Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



GCSE LINKED PAIR PILOT

4363/01

METHODS IN MATHEMATICS UNIT 1: Methods (Non-Calculator)

A.M. MONDAY, 9 June 2014

1 hour 30 minutes

FOUNDATION TIER

CALCULATORS ARE NOT TO BE USED FOR THIS PAPER

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

Take π as 3.14.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

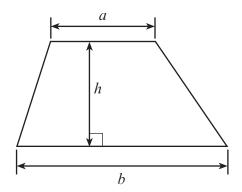
The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication (including mathematical communication) used in your answer to question 5.

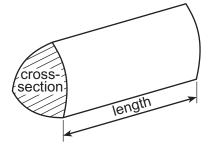
For Examiner's use only										
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded								
1.	8									
2.	4									
3.	4									
4.	8									
5.	6									
6.	6									
7.	5									
8.	4									
9.	9									
10.	4									
11.	4									
12.	4									
13.	3									
14.	4									
15.	3									
16.	4									
Total	80									

Formula List

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$



Volume of prism = area of cross-section × length



1.

[1]
[1]
[1]

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(ii)	Write down, in words, the number 550 000.	[1]
(i)	Write down the sum of 129 and 251.	[1]
(ii)	Write down the difference between 83 and 67.	[1]
(iii)	Write down the answer when 9 is multiplied by 6.	[1]
(iv)	Write down the answer when 65 is divided by 5.	[1]
(i)	Write 2187 to the nearest 10.	[1]
(ii)	Write 54478 to the nearest 1000.	[1]
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	(i) Write down the sum of 129 and 251. (ii) Write down the difference between 83 and 67. (iii) Write down the answer when 9 is multiplied by 6. (iv) Write down the answer when 65 is divided by 5.

2. Match each event to its chance of happening. One is done for you.

[4]

Obtaining a red counter when selecting one counter at random from a bag containing 5 red and 5 yellow counters

CERTAIN

Obtaining a number less than 7 when rolling a fair dice numbered 1 to 6

LIKELY

Obtaining a number greater than 1 when rolling a fair dice numbered 1 to 6

EVEN CHANCE

Obtaining a blue counter when selecting one counter at random from a bag containing 5 red and 5 yellow counters

UNLIKELY

Obtaining the number 4 when rolling a fair dice numbered 1 to 6

IMPOSSIBLE

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Complete the following table.
The first row has been done for you.

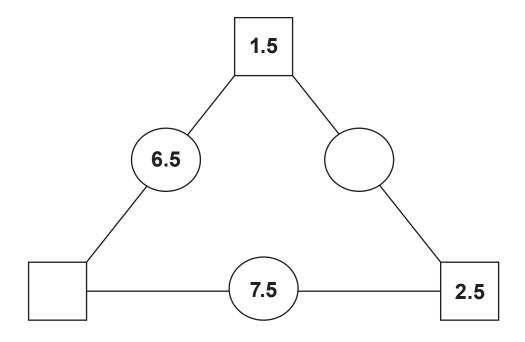
3.

[4]

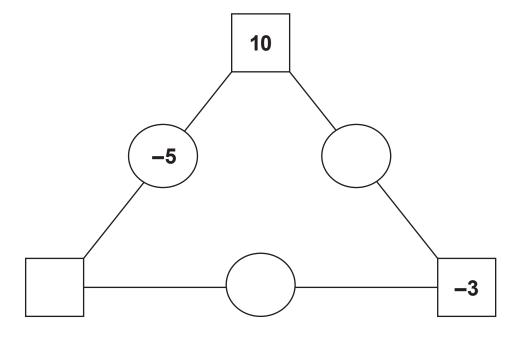
Angle	Name of angle	Reason
	Acute	The angle is between 0° and 90°

Turn over.

The number in each circle is equal to the sum of the two numbers in the squares on either 4. side of the circle.
Fill in the missing numbers in each of the following diagrams.

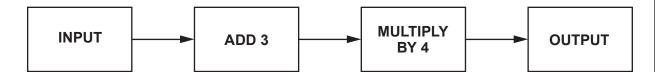


[2]



[3]

(b) The diagram below shows a number machine.



Using the number machine, calculate

- (i) the **OUTPUT** when the **INPUT** is 9, [1]
- (ii) the **OUTPUT** when the **INPUT** is -1, [1]
- (iii) the **INPUT** when the **OUTPUT** is 28. [1]

4363 010007 **5.** You will be assessed on the quality of your written communication in this question.

Both Len's Store and Deb's Store sell the same moisturising lotion, in the same sized bottles.

LEN'S STORE

Moisturising Lotion 90p

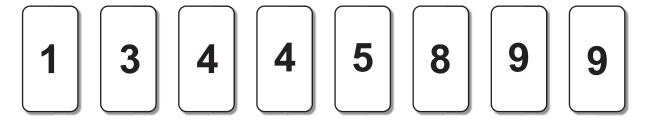
Buy three get 4th free



Siwan needs to buy 12 bottles of moisturising lotion. Which of the two stores has the better offer for Siwan? You must show all your working.	[6]
	<u>.</u>

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6.



One card is chosen at random from the cards shown above.

Write down the probability of selecting each of the following

(a)	the number 5,	[1]
(b)	a number less than 4,	[1]
(c)	a multiple of 2,	[1]
(d)	a square number,	[1]
(e)	a prime number,	[1]
(f)	the square root of 16.	[1]

© WJEC CBAC Ltd. (4363-01) Turn over.

	(a)	;	Sho	ow	ing	g a	ll y	/Ol	ır '	wc	ork	kin	g,	wr	ite	1/2	,	<u>5</u> ,	ar	nd $\frac{7}{2}$	3 1	n c	orde	er,	sta	rtir	ng '	witl	n th	ne	larç	ges	st.	[[3]	Exami only
	•••••		• • • • • •					• • • • •										••••		••••		• • • • •		• • • • •			••••									
																		••••		••••															••••	
	(b)	١	Wri	te (dov	wn	50		as	а	fra	ecti	on	of	£4	4 ir	 1 it	 S S	im	ple	st i	for	m.]	 [2]	
			• • • • • •																						••••		••••									
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Examiner only

8.

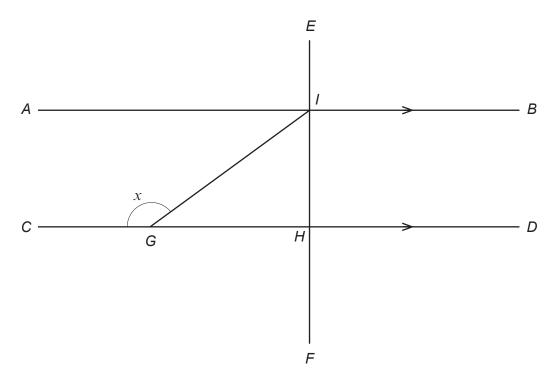


Diagram not drawn to scale

The line <i>AB</i> is parallel The line <i>CD</i> is perpendiring the size of angle	dicular to the line <i>EF</i> sceles triangle.	₹.		[4]
			 	•••••

9.	(a)	Simplify $x + 2x + 5x$.	[1]
	(b)	Simplify $10a + 7b - 12a + 2b$.	[2]
	(c)	Find the value of $10x + 3y$, when $x = -4$ and $y = 5$.	[2]
	(d)	Expand $2x(3y + 7)$.	[2]
	(e)	Factorise $10ab - 25a$.	[2]

10. (a) A bag contains only red, yellow, green and blue coloured sweets. The table below shows the probability of choosing each colour of sweet, when one sweet is chosen at random from the bag.

Colour	Red	Yellow	Green	Blue
Probability	0.2	0.15	0.25	

	(i)	What is the probability of choosing a blue sweet?	[2]
	(ii)	Which two colours are the least likely to be chosen?	[1]
(b)		a different bag of sweets, the probability of choosing a purple sweet is 0·7. It is the probability of not choosing a purple sweet?	[1]

11.

$$6c + 3$$

$$3c + 6$$

$$c + 3$$

$$6(c + 3)$$

$$\frac{c+3}{6}$$

$$3(c + 6)$$

$$\frac{c}{6}$$
 + 3

Fill in the table below to match each statement with one of the expressions given above.

[4]

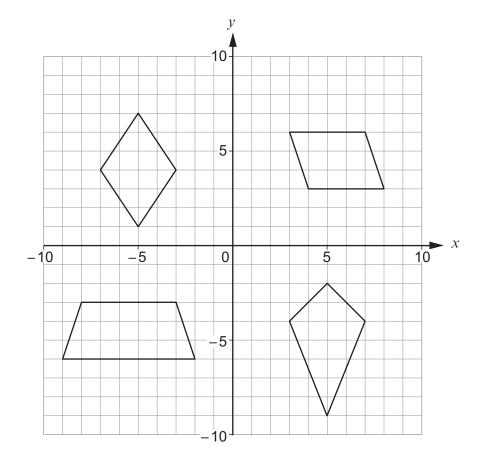
STATEMENT	EXPRESSION
Three times a number c	
Add 3 to a number \emph{c} and then multiply this total by 6	
Three times a number \emph{c} and then add 6	
Add 3 to a number $\it c$ and then divide this total by 6	

[1]

12. (a) Write down the name of a quadrilateral with diagonals that are equal in length. [1]

(b) Write down the name of a quadrilateral with rotational symmetry of order 2. [1]

(c) The diagram below shows four quadrilaterals drawn on a grid.



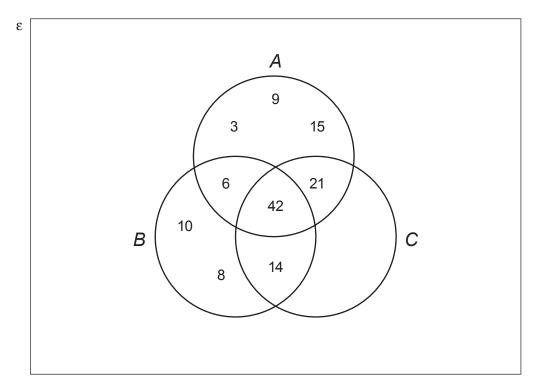
(i) Write down the coordinates of the centre of rotational symmetry of the rhombus. [1]

(......)

(ii) Write down the coordinates of the intersection of the diagonals of the kite.

(...... ,)

13. The Venn Diagram below shows all the values of a given universal set, which have been placed within the subsets *A*, *B* and *C*.



(a) The descriptions for Set A and Set B are given below. Complete the description for Set C.

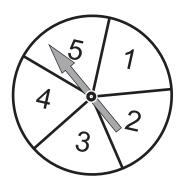
[1]

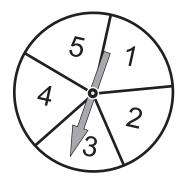
- Set A: multiples of 3
- Set B: multiples of 2
- Set C: multiples of
- (b) The numbers 28 and 35 are to be included in the universal set. Write 28 and 35 in the correct positions in the Venn diagram above.

$\Gamma \cap$	•
ı /	

 4 .	4. There are two regular polygons, X and Y. The size of each exterior angle in regular polygon X, is 9°. Each interior angle of regular polygon Y is 120°.					
	Complete the sentence	es below.				[4]
		Regular polygon X h	as	sides.		
		Regular polygon Yh	as	sides.		
						······································
						······•
						······································
15.	<i>A</i>	B 			<i>C</i> -•	
		Diagram not di	rawn to scale	•		
	ABC is a straight line, A	A <i>B:BC</i> is 3:8 and the lead	ngth of <i>BC</i> =	36 cm.		[3]
						· · · · · · ·

16.





The two spinners are spun. The score is the total of the two numbers shown on the spinners.

The score shown above is eight.

There are two different game cards, card A and card B. A game is played, crossing out the scores from the spinners on the game card as the spinners are spun repeatedly.

The first game card with all four scores crossed out is the winning card.

Game card A

3	2
9	10

Game card B

4	6
5	7

Which game card is more likely to be the winning card? You must show your working and give a reason for your answer.	
	······
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

Examiner only

END OF PAPER