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## GCSE MARKING SCHEME

## SUMMER 2016

## GCSE MATHEMATICS LINKED PAIR APPLICATIONS UNIT 2 HIGHER 4362-02

## INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2016 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

## APPLICATIONS OF MATHEMATICS UNIT 2 (HIGHER TIER) SUMMER 2016

| Applications of Mathematics <br> Unit 2 Higher Tier | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1. $0.09 \times 349$ or equivalent <br> (f)31.41 AND any choice of 1 D \& 1 flexible lock | M1 <br> A1 | Needs to show attempt to price 1 D and 1 flexible <br> lock <br> Accept 'Lock 1 and 2(nd) flexible lock' provided it <br> is clear that 2(nd) refers to a flexible lock |
| Lock 1 AND lock 6 selected | A1 | B |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Applications of Mathematics Unit 2 Higher Tier \& Mark \& Comments \\
\hline 3(a)(i) Lowri: perimeter \((2.3+2.3+4.6+4.6=) 13.8(\mathrm{~m})\)
Tom: length \(13.8 \div 4\)
\(3.45(\mathrm{~m})\) \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { B1 } \\
\text { M1 } \\
\text { A1 }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
FT 'their sum of 4 measurements' \(\div 4\) \\
If no marks, award SC1 for sight of 4.6(m) or 6.9(m) \\
Alternative:
\[
\begin{array}{ll}
(2.3+4.6) \div 2 \& M 2 \\
3.45(m) \& A 1
\end{array}
\]
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
(ii) Dewi: area \(\pi \times 1.8^{2}\) \\
Answer in the range 10.17 to 10.183 or \(10.2\left(\mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)\)
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { M1 } \\
\text { A1 }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \\
\hline (b) \& \& If inequalities are used they must be correct. \\
\hline Age: Use of non-overlapping groups (at least 3) and no gaps in groups for ages \& B1 \& Need not start at 0 or 1, e.g. first group \(15-25\) etc. Do not accept e.g. 'Under 16, 17 to 25, 26 to 34, 35 or over' (because there is no 16), or ' \(0-16\), \(17-25,26-34,34+\) ' (as 34 has two options) \\
\hline Tent owner: 'Yes' and 'No' options \& B1 \& Ignore including 'other' or 'renting' or similar \\
\hline Number of holidays: Use of non-overlapping groups (at least 3) and no gaps in groups given, or list of numbers to indicate (if not starting at 0 , it should start at 1) \& B1 \& \\
\hline (ii) Reason, e.g. 'helps summarise', or 'smaller number of categories to manage', or 'can't list them all', or 'easier to see trends', or 'easier to read' \& E1

9 \& Accept 'easier to compare', 'narrows the data options' <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



| Applications of Mathematics <br> Unit 2 Higher Tier | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |



| Applications of Mathematics Unit 2 Higher Tier | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(a) <br> (i) $\tan \mathrm{R}=12 / 28$ <br> $23.2\left(^{\circ}\right.$ ) or $23\left(.19859 \ldots{ }^{\circ}\right)$ <br> (ii) (rise $=$ ) $34 \times \tan 23.19859 \ldots\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ or $34 \times 12 / 28$ $14.6(\mathrm{~cm}) \text { or } 14.5714 \ldots(\mathrm{~mm})$ <br> (b) $\mathrm{x} / 30=12 / 20$ or $\mathrm{x}=12 \times 30 / 20$ or $\mathrm{x}=1.5 \times 12$ or equivalent $18 \text { (mm) }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A2 } \\ \text { M2 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | Trigonometry must be used in (a)(i) and (ii) <br> A1 for $\tan ^{-1} 0.42857 \ldots$ <br> FT 'their derived $23.2^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ <br> M1 for $\tan 23.2=r / 34$ <br> Must show ratio or similar triangle working, not use of 'tan' <br> MUST FT from working |
| 8. $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{p}+35 \mathrm{r}=18(.) 06 \text { AND } \\ & 7 \mathrm{p}+88 \mathrm{r}=37(.) 49 \end{aligned}$ <br> Method to solve simultaneous equation, allow an error but not in the equated variable with an attempt to subtract <br> First variable correct <br> Method to calculate second variable <br> Second variable correct $(£ 25-(3 \mathrm{p}+62 \mathrm{r})=)(£) 3.59 \text { or } 359(\mathrm{p})$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> m1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> 6 | Or equivalent <br> FT provided at least one equation is correct and consistent place value <br> Accept in $£$ or $\mathrm{p} \quad$ poles $£ 2.59$ <br> rings 22 pence <br> Accept in $£$ or p <br> (An answer of $£ 21.41$ is the cost of $3 \mathrm{p}+62 \mathrm{r}$ ) FT 'their p ' and 'their r ' provided M 1 and m 1 previously awarded and both are >0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9. Use of } n=4 \\ & \\ & (1+0.026 / 4)^{4}-1 \\ & \text { AER } 2.63(\%) \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A2 <br> 4 | Accept sight of an index of 4 , irrespective of the fraction denominator within the bracket <br> Correct substitution in the formula given A1 for $0.0262546 \ldots$ rounded or truncated, or incorrect rounding or truncation of the AER percentage. Mark final answer (box takes priority) |


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| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { 13(a) Semi-circular } 1 / 2 \times \pi \times 14^{2} \quad \underset{(=307.876 \ldots \times 10)}{(\times 10)}$ | M1 | Area or volume calculation |
| Rectangular $28 \times(60-14)(\times 10)$ | M1 | Area or volume calculation |
| Volume $\quad 1 / 2 \times \pi \times 14^{2} \times 10+28 \times(60-14) \times 10$ | m1 | Fully correct volume calculation that could lead to a correct answer |
| 16 (litres) | A2 | A1 for sight of 15957 to $15960\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ or $16000\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ <br> FT provided at least M1 previously awarded and the volume is dimensionally correct, e.g. full circle + rectangle considered leads to 19 (litres) for A2, or 19037 (. 52 litres) or 19038 for A1 |
| (b) Enlargement length ratio $\times 75 / 60$ or $\times 1.25$ or equivalent | B1 |  |
| 'Volume $\times 1.25^{3}$ ' or equivalent <br> (Using 16 litres, volume becomes 31.25) 31(litres) | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | FT their answer to (a) $\times 1.25^{3}$ correctly rounded to nearest whole number of litres (Using 15.959 litres volume become 31(.1699...) litres) <br> Alternative: <br> New dimensions are 12.5 cm depth, 35 cm width and 75 height so: <br> Enlargement length ratio $\times 75 / 60$ or $\times 1.25 \quad$ B1 $\begin{array}{cc}1 / 2 \times \pi \times 17.5^{2} \times 12.5 \\ 31 \text { (litres) }\end{array}+35 \times(75-17.5) \times 12.5 \quad$ M1 |
|  | 8 |  |

