

**General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2012** 

Music 42701

(Specification 4270)

**Unit 1:Listening to and Appraising Music** 

# **Final**

Mark Scheme

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all examiners participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each examiner analyses a number of students' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## AQA GCSE Music 42701 Listening to and Appraising Music 2012

The notion of positive marking must be recognised during the marking process. There are two aspects of marking schemes which should assist this:

- (a) 'Point marking' is where specific answers are required by the question. The range of other acceptable answers is clarified at the Examiners' Standardisation Meeting.
- (b) Where possible, the range of accepted responses is indicated but, because some questions are more open-ended in their nature, further answers may be equally worthy of credit. The degree of acceptability is clarified at Standardisation and subsequently with the Team Leader as necessary.

## Question 1: Lennon & M<sup>c</sup>Cartney

#### Total for this question: 6 marks

(a)	6 (allow 3)	1 mark
(b)	3	1 mark
(c)	chromatic movement	1 mark
(d)	subdominant	1 mark
(e)	relative minor	1 mark
(f)	clarinet (allow any)	1 mark

## **Question 2: Men of Harlech**

## Total for this question: 6 marks

(a) male voice choir 1 mark

one mark per correct phrase mark in bars 3 – 8

3 marks

- (c) homophonic / chordal (allow harmonic / hymn-like) 1 mark
- (d) (it gets) quieter (1) / changes from loud to quiet (1) /
  gets loud(er again) towards the end (1) 1 mark

### **Question 3: Michael Jackson**

Total for this question: 5 marks

(a) glissando (1) riff (1)

2 marks

(b) two of

2 marks

- ascending
- mostly stepwise
- starts with rising 4<sup>th</sup>
- covers an octave
- (ends with) gliss / pitch bend
- (major any) scale / scalic
- off-beat / syncopated
- sustained note at end
- (c) major (ignore any qualifying letter)

1 mark

**Question 4: Purcell** 

Total for this question: 5 marks

(a) 3/4, 3/8, 3/2

1 mark

(b) five

1 mark

(c) melody with accompaniment

1 mark

(d) continuo (1) ground bass (1)

2 marks

**Question 5: Brahms** 

Total for this question: 8 marks

(a) acciaccatura / crush note / grace note

1 mark

(b) pedal (allow drone)

1 mark

(c)



one mark per correct note

one mark for correct shape if started on wrong note

5 marks

(d) perfect

1 mark

## Question 6 Total for this question: 7 marks

## **Excerpt A: There's room enough**

(a) male; allow any (male) voice ensemble including barbershop, TB 1 mark

(b) a capella (1) homophonic (1)

2 marks

## **Excerpt B: Paul Simon**

(c) 4/4, 2/4, 2/2, C, Common Time, **C**, Split Common Time 1 mark

(d) (i) they are all major 1 mark (ii) C 1 mark

(e) (penny) whistle / (tin) whistle / piccolo / flute / (sopranino) recorder / fife 1 mark

. . .

### **Question 7: Delius and Ireland**

D-1:..-

### Total for this question: 6 marks

- Credit can be given only for comments which refer to rhythm, metre and/or dynamics.
- Candidates must make clear the context of their comment.
- Any relevant point should be credited, whether or not it makes a direct comparison.
- The maximum mark is 3 if candidates deal only with one piece.

Delius	Ireland	
Rhythm use of rubato rhythm unclear (initially)	march (style) regular beat / pulse	
long notes (in accompaniment) sustained note (accompaniment)	chords move with melody's rhythm	
melody combines notes of different values / long & short notes	melody includes triplets use of 'scotch snap' rhythm in march tune / use of dotted rhythms	
Metre 4/4 or 2/4 or 2/2 or (Split) Common Time time signature unclear (especially initially)	4/4 or 2/4 or 2/2 or (Split) Common Time	
Dynamics mp / mf generally a low dynamic slight dynamic changes flute louder (than harp)	(starts) fairly loud gets quieter louder (to end of the excerpt) N.B. these could be summed up by reference to a wide / varied dynamic range	
any other valid points	any other valid points	

• credit can also be given for correctly notated, clearly identified and relevant rhythmic and / or melodic fragments: award 1 mark for each which qualifies.

Question 8 Total for this question: 7 marks

## **Excerpt A: Raga Abhogi**

(a)	flute / bansuri (ie Indian)	1 mark
(b)	mordent (1) portamento (1)	2 marks
(c)	accompanied melody / melody with accompaniment	1 mark

## **Excerpt B: Trinidad farewell**

(d) steel drums / steel pans 1 mark

(e) C 1 mark

(f) major 1 mark

### **Question 9: Bizet**

## Total for this question: 6 marks

(a) tenor (1) baritone / bass (1)

2 marks

(b) andante / moderato 1 mark

(c)  $A^1A^2B$  1 mark

(d) perfect 1 mark

(e) 4/4, C, Common Time, 2/4, 2/2, **C**, Split Common Time 1 mark

### **Question 10: ELO**

## Total for this question: 7 marks

(a) drum kit / drum set (**not** just 'drums') / electric drum kit (not drum machine)

1 mark

(b) riff 1 mark

(c) B 1 mark

(d) one mark for each correct answer 4 marks

w = bar 3

x = bar 8

y = bar 12 (accept bar 11)

z = bar 14

**Question 11** 

#### Total for this question: 9 marks **Excerpt A: Tchaikovsky** (a) B (1) E (1) 2 marks (b) timpani / kettle drums / bass drum / snare drum / cymbals (not just 'drum') 1 mark 1 mark (c) two **Excerpt B: Gladiator** (d) (i) chord 2: major 1 mark chord 3: minor (ii) 1 mark (e) get quieter / (now) piano / p 1 mark (f) crescendo 1 mark (g) major 1 mark **Question 12** Total for this question: 8 marks **Excerpt A: Woody Herman** 1 mark (a) sequence f / forte / ff / fortissimo (allow loud / very loud) (b) 1 mark sax / saxophones (any) 1 mark (c) **Excerpt B: Glenn Miller** (d) syncopation 1 mark (e) walking bass 1 mark **Excerpt C: Bee Gees** 108 (f) 1 mark semibreves 1 mark (g) (h) 1 mark falsetto