

Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



GCSE

4370/05

**MATHEMATICS – LINEAR
PAPER 1
HIGHER TIER**

A.M. TUESDAY, 11 June 2013

2 hours

Suitable for Modified Language Candidates

**CALCULATORS ARE
NOT TO BE USED
FOR THIS PAPER**

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

Take π as 3.14.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

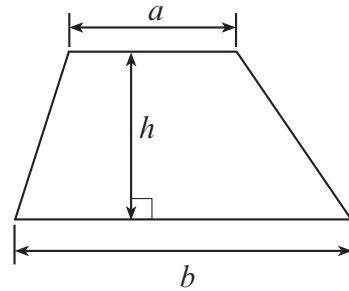
You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication (including mathematical communication) used in your answer to question 5.

For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1	3	
2	7	
3	5	
4	3	
5	9	
6	5	
7	3	
8	7	
9	5	
10	6	
11	5	
12	9	
13	3	
14	8	
15	6	
16	4	
17	12	
TOTAL MARK		

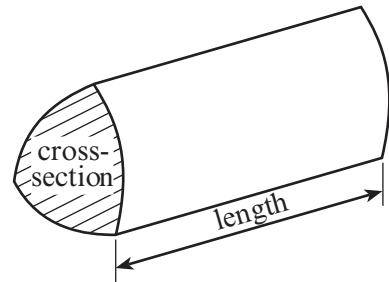


Formula List

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$

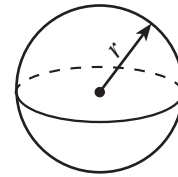


Volume of prism = area of cross-section \times length



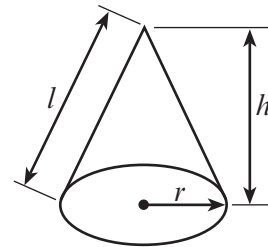
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$

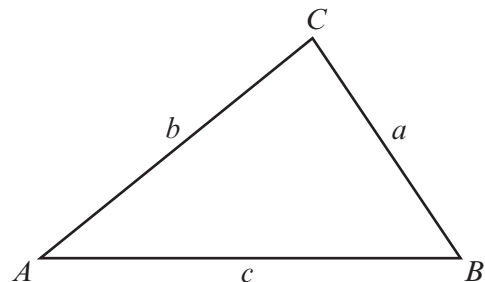


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$



The Quadratic Equation

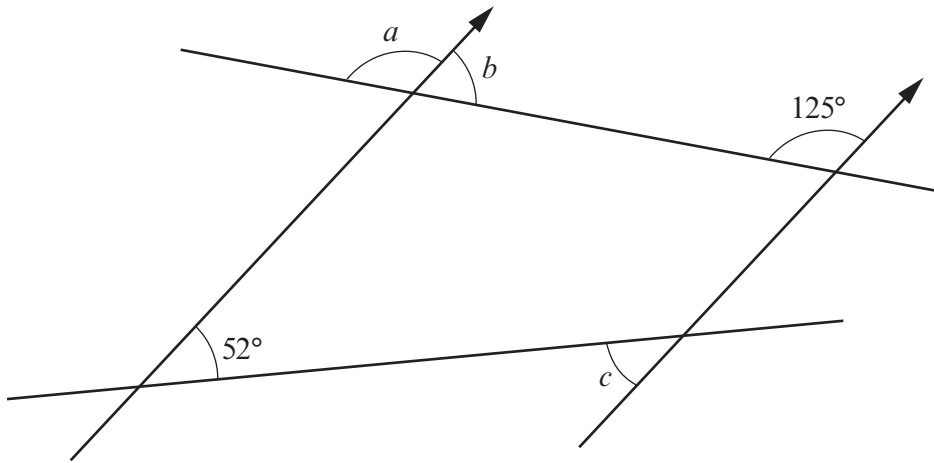
The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

where $a \neq 0$ are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$



1.

*Diagram not drawn to scale*Find the size of each of the angles a , b and c .

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$$a = \text{.....}^\circ \quad b = \text{.....}^\circ \quad c = \text{.....}^\circ$$

[3]

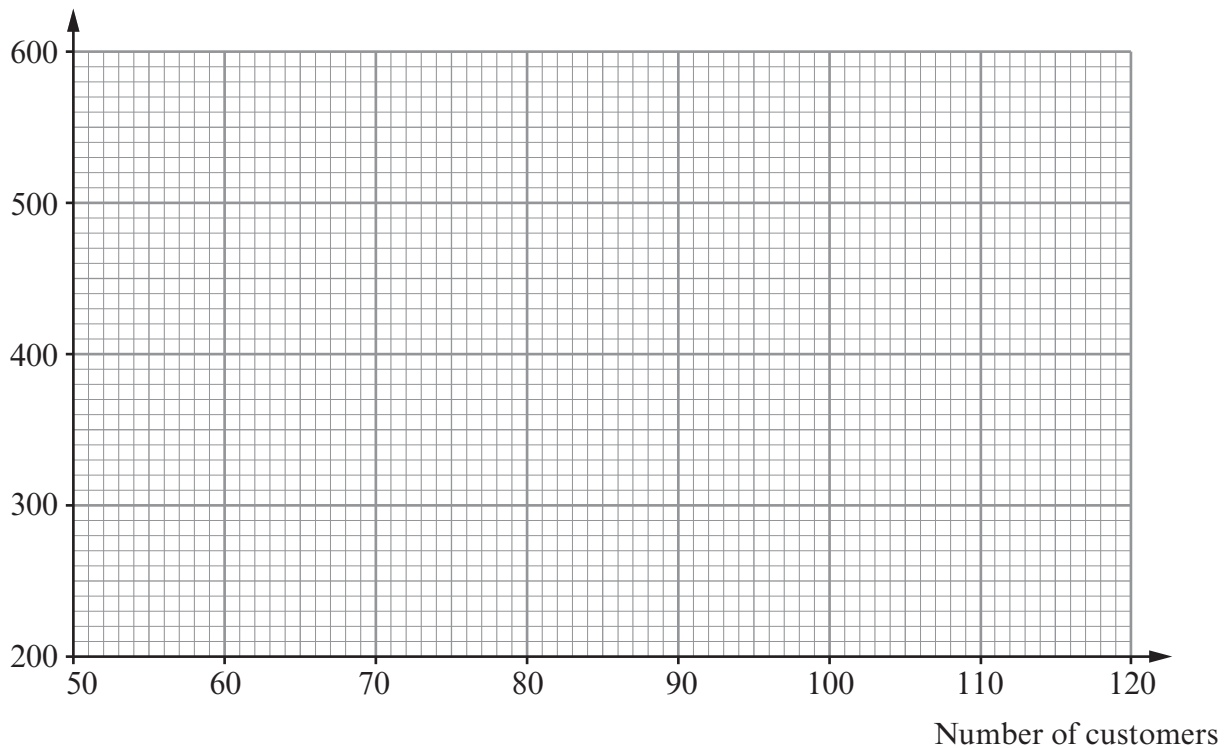


2. Every Friday for 6 weeks, the number of customers entering a sandwich shop and the takings of the shop were recorded. The takings were recorded correct to the nearest £10. The table below shows the results.

Number of customers	104	82	120	64	70	118
Takings, in £	510	420	590	320	340	560

- (a) On the graph paper below, draw a scatter diagram of these results.

Takings, in £



- (b) Write down the type of correlation that is shown by the scatter diagram.

[2]

- (c) Draw, by eye, a line of best fit on your scatter diagram.

[1]

[1]

- (d) Estimate the takings for a Friday when there are 90 customers.

[1]



(e) Approximately how much does a customer spend, on average, in the sandwich shop on a Friday?

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[2]

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3. Two types of banana are available to buy, Fairtrade and non-Fairtrade. Each type of banana costs 30p. The table below shows how the 30p is shared for each type of banana.

	Non-Fairtrade	 Fairtrade
Grower	2p	15p
Plantation owner	5p	2p
Wholesale importer	3p	2p
Shipper	4p	3p
Ripener	4p	2p
Seller	12p	6p
Total	30p	30p

- (a) Calculate the percentage of the cost of a banana that goes to the seller under

- (i) non-Fairtrade,

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- (ii) Fairtrade.

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(b) A newspaper report states that the Grower gets too small a proportion of the price of a non-Fairtrade banana. Explain, using fractions, how this has improved with the move to producing Fairtrade bananas.

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[2]

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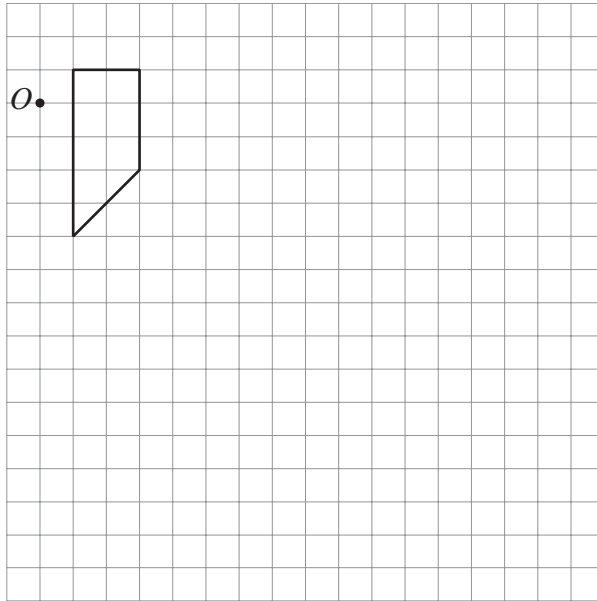
4. In answering this question, you must show all your construction arcs.
Construct an angle of 45° at the mid-point of the straight line below.
Use a ruler and a pair of compasses for your construction.
Label your angle 45° .



[3]

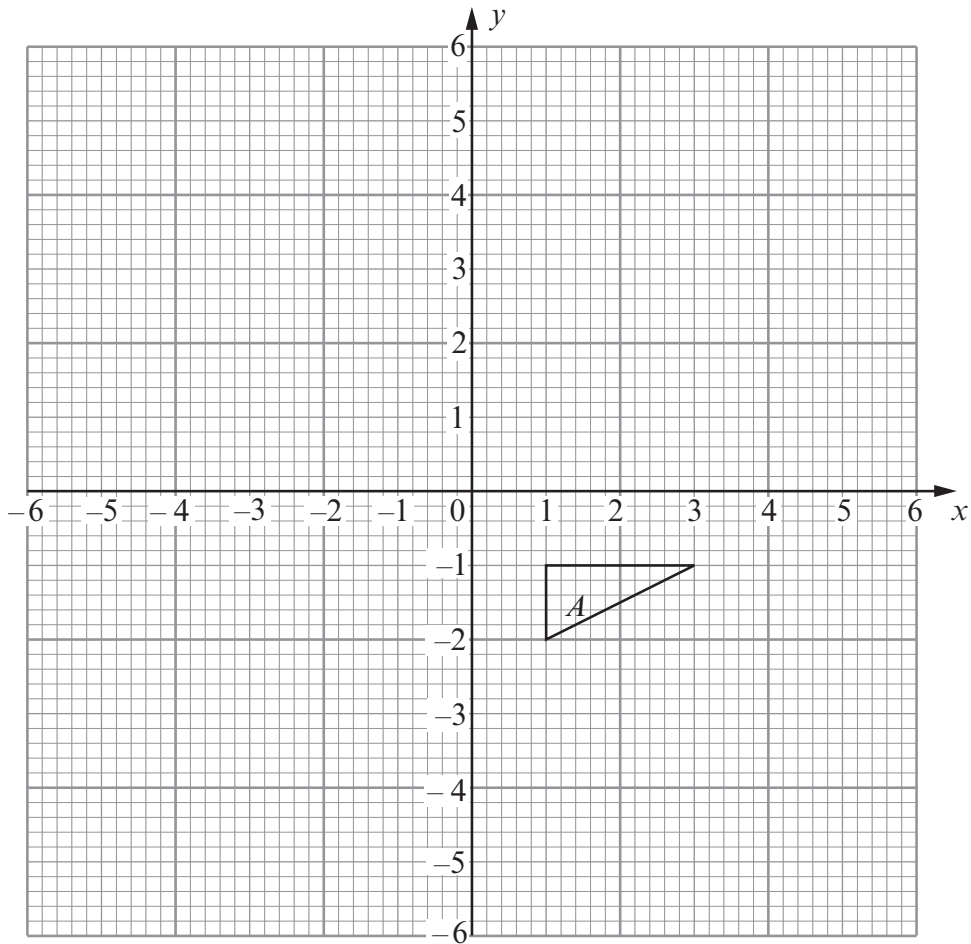


6. (a) Draw an enlargement of the trapezium using a scale factor of 2 and centre O .



[3]

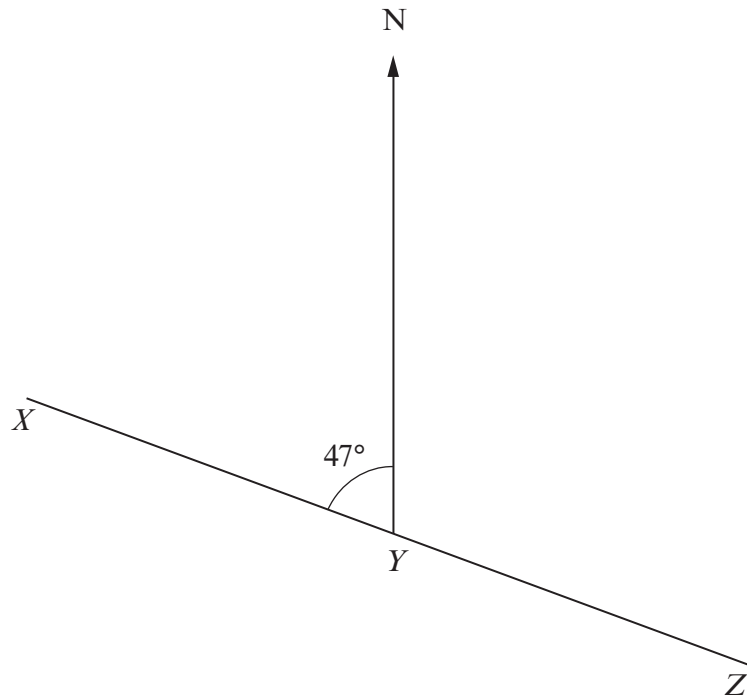
- (b) Rotate the triangle A through 90° anticlockwise about the point $(-1, -2)$.



[2]



7.

*Diagram not drawn to scale*

The above diagram shows three points X , Y and Z which lie on a straight line.

Calculate the bearing of

(a) Z from Y ,

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[1]

(b) X from Y .

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[2]



8. (a) Find the highest common factor of 90 and 105.

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[2]

(b) Find the lowest common multiple of 90 and 105.

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[2]

(c) Express 936 as a product of prime numbers in index form.

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10. Rearrange the following formulae to make y the subject.

(a) $y^2 - t = g$

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(b) $\frac{3y + w}{2y + 3} = 5$

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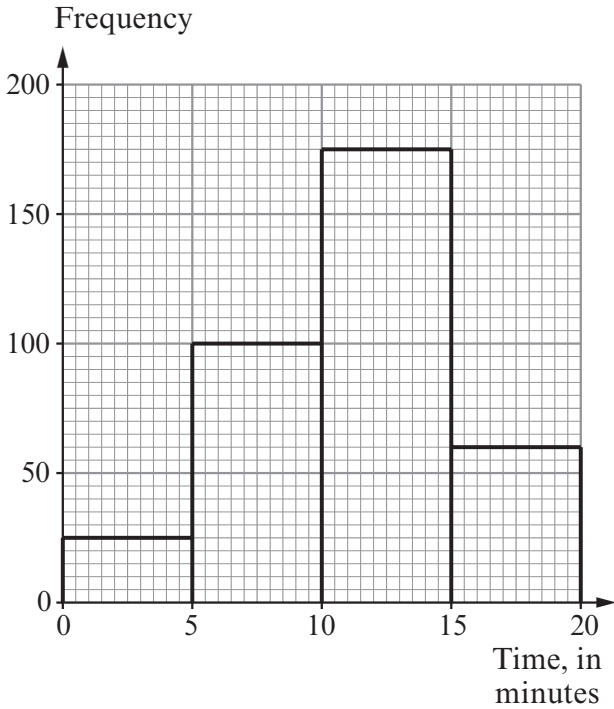
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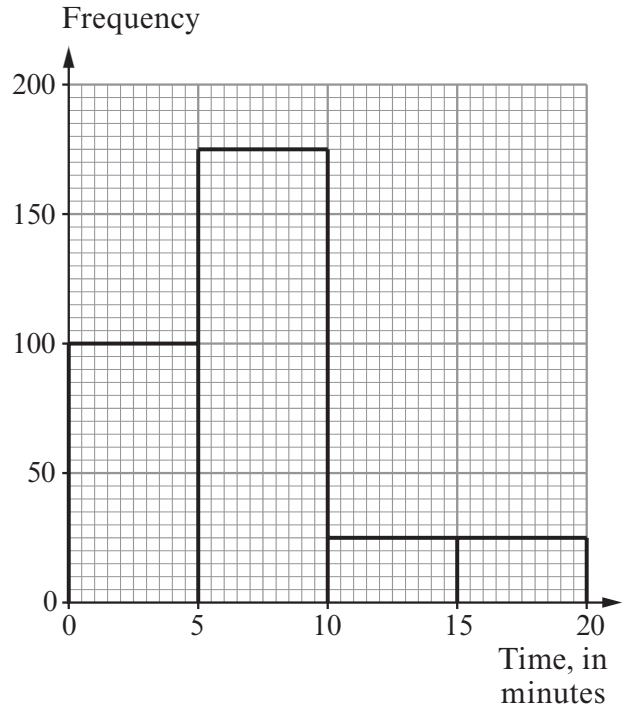


12. The frequency diagrams show the lengths of telephone calls taken by two online shopping companies one day in November.

Cat Boots UK



Shoes 4 All



(a) How many calls to Cat Boots UK lasted between 5 minutes and 15 minutes?

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[1]

(b) Which company had longer calls on average on this day?
Give a reason for your answer.

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[1]

(c) Complete the cumulative frequency table for Cat Boots UK times.

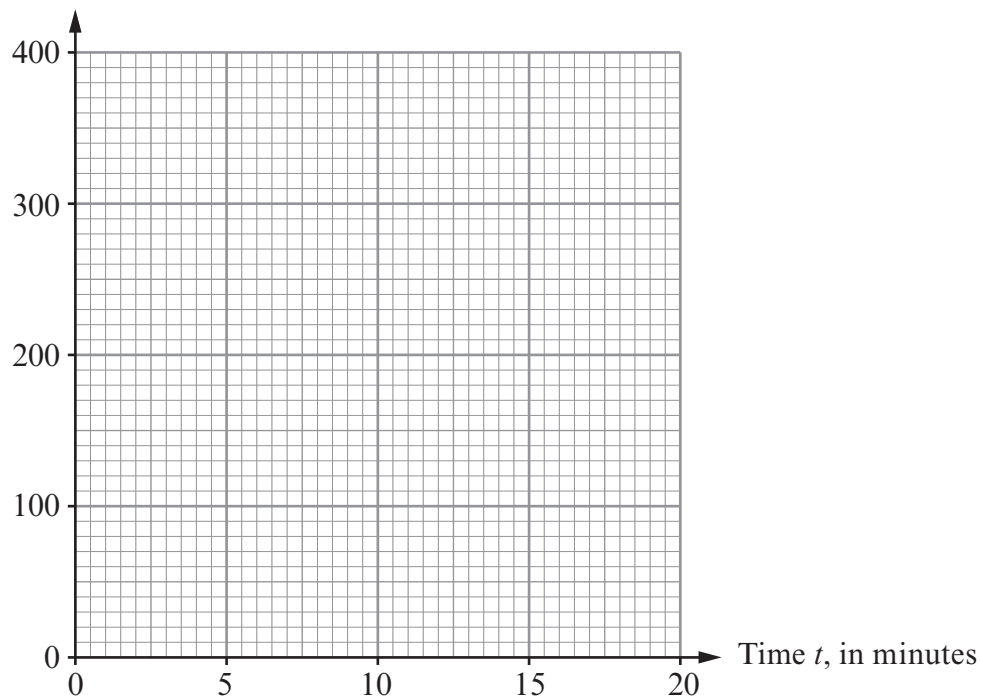
Time t , in minutes	$t \leq 5$	$t \leq 10$	$t \leq 15$	$t \leq 20$
Cumulative frequency				

[2]



- (d) Draw a cumulative frequency diagram for the Cat Boots UK information. Use the graph paper below for your diagram.

Cumulative frequency



[2]

- (e) Use your cumulative frequency diagram to find

(i) an estimate for the median time of calls to Cat Boots UK,

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(ii) an estimate for the inter-quartile range of the times for calls to Cat Boots UK.

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 [2]



13. A farmer has just enough food to feed x pigs for y days.

- (a) Write down an expression for the number of days the farmer could feed z pigs with the same amount of food.

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[2]

- (b) Write down an assumption you have made in answering part (a).

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14. (a) Express $\frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{x}{x+6}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form.

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[3]

(b) Simplify $\frac{49x^2 - 100}{14x + 20}$.

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[4]

(c) Simplify $\frac{(2x-5)^8}{(2x-5)^6}$.

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[1]



15. (a) Express $0.4\dot{3}\dot{5}$ as a fraction.

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[2]

(b) Express $100^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ as a fraction.

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[1]

(c) Given that $f = \sqrt{2}$, $g = \sqrt{5}$ and $h = \sqrt{10}$, find, in its simplest form,

(i) $\frac{fg}{h}$,

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[1]

(ii) $fg + h$,

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[1]

(iii) fh .

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[1]



16. The points A and B lie on the circumference of a circle with centre O .
The straight lines PAQ and RBQ are tangents to the circle.

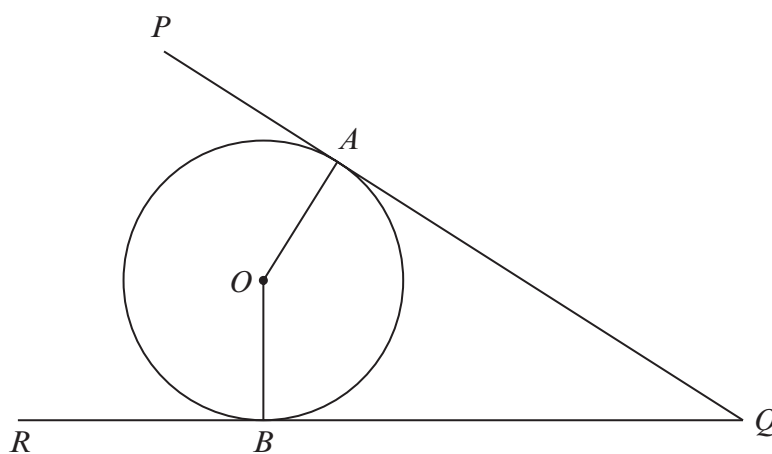


Diagram not drawn to scale

You are given that $\widehat{AQB} = 2x$, where x is measured in degrees.

Write down the size of \widehat{AOQ} in terms of x .
Give reasons in your answer.

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[4]



17. (a) In an experiment, it was found that the velocity, v m/s, of a particle at time t seconds was given by the equation $v = 5t - t^2$.

Draw the graph of $v = 5t - t^2$ for values of t from 0 to 5.

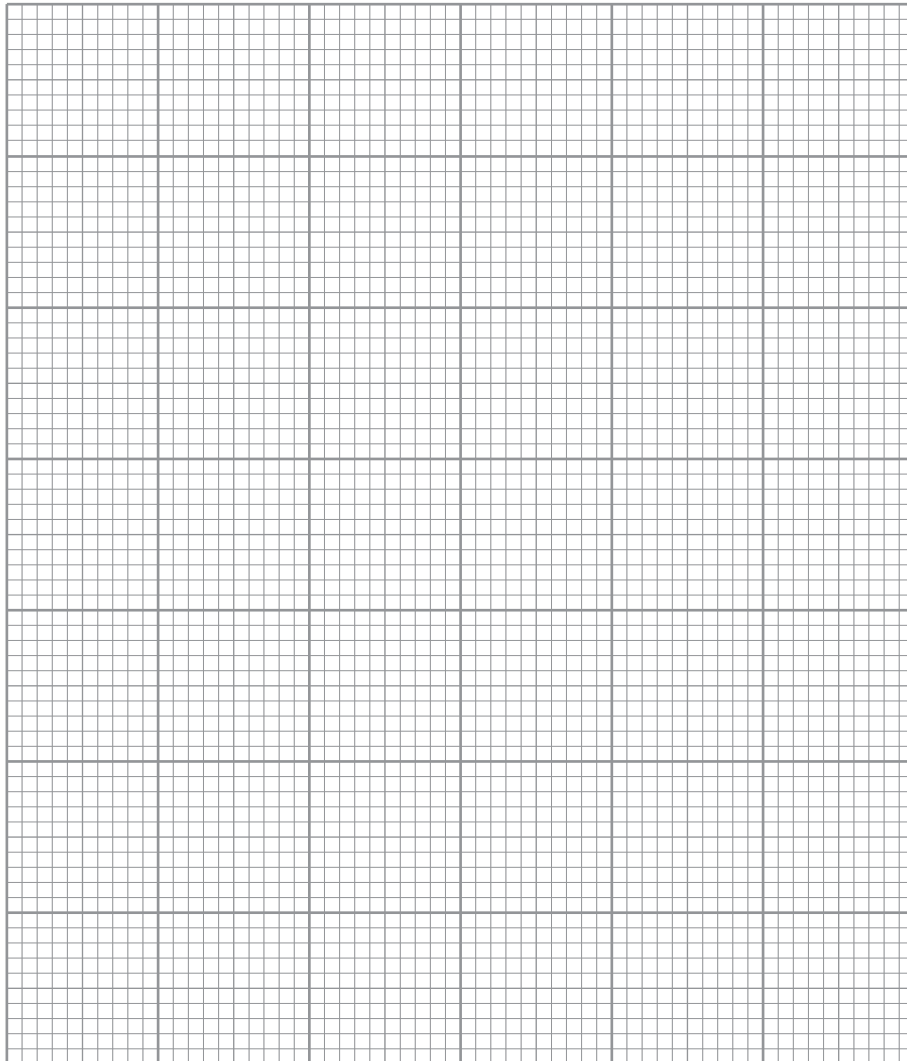
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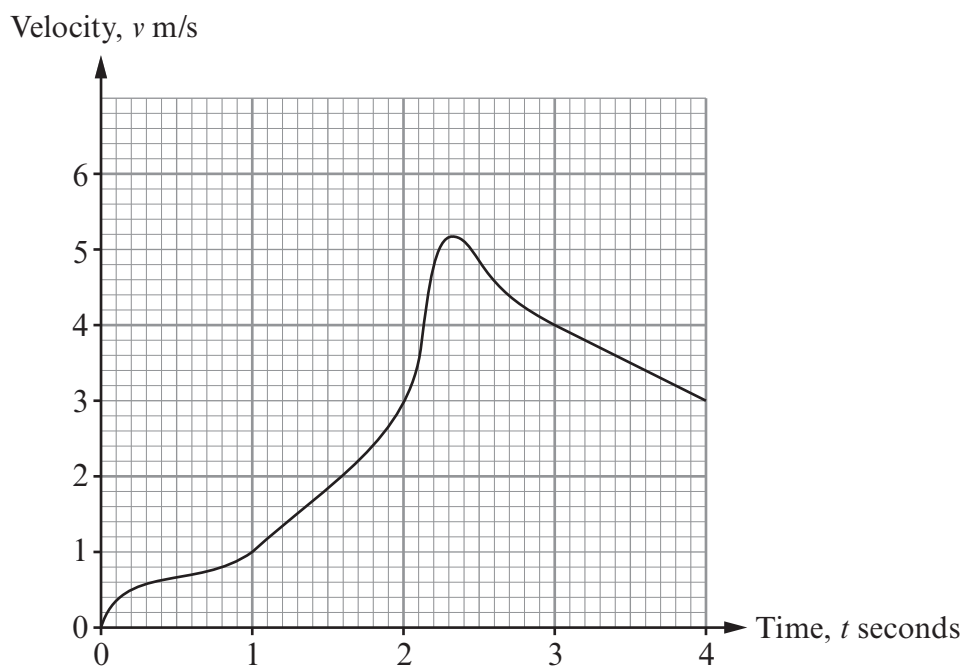
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[4]



(b) A velocity-time graph for a different experiment is shown below.



(i) Based on this experiment, complete the following sentence. [1]

"The acceleration of this particle is zero when $t = \dots\dots\dots$ "

(ii) Find an approximation for the acceleration of the particle in this experiment when $t = 1$. Give the units of your answer. [4]

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(iii) Find an approximation for the distance travelled by the particle between $t = 0$ and $t = 4$. [3]

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