## OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MATHEMATICS C

 (Graduated Assessment)Candidate Name


Centre Number


Candidate Number


TIME 30 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answers on the dotted lines unless the question says otherwise.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- There is a space after most questions. Use it to do your working. In many questions marks will be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Do not write in the bar code. Do not write in the grey area between the pages.
- DO NOT WRITE IN THE AREA OUTSIDE THE BOX BORDERING EACH PAGE. ANY WRITING IN THIS AREA WILL NOT BE MARKED.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- You are expected to use a calculator in Section B of this paper.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this Section is 25.
- Section B starts with question 7.
- Use the $\pi$ button on your calculator or take $\pi$ to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE
Section B

## Formula Sheet

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


7 (a) Calculate.

$$
13 \cdot 8-\frac{5 \cdot 75}{4.6}
$$

(a)
[1]
(b) Calculate.

$$
1.27^{3}
$$

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.


8 (a) The equation of a curve is $y=2 x^{2}-6$.
Work out the value of $y$ when
(i) $x=3$,
$\qquad$
(a)(i)
(ii) $x=-4$.
$\qquad$
(b) Factorise.

$$
2 x^{2}-6
$$

(b)[1]

9


In the diagram FAB is a straight line.
$B E$ is parallel to DC.
(a) Work out angle $x$.

Give a reason for each step of your working.
$x=$ $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$ because
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Work out angle $y$.

Give a reason for your answer.
$y=$ $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

10 (a) In a lottery, Martin won $£ 1800$ and Pat won $£ 4200$.
Work out the ratio of Martin's winnings to Pat's winnings.
Give your answer in its simplest form.
(a) $\qquad$ :
(b) Marion and Peter won $£ 650$ in a raffle.

They shared the $£ 650$ between them in the ratio $1: 4$.
How much was Peter's share?



11


The picture shows a circular coffee table.
The radius of the top of the table is 55 cm .
Calculate the area of the top of the table.
Give the units of your answer.


12 Hanif is playing a game with a biased four-sided dice.
The faces are numbered from 1 to 4 .

The table shows the probabilities of the dice landing on the numbers 1 to 3 .

| Number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Probability | 0.27 | 0.43 | $0 \cdot 19$ |  |

Work out the probability of the dice landing on 4.

13 The cash price of a camera is $£ 425$.

Here are the credit terms.


How much more is the total credit price than the cash price?

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

