# GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION MATHEMATICS C (GRADUATED ASSESSMENT) 

MODULE M6 - SECTION A
TUESDAY 24 JUNE 2008

Candidates answer on the question paper
Additional materials (enclosed): None
Additional materials (required):
Geometrical instruments
Tracing paper (optional)


Candidate Surname

Centre Number


## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Show your working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this Section is 25.

| WARNING <br> You are not allowed to use a calculator in Section A of this paper. | FOR EXAM | NER'S USE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SECTION A |  |
|  | SECTION B |  |
|  | TOTAL |  |

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

## Formulae Sheet

$$
\text { Area of trapezium }=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h
$$



Volume of prism $=($ area of cross-section $) \times$ length


PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (OCR) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

1 (a) Calculate.

$$
6+4 \times 2
$$

(a)
(b) Calculate the following.
(i) $0.3 \times 0.6$

Give your answer as a decimal.
(b)(i)
[1]
(ii) $\frac{30}{0 \cdot 6}$
(ii)
[2]

2 Jenny buys 3 scarves at $£ 7 \cdot 55$ each and a bracelet for $£ 3 \cdot 95$.
How much change should she get from $£ 30$ ?

## £

3 Work out.

$$
\frac{4}{5}-\frac{3}{4}
$$

Give your answer as a fraction.


Not to scale

Find angles $a$ and $b$.
Give your reasons.
$a=$ $\qquad$${ }^{\circ}$ because
$\qquad$
$b=$ $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$ because $\qquad$

5 This scatter diagram shows the height and foot length of each of ten boys.

(a) How does the scatter diagram show that there is positive correlation between height and foot length?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Draw a line of best fit on the diagram.
(c) Another boy's height is 165 cm .

Use your line of best fit to estimate his foot length.
(c) $\qquad$ cm [1]

6 Here is a sketch of a triangle.


Use ruler, protractor and compasses to construct this triangle accurately. The $6 \cdot 4 \mathrm{~cm}$ side has been drawn for you.
Leave in your construction lines.
6.4 cm

7 (a) Find the value of $4-2 x$ when $x=-3$.
$\qquad$
(a)
(b) Solve these equations.
(i) $2 x-3=8$
$\qquad$
(b)(i)
(ii) $3 x+7=x+1$
(ii)

