# OCR <br> RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT <br> GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION MATHEMATICS C (GRADUATED ASSESSMENT) <br> MODULE M7 - SECTION A 

TUESDAY 24 JUNE 2008

Candidates answer on the question paper
Additional materials (enclosed): None
Additional materials (required):
Geometrical instruments
Tracing paper (optional)


Candidate Surname

Centre Number


## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Show your working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this Section is 25.


This document consists of $\mathbf{7}$ printed pages and $\mathbf{1}$ blank page.

## Formulae Sheet

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=($ area of cross-section $) \times$ length


1 (a) Estimate the answer to this calculation. Show clearly the values you use.

$$
\frac{\sqrt{65} \times 39 \cdot 6}{15 \cdot 8}
$$

$\qquad$
(a)
(b) Work out.

$$
\sqrt{144}+4^{3}
$$

## (b)

(c) This is part of Gareth's homework.

$$
26.8 \times 0.92=29.656
$$

Explain how you can tell his answer is wrong.
You do not need to work out the correct answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


EFG is a straight line parallel to AD.
CDE and BDF are straight lines.
Angle $\mathrm{ADE}=60^{\circ}$ and angle $\mathrm{BDC}=75^{\circ}$.
(a) Find angle $x$.

Give a reason for your answer.
$x=$
because
$\qquad$
(b) Find angle $y$.

Give reasons for your answer.
$y=$ $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$ because
$\qquad$

3 The three angles of a triangle, $a, b$ and $c$, are in the ratio $3: 5: 7$.
Calculate the size of each angle.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a=. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\
& b=\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \\
& \\
& c=. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~
\end{aligned}{ }^{\circ} \text { [3] }
$$

4 The perimeter of this rectangle is 86 cm .


Form an equation in $x$ and solve it to find $x$.

5 (a) Write 63 as a product of its prime factors.
$\qquad$
(a)
(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 42 and 63.
$\qquad$
(b)

6 (a) Solve.

$$
3(4 x-5)=15
$$

## (a)

(b) Expand.

$$
(x+3)(x-4)
$$

(b)

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