# OCR <br> RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT <br> GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION MATHEMATICS C (GRADUATED ASSESSMENT) <br> MODULE M9 - SECTION B 

## TUESDAY 24 JUNE 2008

Candidates answer on the question paper
Additional materials (enclosed): None
Additional materials (required):
Geometrical instruments
Tracing paper (optional)
Scientific or graphical calculator


Candidate
Surname

Centre Number


## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Show your working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this Section is 25.
- $\quad$ Section $B$ starts with question 8.
- You are expected to use a calculator in Section B of this paper.
- Use the $\pi$ button on your calculator or take $\pi$ to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.


## FOR EXAMINER'S USE

SECTION B

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

## Formulae Sheet

Volume of prism $=($ area of cross-section $) \times$ length

## In any triangle $A B C$

Sine rule $\quad \frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$
Cosine rule $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$


Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


## The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

8 Mike is playing a game with two fair six-sided dice, A and B.
The faces of dice A are numbered $2,2,2,2,3,3$. The faces of dice B are numbered $1,1,2,4,4,4$. Mike throws the two dice.

(a) Use probabilities to complete the tree diagram.

(b) Calculate the probability that the number on dice A is greater than the number on dice B .
(b)

9


Not to scale

The diagram shows a rectangle ABCD.
A is the point $(0,4)$.
The equation of the line through D and C is $y=\frac{1}{3} x$.
Find the equation of the line
(a) through A and B,
$\qquad$
(b) through A and D.
(b)

10 (a) Expand and simplify.

$$
(5 x+2)(4 x-1)
$$

(a)
(b) Factorise.

$$
16 x^{2}-9 y^{2}
$$

(b)

11


The diagram shows a cuboid with base EFGH.
C is at $(4,3,3)$, E is at $(0,1,0)$ and H is at $(4,1,0)$.
(a) Find the coordinates of the midpoint of AH.

## (a)

(b) Calculate the length EC.
(b)
(c) Calculate angle CEG.

> (c).

12 This is a table of values for two variables, $x$ and $y$.

| $x$ | $0 \cdot 2$ | $0 \cdot 4$ | $0 \cdot 5$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | $60 \cdot 0$ | $15 \cdot 0$ | $9 \cdot 6$ |

Show that $y \propto \frac{1}{x^{2}}$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

13 During one year, St Mary's maternity hospital recorded the ages of mothers having babies.
This table shows the distribution of their ages.

| Age | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| Under 20 | 115 |
| 20 to 29 | 245 |
| 30 to 39 | 324 |
| 40 and over | 186 |
| Total | 870 |

To sample opinion about the service provided, a representative stratified sample of 50 of these mothers is to be interviewed.

Work out how many mothers aged 20 to 29 should be interviewed.
Show your method clearly.

