> $\mathbf{1 ( a )}$ - Polyphonic / polyphony <br> - Contrapuntal / counterpoint <br> - Imitative / imitation 1 |  |  |  |  | 


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b )}$ | $\bullet$ G(\#) | $\bullet$ G natural | 4 |
|  | $\bullet$ E <br>  $\bullet$ A | [If both notation and letter <br> names, credit if either are <br> correct. <br> Ignore rhythm. <br> Only mark first 4 notes <br> given.] |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c )}$ | $\bullet$ (male) alto(s) |  |
| $\bullet$ countertenor(s) |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( d )}$ | $\bullet$ C - Tenor and Bass | 1 |


| Question Number | Correct Answer | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(e) | - major (key / chords) <br> - feeling of one-in-a-bar <br> - lively / fast /allegro <br> - diatonic / tonal (harmony) <br> - light / detached singing style <br> - dominant tonalities / A to E/E to B <br> - loud dynamics | - staccato <br> - appropriate reference to words / lyrics <br> - accept hemiola | 2 |


| Chopin | Prelude No. 15 in <br>  <br>  <br> D flat major, Op. <br> 28 | Extract: | Track timing: <br> $2.26-3.24 ~ f a d e ~$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( a )}$ | - starts (very) soft/quiet/piano/p/mp/pp <br> - then diminuendo/dim | 3 |
|  | crescendos/builds to forte/f/fortissimo/ff / loud (very <br> loud) <br> dims towards end |  |


| Question Number | LEFT HAND (BASS) | RIGHT HAND (TREBLE) | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(b) | Max two of <br> - two-part / two-note <br> - chords <br> - (mostly) crotchets <br> - melody part <br> - longer note values in the second half <br> - octaves <br> - accents | Max two of <br> - starts with single notes /G\#s / repeated <br> - quavers <br> - pedal / 'raindrop' note <br> - accompaniment <br> - octaves <br> - chords at the end / second half <br> - melody in second half <br> - ends with single notes / G\#s <br> - accents | 4 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( c )}$ | B - Legato <br> E - Sustain pedal | 2 |


| Bernstein | 'Something's <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> coming' from <br> West Side Story | Extract: <br> First bars | Track <br> timings:1.18- <br> 1.40 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question Number | Similarities | Differences | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) | Max two of: <br> - Starting note <br> - First interval / perfect $5^{\text {th }} / A$ to $E$ <br> - First three pitches <br> - Phrases have an up beat / anacrusis <br> - Triplets <br> - Phrases ascend and then descend <br> - Syllabic <br> - Long notes <br> - High register <br> - Legato | Max two of: <br> - Last note <br> - One ends on dominant the other on tonic <br> - Rhythms / appropriate reference to different note durations <br> - $2^{\text {nd }}$ phrase higher in pitch <br> - Higher top note in $2^{\text {nd }}$ phrase / $2^{\text {nd }}$ phrase goes up to G <br> - $2^{\text {nd }}$ has more syllables / more notes in phrase 2 <br> - Wider range in $2^{\text {nd }}$ phrase <br> - $2^{\text {nd }}$ phrase ends with smaller interval / $3^{\text {rd }}$ <br> [accept complements of the above e.g. lower top note in $1^{\text {st }}$ phrase] | 4 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b) | - swing / swung (quavers) <br> - syncopated / syncopation / off-beat / accents on weak beats <br> - push (rhythms) <br> - cross rhythm(s) <br> - blue note(s) / augmented $4^{\text {th }}(\mathrm{s}) /$ diminished $5^{\text {th }}(\mathrm{s})$ / tritone(s) <br> - riff(s) / ostinato / ostinati <br> - jazz based harmony / extended chords / added note chords $/ 7^{\text {th }}$ (chords/notes) $/ 9^{\text {th }}$ (chords/notes) $/ 11^{\text {th }}$ (chords/notes) $/ 13^{\text {th }}$ (chords/notes) | 2 |


| Question | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number |  | 1 |
| 3(c) | C - Solo | 1 |


| Reich | $3^{\text {rd }}$ mov (fast) from | Extract: | Track timings: |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Electric |  |  |  |
|  | Counterpoint: |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(a) | • minimalism/minimalist | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b) | • resultant (melody) | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(c) | $\bullet$ all parts play at start |  |
|  | $\bullet$ bass guitars / guitars 5-7 drop out (after 8 bars) | 2 |
|  | $\bullet$ layered |  |
|  | $\bullet$ counterpoint / polyphonic / contrapuntal |  |
|  | $\bullet$ (guitars 1-4 in) canon/imitative <br>  <br> $\bullet \bullet$ (guitars 5-7) chords <br>  <br> $\bullet$ three groups (of guitars) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(d) | $\bullet$ Bass (guitars) |  |
| $\bullet$ (Guitars) 5-7 |  |  |$\quad 1$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(e) | $\bullet$ Crescendos / cresc <br> $\bullet$ <br> $\bullet$ Louder | 1 |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(f) | - repetition / ostinato <br> - layering / gradual building of texture <br> - note addition <br> - rhythmic displacement <br> - short motifs / cells <br> - resultant melody | - phasing <br> - note subtraction <br> - metamorphosis | 2 |


| Miles <br> Davis | All Blues | Extract | Track <br> timings:10.20- <br> 11.32 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a )}$ | • (muted) trumpet | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b )}$ | • Head <br> [can appear in any order] | 2 |


| Question Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(c) | - Moderate tempo <br> - Starts with saxophone riff / ostinato <br> - Bass riff / ostinato <br> - Trumpet drops out <br> - Trill on piano <br> - Solo <br> - Muted trumpet <br> - Brushes used on drum kit <br> - Improvised <br> - Repeated/same notes / repeated Gs/ repeated tonic <br> - Low register <br> - 12 bar blues <br> - Altered / extended chords <br> - Modal <br> - Similar phrase played four times / repeated three times <br> - Acciaccaturas / drop-offs <br> - Staccato notes <br> - Long notes / sustained notes <br> - Swung rhythms <br> - Syncopated <br> - Some chromatic movement towards end <br> - Quiet(er) / fades at end | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(d) | $\bullet$Fades out / decrescendos / becomes quieter / <br> diminuendo | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( e i )}$ | saxophone/sax | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( \text { eii) }}$ | String/double/upright bass | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( \text { eiii) }}$ | Drum kit /drums / kit | 1 |


| Buckley | Grace | Verses one <br> and chorus | Track timings: 0.48- <br> 1.29 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( a )}$ | D Pre-chorus and chorus | 1 |


| Question Number | Correct Answer | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(b) | - Melisma / more than one note per syllable <br> - Legato / slurred <br> - Falling/descending <br> - Scale / step-wise / conjunct <br> - From F\# to B <br> - Repeated accent on the vowel sounds (0-0-0-0ve) <br> - Ornamented end <br> - Glissando <br> - Sustained <br> - Faster rhythms towards end of phrase/word <br> - Fades / diminuendo | - ascending scale | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( c )}$ | (i) False <br> (ii) True <br> (iii) True <br> (iv) False | 4 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( d )}$ | - Strumming | 3 |
|  | - (finger) picking / plucking / mandolin effect |  |
|  | - Note / pitch / string bends |  |
|  | - Whispers / violining / ghosting |  |
|  | - Halm muting |  |
|  | - Pull offs ons |  |
|  | - Glissando / slide |  |
|  | Knocking / hitting body of guitar / percussive effect |  |


| Koko |  | Extract: | Track timings: |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 'Yiri' | Introduction | $0.00-0.45$ |  |  |


| Question | Acceptable Answers |  |  | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a) | Award max 1 mark per box. |  |  | 4 |
|  |  | At the very beginning | After the second balophon joins in |  |
|  | Texture | - Monophonic | - Heterophonic <br> - Polyphonic |  |
|  | Pulse / Tempo | - Unmetered <br> - No clear metre <br> - Free time <br> - Free tempo <br> - Irregular <br> Reject <br> - Quite slow / slow | - Regular <br> - Metered <br> - Steady <br> - Clear <br> - Defined <br> - 90-110 bpm <br> - Moderato / moderate <br> - Allegretto / quite fast <br> Reject <br> - Fast / upbeat |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7(b) |  | 3 |  |
|  | There are 3 pitches and 3 durations to be assessed <br> individually. Add together the number of correct pitches and <br> correct durations and mark as follows; |  |  |
| 0-1 correct pitches and/or <br> durations 0 marks <br> 2-3 correct pitches and/or <br> durations 1 mark <br> 4-5 correct pitches and/or <br> durations 2 marks <br> 6 correct pitches and/or <br> durations 3 marks |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7 ( c )}$ | Any two valid musical responses | 2 |


| Rag Desh |  | Extract : 1 : track 8 0-30-1.00 secs: 2 <br> $:$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a )}$ | $\bullet$ tabla | $\bullet$ phonetic spellings | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | $\bullet$ bansuri | • phonetic spellings <br> $\bullet$ <br> Indian flute | 1 |


| Question Number | Correct Answers | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(c) | - Fixed composition <br> - Some improvisation <br> - Tal(a) / rhythmic cycle <br> - Steady pulse / beat / clear tempo <br> - Use notes of the rag <br> - Begin with roll on the tabla <br> - Scalic melody <br> - Melodic decoration / tans <br> - Drone <br> - Tihais | - Instruments <br> / texture <br> - Dynamics <br> award max. 1 <br> for naming <br> instruments | - Same melody <br> - Same metre <br> - Same $\operatorname{tal}(a)$ <br> - Same tempo | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8(d) | $\bullet$ Alap | - bandish <br> - bhajan <br> [accept recognisable spellings of all <br> words] | 2 |

## Section B

| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9 ( a )}$ | $\bullet$ B - Classical | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9(b) | • Four / 4 | 1 |


| Question Number | Indicative content | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9(c) } \\ & \text { QWC } \\ & \mathrm{i}-\mathrm{ii}-\mathrm{iii} \end{aligned}$ | Melody <br> - periodic phrasing / balanced phrases / 4+4 bars <br> - first and second subjects <br> - contrasting themes <br> - first subject used in development section <br> - melody doubled / octaves <br> first subject <br> - three note motif <br> - upward leap / minor sixth <br> - scalic descent <br> - repeated notes <br> second subject <br> - longer note values <br> - falling / descending <br> - Scalic passages and sequences <br> - chromatic notes <br> - lyrical <br> Tonality (keys) <br> - first subject in G minor <br> - second subject in Bb major / relative major (in exposition) <br> - second subject in recapitulation in G minor / tonic <br> - development starts in F\# minor <br> - development section exploration of different keys <br> - circle of fifths / cycle of fifths <br> - perfect cadences (defining keys) <br> - pedal <br> Structure <br> - sonata form <br> - exposition <br> - codetta <br> - development <br> - recapitulation <br> - coda <br> - bridge / transition passages (in exposition / recapitulation) <br> Rhythm <br> - first subject repeated quaver-quaver-crotchet rhythms <br> - on beat rhythms <br> - some dotted rhythms <br> - scalic quaver passages | 10 |


| Question Number | Indicative content | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - second subject longer note values / mainly crotchets and minims in second subject <br> - augmentation <br> - anacrusis / up-beat <br> - syncopation <br> Instrumentation <br> - orchestra / strings, woodwind and horns / list of instruments <br> - no trumpets <br> - no timpani / percussion <br> - only one flute <br> - double bass doubles cello |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( a )}$ | $\bullet$ (club) dance | 1 |
|  | pop/popular music <br>  <br> $\bullet$ blues <br> gospel |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( b )}$ | accept any year between $1995-2005$ | 1 |


| Question Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10(c) } \\ & \text { QWC } \\ & \text { i-ii-iii } \end{aligned}$ | Melody <br> - (Vocal) samples <br> - Sampled from a Gospel choir recording <br> - (Sample in) verse is male <br> - (Sample in) chorus is female <br> - Repetitive / looped <br> - Short phrases <br> - Two / four bar phrases <br> - Limited note range <br> - Chorus is higher pitched <br> - Four pitches in chorus <br> Chords <br> - Song based on three chord patterns <br> - Award one mark for each correctly identified chord pattern <br> - Am-Em-G-D verse <br> - C-Am-(C-Am) first half chorus <br> - $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C}-(\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C})$ second half chorus <br> - Harmony is diatonic / modal / tonal <br> - Sus4/sus2 chords used <br> - Song uses only six chords <br> - Chord sequences are repetitive <br> - All chords in root position <br> Structure <br> - Introduction <br> - Verse - chorus structure <br> - Chorus is in two halves <br> - 8 bar blocks <br> - One bar / breakdown <br> - Outro / coda <br> - The verse is repeated four times (at the beginning) <br> - At the end, the second half of the chorus is repeated <br> Technology <br> - Reverb(eration) (Yamaha SPX990) <br> - EQ / equalisation <br> - Panning <br> - Telephone effect <br> - Delay / echo (Yamaha SPX990) <br> - Drum machine / loops (Roland TR909) <br> - Sequencer <br> - Sampler (Akai S3200) <br> - Synth / string pad sounds (Yamaha SY22) / electric piano (module) <br> - Bass Synth (Roland Juno 106) <br> - Technology used was not cutting edge <br> - Samples have not been digitally cleaned up / background noise <br> [award 1 additional mark for naming specific equipment e.g. Yamaha SPX990] | 10 |



## Mark scheme for Questions 9(c) and 10(c)

| Level | Mark | Descriptor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level 0 | 0 | No positive features can be identified in the response. |
| Level 1 | $1-2$ <br> Limited analysing and evaluating skills | - Little relevant information regarding the question and set work(s) is conveyed. <br> - Knowledge of the set work(s) key features will be limited and/or incorrectly applied. <br> - Range of musical vocabulary is limited and/or is not used correctly. <br> - The skills needed to produce effective writing will not normally be present and answer lacks both clarity and organisation. Frequent spelling, punctuation and grammar errors will be present. |
| Level 2 | 3-4 <br> Basic analysing and evaluating skills | - Some relevant information regarding the question and set work(s) is conveyed but there will be major omissions. <br> - Knowledge of the set work(s) key features will be basic with only the most obvious of comments made. <br> - Range of musical vocabulary is basic but mostly used correctly. <br> - The skills needed to produce effective writing are likely to be limited and passages within the answer will lack both clarity and organisation. Frequent spelling, punctuation and/or grammar errors will be present. |
| Level 3 | $5-6$ <br> Competent analysing and evaluating skills | - Relevant information regarding the question and set work(s) is conveyed but there will still be some (mostly) minor omissions. <br> - Knowledge of the set work(s) key features will be competent, with an adequate range of knowledge displayed. <br> - Range of musical vocabulary is quite broad and is mostly used correctly. <br> - Most of the skills needed to produce effective writing will be present but there will be lapses in clarity and organisation. Some spelling, punctuation and grammar errors will be present. |
| Level 4 | $7-8$ <br> Good analysing and evaluating skills | - Relevant information regarding the question and set work(s) is conveyed and omissions will be minor. <br> - Knowledge of the set work(s) key features will be good, with both range and some depth of knowledge displayed. <br> - Range of musical vocabulary is broad and is mostly used correctly. <br> - The skills needed to produce convincing writing are mostly in place. Good clarity and organisation. Some spelling, punctuation and grammar errors will be found but overall the writing will be coherent. |
| Level 5 | $9-10$ <br> Excellent analysing and evaluating skills | - Relevant information regarding the set work(s) is conveyed and any omissions are negligible. <br> - Knowledge of the set work(s) key features will be excellent, with a wide range and depth of knowledge displayed. <br> - Range of music vocabulary is extensive and any errors in usage are minor. <br> - All the skills needed to produce convincing writing are in place. Excellent clarity and organisation. Very few spelling, punctuation and/or grammar errors will be found and they will not detract from the overall coherence. |

Telephone 01623467467
Fax 01623450481
Email publication.orders@edexcel.com
Order Code UG036475 Summer 2013

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit our website

