RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

## MATHEMATICS C

MODULE M5 - SECTION A

## SPECIMEN

Candidates answer on the question paper.
Additional Materials:
Geometrical instruments
Tracing paper (optional)
Pie chart scale (optional)


Candidate
Name


Centre
Number


## Candidate

 Number

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- In many questions marks will be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Do not write in the bar code.
- Do not write outside the box bordering each page.
- WRITE YOUR ANSWER TO EACH QUESTION IN THE SPACE PROVIDED. ANSWERS WRITTEN ELSEWHERE WILL NOT BE MARKED.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this section is 25 .



## WARNING You are not allowed to use a calculator in this paper.

For Examiner's Use
Section A

This document consists of $\mathbf{1 2}$ printed pages.

## FORMULAE SHEET

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=($ area of cross-section $) \times$ length


1 (a) Jade buys 41 litres of petrol.
Each litre costs 82.9 p.

Write down a calculation she could do in her head to estimate the total cost.
$\qquad$

$$
=£
$$

(b) Is your estimate bigger or smaller than the exact cost?

Explain how you decide.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2 Complete this diagram so that it has rotational symmetry of order 4.


3 Complete this multiplication grid.
Some of the numbers are negative.


4 (a) Write this fraction in its simplest form.

$$
\frac{24}{33}
$$

$\qquad$
(b) Work out.

$$
\frac{1}{7} \times \frac{1}{2}
$$

(b)
(c) In a class of 20 children, there are 11 girls.

What percentage of these children are girls?
(c)
(d)

$$
\frac{14}{24} \text { is bigger than } \frac{1}{2}
$$

Explain how you can tell that this statement is correct.

5 (a) Work out the value of $7 y+6$ when $y=4$.
(a)
(b) Simplify.
(i) $9 a+4 a-5 a$
(b)(i)
(ii) $9 a+4 b-5 a+2 b$
(ii)

6 Complete the 'Name of quadrilateral' column in the table below.

Choose the name of the quadrilateral from:
Rectangle Kite Square Parallelogram Rhombus

| Four <br> equal <br> sides? | Four <br> equal <br> angles? | Diagonals <br> always of <br> equal <br> length? | Diagonals <br> cut each <br> other at <br> right- <br> angles? | Name of quadrilateral |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No | No | No | No |  |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |  |
| No | Yes | Yes | No |  |
| No | No | No | Yes |  |

## 8

7 Luke plays a game with two fair spinners.

Spinner $A$ is numbered $2,3,4,5$.
Spinner $B$ is numbered $1,2,3,4$.


He spins both spinners.
His score is the sum of the two numbers.
(a) Complete the table below to show all his possible scores.

Spinner A

| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \overline{\mathbb{\omega}} \\ & \dot{\bar{C}} \\ & \dot{\bar{D}} \end{aligned}$ | + | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | 2 |  | 5 |  |  |
|  | 3 |  |  | 7 |  |
|  | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |

(b) What is the probability that Luke's score is 9 ?
(b)

## Section A Total [25]

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Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS C

## MODULE M5 - SECTION A

Specimen Mark Scheme
The maximum mark for this paper is 25 .

| 1 | (a) <br> (b) | $40 \times 80=£ 32$ <br> or $41 \times 80=£ 32.80$ <br> or $41 \times 83=£ 32.20$ <br> or $41 \times 85=£ 34$ <br> Smaller, both rounded down | W2 <br> w1 <br> 3 | M1 | $40 \times 80$ <br> or $41 \times 80$ <br> or $41 \times 83$ <br> or $40 \times 85$ <br> or $40 \times 90=£ 36$ <br> or $40 \times £ 1=£ 40$ <br> f.t. their (i) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  | Drawing completed correctly | w2 $2$ | w1 | for one rotation of shape drawn |
| 3 |  | - 4, - 3 and - 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { W3 } \\ 3 \end{gathered}$ |  | 1 for each |
| 4 | (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) <br> (d) | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{8}{11} \\ & \frac{1}{14} \\ & 55 \\ & \frac{1}{2}=\frac{12}{24} \text {, so } \frac{14}{24} \text { is bigger } \end{aligned}$ | W1 <br> w1 <br> W2 <br> W1 <br> 5 | M1 | for 1 child $=5 \%$ seen or implied <br> Must see an equivalent fraction for comparison |
| 5 | $\begin{gathered} \text { (a) } \\ \text { (b)(i) } \\ \text { (ii) } \end{gathered}$ | 34 <br> $8 a$ $4 a+6 b$ | W2 <br> W1 <br> W2 <br> 5 | w1 | sight of 28 |


| 6 |  | 1 each for:parallelogram square rectangle kite | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | (a) <br> (b) | 12 correct values $\frac{1}{16}$ | W2 <br> W1 <br> 3 | W1 | 9 values correct |

## Section A Total 25

Assessment Objectives Grid

| Question | AO2 | AO3 | AO4 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 |  |  | 3 |
| 2 |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 |
| 4 | 5 |  |  | 5 |
| 5 | 5 |  |  | 5 |
| 6 |  | 4 |  | 4 |
| 7 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Totals | 16 | 6 | 3 | 25 |

