Surname

Centre Number

Candidate Number

Other Names



GCSE

4352/02



MATHEMATICS (UNITISED SCHEME) UNIT 2: Non-Calculator Mathematics HIGHER TIER

A.M. WEDNESDAY, 13 January 2016

1 hour 15 minutes

CALCULATORS ARE NOT TO BE USED FOR THIS PAPER

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

Take π as 3.14.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication (including mathematical communication) used in your answer to question **2**.

For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	3	
2.	7	
3.	3	
4.	5	
5.	4	
6.	2	
7.	4	
8.	5	
9.	3	
10.	3	
11.	3	
12.	4	
13.	3	
14.	6	
15.	6	
16.	4	
Total	65	

Formula List

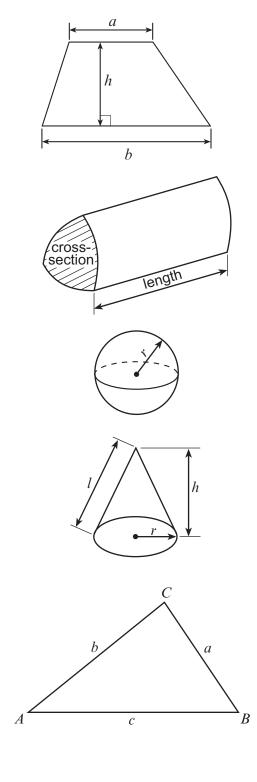
Area of trapezium =
$$\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$$

Volume of prism = area of cross-section × length

Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of cone
$$=\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$



$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

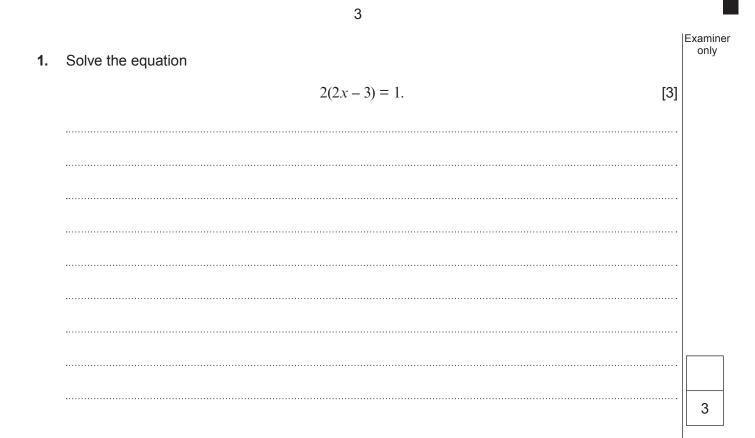
In any triangle ABC

Sine rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$ Cosine rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ Area of triangle $= \frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

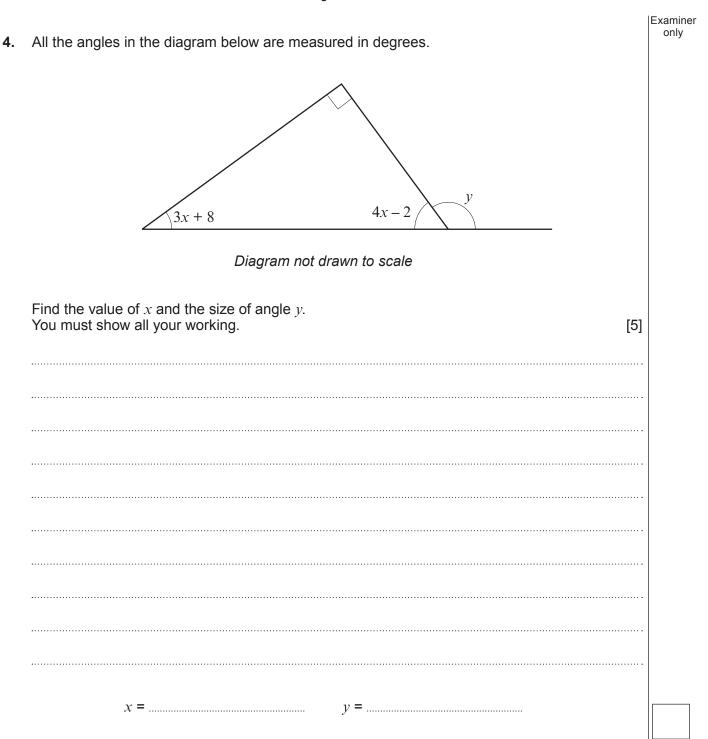
where $a \neq 0$ are given by



Examiner only 2. You will be assessed on the quality of your written communication in this question. Dewi makes candles to sell on a stall at the Saturday market. One week, he makes 60 small candles and 20 large candles. A small candle costs £2.50 to make and is sold for £6. A large candle costs £5 to make and is sold for £11. The market manager charges Dewi £40 for use of the stall at the market. At the end of the day, Dewi has 12 small candles and 8 large candles left. Calculate the overall profit that Dewi has made from making and selling candles that week. You must show all your working. [7]

3. Sarita's hair grows at an approximate rate of 12·5 mm per month. Assuming her hair continues to grow at this rate, what length of hair will Sarita grow in 10 years? Give your answer in metres. [3]

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5.	Megan and Carys were running the 1500 m race in their school sports day.	Examiner only
	Megan recorded a time of 5 minutes and 20 seconds. Carys recorded a time of 6 minutes and 4 seconds.	
	Megan claimed that Carys took 15% longer than she did.	
	Was Megan correct?You must show all your working.[4]	
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4

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6.	Write down an expression for the <i>n</i> th term of the following sequence. -9, -4, 1, 6, 11, 16, [2]	Examiner only
	<i>n</i> th term	

7. Charlie's school is organising a Summer Fayre.

Charlie is making a spinner for his stall. A sketch of his spinner is shown below.

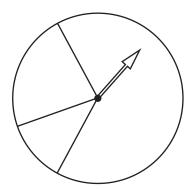


Diagram not drawn to scale

The spinner has three sectors, each to be painted a different colour: purple, orange or white. The sectors are **not** of equal size.

- The angle made by the white sector at the centre of the circle is 234°.
- The probability that the spinner lands on the white sector is three times the probability that the spinner lands on the orange sector.

Calculate the probability that the spinner lands on the purple sector. Express your answer as a fraction in its lowest terms.

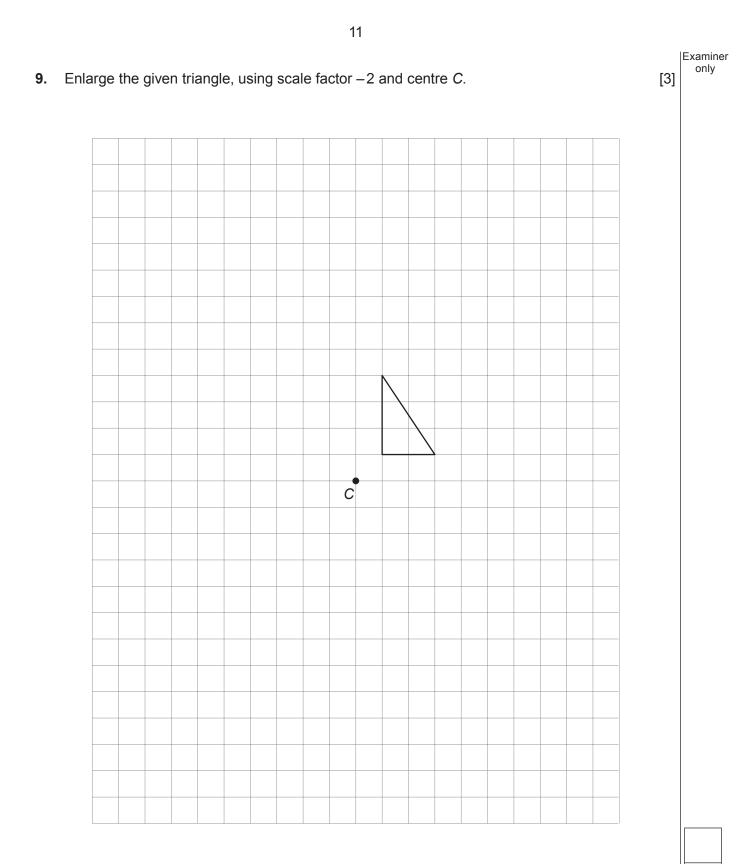
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[4]

4

Examiner only

(a)	Express 350 as a product of its prime factors in index form.	[3]	Exan on
(b)	As a product of its prime factors, 12800 can be expressed as $2^9 \times 5^2$. How do you know that 12800 is not a square number?	[1]	
(C)	Write the number 0.00000723 in standard form.	[1]	



Examiner only Use the axes below to draw the line with equation x + 3y = 6 for values of x from 0 to 6. 10. (a) [2] y 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 χ 2 3 6 0 5 1 4

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(b) Write down the equation of **another** line which is parallel to the line with equation x + 3y = 6.

[1]

11. Make w the subject of the following formula.

 $9w^2 + x^2 = 1$

 [3]

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12.	Mathew is playing with toy cars and lorries.	Examiner only
	He arranges 4 cars and 1 lorry in a straight line. The line is 35 cm long. He then arranges 2 cars and 3 lorries in a straight line. This line is 40 cm long.	
	All the cars are the same length and all the lorries are the same length.	
	Find the length of each car and each lorry.[4]You must use an algebraic method.[4]	
	Length of a toy car = cm	
	Length of a toy lorry = cm	

Examiner only **13.** The points *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* lie on the circumference of a circle, centre *O*. BD is a diameter of the circle and $\widehat{CAD} = 27^{\circ}$. В 0 Α 27° D Diagram not drawn to scale Find the size of \widehat{BDC} . [3] _____ 3

14.	(a)	Express 0.062 as a fraction. [2]	Examiner only
	(b)	Simplify $\sqrt{5}(4+3\sqrt{5}) - \sqrt{5}(2+\sqrt{5})$. [2]	
	(C)	Evaluate $\left(\frac{25}{9}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$. [2]	
	·····		
			6

Examiner only

15. Each of the numbers 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3 is written on a card. Two of the cards are selected at random, without being replaced. Find the probability that the product of the numbers selected is a square number. (a) [3] (b) Find the probability that the sum of the numbers selected is 3. [3]

17

6

