

**Monday 16 January 2012 – Morning****GCSE MATHEMATICS C (GRADUATED ASSESSMENT)****B274B MODULE M4 – SECTION B**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

**OCR supplied materials:**

None

**Other materials required:**

- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper (optional)
- Electronic calculator

**Duration: 30 minutes**

Candidate forename					Candidate surname				
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Centre number						Candidate number			
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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Show your working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

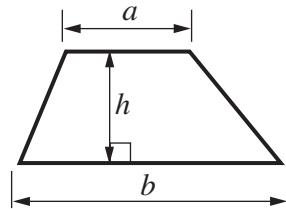
**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- Section B starts with question 8.
- You are expected to use a calculator in Section B of this paper.
- The total number of marks for this Section is **25**.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

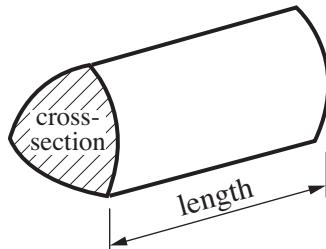
This paper has been pre modified for carrier language

## Formulae Sheet

**Area of trapezium** =  $\frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$



**Volume of prism** = (area of cross-section)  $\times$  length



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- 8 (a) Some clouds are 12 miles high.

How many kilometres is this?

Circle the best answer from the numbers in this box.

<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>120</b>
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[1]

- (b) One day about  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the earth was covered by cloud.

What percentage of the earth was covered by cloud?



(b) ..... % [1]

- (c) Cloud cover is measured in oktas.

An okta is the number of eighths of the sky covered in cloud, so

- a clear sky is 0 oktas,
- a sky totally covered by clouds is 8 oktas,
- a sky  $\frac{3}{8}$  covered in cloud is 3 oktas.

How many oktas is a sky 50% covered by cloud?

(c) ..... oktas [1]

- (d) Sue records the cloud cover, in oktas, at 9 am each day for seven days.  
Here are her results.

1                  4                  2                  8                  4                  8                  8

Calculate

- (i) the mean,

(d)(i) ..... oktas [3]

- (ii) the range,

(ii) ..... oktas [1]

- (iii) the median.

(iii) ..... oktas [1]

- (iv) Sue also records the cloud cover at 3 pm on the same days.  
Here is a summary of her results.

**Cloud cover in oktas**

**Time of observations: 3 pm**

**Mean = 3**

**Range = 6**

**Median = 2**

Make one comparison between the cloud cover at 9 am and  
the cloud cover at 3 pm.

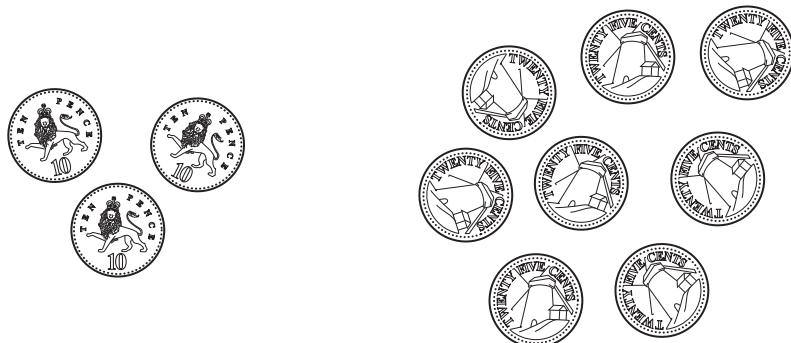
.....  
..... [1]

- 9 (a) Rich goes to Barbados.

The Barbadian 25 cent coin is very similar to the UK 10p coin.

Rich gets 3 UK 10p coins mixed up with 8 Barbadian 25 cent coins.

He picks one of the coins without looking.



- (i) What is the probability that Rich picks a Barbadian 25 cent coin?  
Give your answer as a fraction.

(a)(i) ..... [1]

- (ii) What is the probability that Rich picks a UK 10p coin?  
Give your answer as a fraction.

(ii) ..... [1]

- (b) A 5p coin weighs 3·25 g and a 10p coin weighs 6·5 g.

Choy has 10 coins, a mixture of 5p and 10p coins.  
The total weight of the coins is 39g.

How many of each coin does she have?  
Use this table and trial and improvement to help you.

<u>Number of 5p coins</u>	<u>Number of 10p coins</u>	<u>Total weight (g)</u>
1	9	61·75
2	8	58·5

*You may not  
need to use  
all the rows.*

(b) ..... 5p coins and ..... 10p coins [3]

- 10** Mandy lives in London.  
 She wants to collect the rainwater from the flat roof of her shed.  
 The roof is a rectangle measuring 2 m by 5 m.

- (a) Calculate the area of the shed roof.

(a) ..... m<sup>2</sup> [1]

- (b) She found this rule for working out the number of gallons of water she could collect.

$$\text{Number of gallons} = 0.2 \times A \times R$$

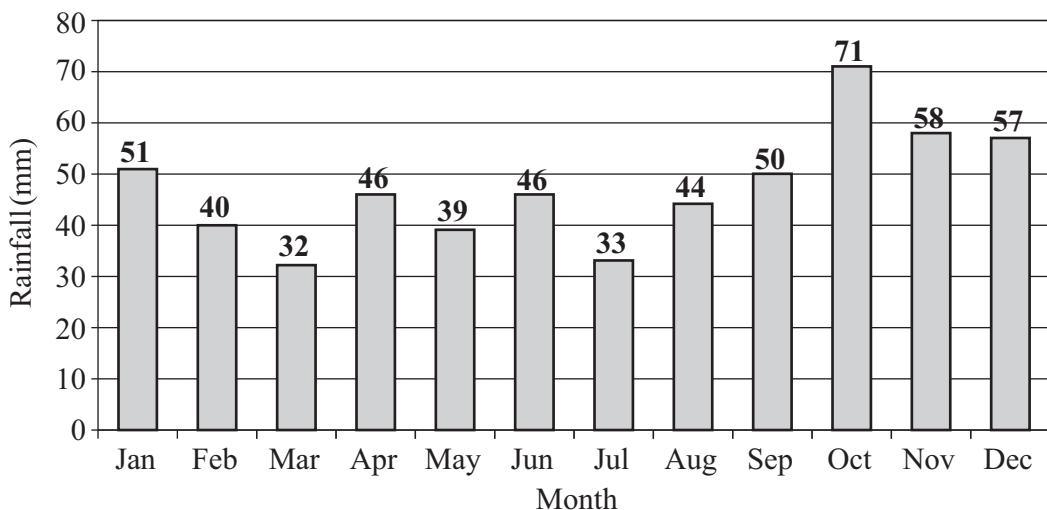
$A$  is the area of the roof in m<sup>2</sup>

$R$  is the rainfall in mm

- (i) How many gallons could Mandy collect from her shed roof after 1 mm of rain?

(b)(i) ..... gallons [2]

- (ii) This graph shows the monthly rainfall for London.

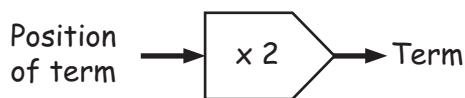


Find the total number of gallons of rainwater Mandy could collect from her shed roof in April and May.

(ii) ..... gallons [3]

**TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 11**

- 11 (a) This number machine generates a sequence.



- (i) Complete this table to show the first four terms of the sequence.

Position of term	1	2	3	4
Term	2			

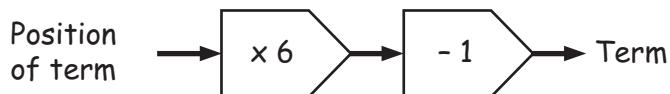
[1]

- (ii) Circle the correct name for the terms in this sequence.

factors of 2      odd      even      prime      multiples of 4

[1]

- (b) Lucy is investigating the sequence generated by this number machine.



The first two terms are 5 and 11.

Lucy says:



All the numbers the number machine generates are prime.

Is she correct?

Investigate some more terms for yourself.

[3]