GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION MATHEMATICS B

Paper 4 (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper
OCR Supplied Materials:
None

Other Materials Required:

- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper (optional)
- Scientific or graphical calculator

SPECIMEN
Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes

Candidate
Forename

| Centre Number |  |  |  |  |  | Candidate Number |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not write in the bar codes
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- Use the $\pi$ button on your calculator or take $\pi$ to be $3 \cdot 142$ unless the question says otherwise.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is $\mathbf{1 0 0}$.
- This document consists of $\mathbf{2 4}$ pages. Any blank pages are indicated.


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## Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=($ area of cross-section $) \times$ length

In any triangle $A B C$
Sine rule $\quad \frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$


Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


## The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

1

(a) Enlarge triangle $\mathbf{A}$ with centre $\left({ }^{-} 5,{ }^{-} 6\right)$ and scale factor 3.
(b) The area of a rhombus is $4 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.

The rhombus is enlarged with scale factor $2 \cdot 5$.
Work out the area of the enlarged rhombus.
(b) $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ [2]

2 Donna is doing a survey about the local library.
(a) Here is one of her questions.

How many books do you borrow from the library in a year?

Do you think this is a good question?
Explain your answer.

$\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Here is another of her questions.

Do you agree that the library is a good place to do your revision?


Write a better version of this question.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Donna stands inside the library on a Thursday afternoon to do her survey.

Explain why this is not a good idea.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3 Here is the information panel in Adele's car at the end of a journey.
Journey Time:
3 hours 45 minutes
Average Speed:
77 km/h
(a) Estimate the distance, in kilometres, that she has travelled.

Show how you obtained your estimate.
(b) Calculate the distance she has travelled.
(b) $\qquad$ km [2]
(c) This table summarises the weights of 25 cars.

| Weight $(w \mathrm{~kg})$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $800 \leq w<900$ | 1 |
| $900 \leq w<1000$ | 2 |
| $1000 \leq w<1100$ | 4 |
| $1100 \leq w<1200$ | 3 |
| $1200 \leq w<1300$ | 7 |
| $1300 \leq w<1400$ | 3 |
| $1400 \leq w<1500$ | 5 |

Calculate an estimate of the mean weight of these cars.
(c)

4 (a) In Year 9 at Mowden School there are 140 girls and 84 boys.
Write the ratio of girls to boys in its simplest terms.
(a)
(b) In Year 10 the ratio of girls to boys is $3: 2$.

There are 240 students in this year group.
How many boys are there?
(b)

5 (a) Factorise.

$$
5 x-3 x^{2}
$$

(a)
(b) Solve.

$$
\text { (i) } 3(2 x+5)=9
$$

(b)(i)
(ii)* $6 x-10=2 x+8$

6 Kate has a pond in her garden.
The surface is a circle with radius 0.75 m .

Kate wants to keep fish in the pond.
She finds this information on the internet.
Total length of all the fish should not be more than 5 cm for each $0.1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of the pond's surface area.

The fish she chooses are each 8 cm long.
What is the maximum number of these fish that Kate can buy for her pond?

7 You must use a ruler and a pair of compasses for this question. Construct and shade the region which is both:

- nearer to $B$ than to $A$
- within 5 cm of $A$.

Leave your construction lines clearly visible.

- A
B.

8 Muttiah collects 8 leaves from his garden and measures their lengths and widths.
His results are shown in the table below.
Which of these leaves come from the same type of tree and which do not?

| Leaf | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length (mm) | 144 | 123 | 116 | 149 | 126 | 148 | 118 | 137 |
| Width (mm) | 116 | 76 | 62 | 79 | 67 | 50 | 70 | 81 |



9* Adnan is insulating his loft.
One roll of insulation will cover an area of $1.97 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
Here is the plan view of Adnan's loft.


Scale: $\mathbf{1 c m}$ to $\mathbf{2 m}$

How many rolls of insulation does Adnan need to buy to insulate his loft?

10 The equation $x^{3}-4 x=20$ has a solution between 3 and 4 .
Find this solution correct to 1 decimal place.
Show all your trials and their outcomes.

11 Eyal's hard disk has a capacity of 240 gigabytes.

$$
1 \text { gigabyte (GB) = } 1000000000 \text { bytes }
$$

(a) Write 240 GB as bytes in standard form.
(a) $\qquad$ bytes [1]
(b) The hard disk has $26 \%$ of its total capacity unused.

Work out the unused capacity.
(b)
bytes [2]
(c) Eyal buys another hard disk with an unused capacity of 144 GB .

Work out the total unused capacity, in bytes, of both hard disks.
Write your answer in standard form, correct to 2 significant figures.
(c)
bytes [3]

12 The heights of pupils in classes 10A and 10B were measured.
This cumulative frequency graph summarises the heights of pupils in class 10A.

(a) Use the graph to complete this table.

| Class | Median <br> $(\mathrm{cm})$ | Interquartile <br> range $(\mathrm{cm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 A |  |  |
| 10 B | 169 | 12 |

(b) Use the information in the table to write one comment comparing the heights of the pupils in classes 10A and 10B.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

13 Solve.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x+2 y=8 \\
& 2 x-5 y=18
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
x=
$$

$$
y=
$$

14 (a) $y$ is inversely proportional to $x^{2}$ and $y=6$ when $x=5$.
Write an equation connecting $x$ and $y$.
(a)
(b) Calculate the value of $y$ when $x=10$
(b) [1]

15 (a) Complete this table for the graph of $y=2 x^{2}+x-2$.

| $x$ | -2 | -1 | $-0 \cdot 5$ | 0 | $0 \cdot 5$ | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $y$ | 4 | -1 | -2 | -2 | -1 | 1 |  |

(b) Draw the graph of $y=2 x^{2}+x-2$.

(c) By drawing an appropriate line on the graph, solve this equation.

$$
2 x^{2}+2 x-3=0
$$

(c)

16 (a) Factorise and solve.

$$
x^{2}-x-30=0
$$

(a)
(b) Solve this equation, leaving your answers in surd form.

$$
2 x^{2}+x-2=0
$$

(b)

17 Show that $\frac{(3+\sqrt{3})^{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \equiv 6+4 \sqrt{3}$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

18 In a city $33 \%$ of the people have been vaccinated against influenza. A person who has been vaccinated has a $6 \%$ chance of catching influenza.
A person who has not been vaccinated has a $41 \%$ chance of catching influenza.
What is the probability that a person in that city, selected at random, will catch influenza?

19 A plane travels 125 km from A to B on a bearing of $030^{\circ}$ and then 184 km from B to C on a bearing of $160^{\circ}$.

Calculate the direct distance from A to C .

20 The diagram shows two circles, each of radius 5 cm , which touch at $E$ and have centres at $C$ and $F$. $A B=5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
$A C E F$ is a straight line.
Line DF is a tangent to the circle at D.


Not to scale

Prove that triangles $A B E$ and CDF are congruent.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

21 Maghomes sells caravans.
This is the number of caravans sold each quarter in 2008 and 2009.

|  | 2008 |  |  |  | 2009 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarter | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| Frequency | 30 | 64 | 44 | 18 | 22 | 72 | 40 | 6 |

The first three 4-point moving averages have been calculated.
$\begin{array}{lll}39 & 37 & 39\end{array}$
Calculate the two remaining moving averages.
$\qquad$
,

22 A population of bacteria is growing according to this rule.

$$
B=1200 \times 3^{t} .
$$

$B$ is the number of bacteria,
$t$ is the time in hours after 8 am on Tuesday.
(a) What is the value of $B$ at 8 am on Tuesday, when $t=0$ ?
(a)
(b) How many bacteria will there be at 12 noon?
(b)
(c) How many whole hours after 8 am will the number of bacteria first exceed 1 million?
(c)

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Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations

## MATHEMATICS B

Paper 4 (Higher Tier)
Specimen Mark Scheme
The maximum mark for this paper is 100.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

| 1 | (a) Correct triangle (4, 3), (4, ${ }^{-3}$ ), (1, ${ }^{-3}$ ). | 3 | 2 if two vertices correct <br> or <br> 1 for enlargement sf 3 drawn in wrong place or <br> 1 for enlargement centre ( ${ }^{-} 5,-6$ ) but wrong sf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | 2 | B1 for [ $\times$ ] $2.5{ }^{2}$ oe seen, eg $\times 2.5 \times 2.5$ or 6.25 |
| 2 | (a) No, difficult to answer precisely | 1 | Award mark for answer implying respondents not remembering the number of books they borrowed |
|  | (b) Reworded non-leading question | 1 | Or question with a 'don't know' option |
|  | (c) No, only asking people who use the library at that time | 1 | Accept implication that it will be a poor sample |
| 3 | (a) Accept any reasonable rounding leading to $280-320$ $\begin{aligned} & \text { eg } 3.5 \times 80=280,4 \times 80=320, \\ & 4 \times 70=280 \text { or } 3 \frac{3}{4} \times 80=300 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | M1 for rounding evidenced by $3 \cdot 5,4$ or 80 or correct 'product' but incorrect answer |
|  | (b) 288.75 oe or 289 or 290 | 2 | M1 $77 \times$ their time, for time allow 3•75, 345, 225, $3 \cdot 45$ |
|  | (c) Use of midpoints $(m)(850,950,1050$, 1150, 1250, 1350, 1450) and at least 4 must be correct <br> इmf or 30450 <br> $\div$ 'their 25 ' <br> 1218 | B1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 |  |
| 4 | (a) $5: 3$ | 2 | M1 for any equivalent ratio to 5 : 3 including $140: 84$, or $3: 5$ |
|  | (b) 96 | 2 | M1 $240 \div(3+2)$ |


| 5 | (a) $3 x(2-x)$ | 2 | M1 for $3\left(2 x-x^{2}\right)$ or $x(6-3 x)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (b)(i) } 6 x+15 \\ & \text { '6x' }=9-\text { their ' } 15 \text { ' or better } \\ & x=\frac{k}{a} \text { after } a x=k \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | Maximum of $\mathbf{2}$ from these 3 marks <br> Must have correct answer and working for all three marks |
|  | (ii)* Answer of 4.5 oe supported by correct and coherent algebraic notation. Each line of working must be an equation and any fractions must be written correctly. <br> Correct answer obtained but with some errors in notation or minor errors in working but supported by correct and coherent algebraic notation. <br> The answer is incorrect and there are no correct steps in any working. | 3 <br> 2-1 <br> 0 | For the lower mark - evidence of correctly combining like terms eg $4 x=18$, but incorrect or no final solution produced or incorrect solution with some evidence of attempt to combine like terms. |
| 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \pi \times 0 \cdot 75^{2} \\ & 1 \cdot 767(1 \ldots) \text { or } 1.77 \\ & 50 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{per} \mathrm{~m}^{2} \text { implied } \\ & \text { their } 1 \cdot 767 \text { ' } \times 50 \\ & \text { 'their } 88(\cdot 3 \ldots) \div 8 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | Accept integer answer only for final A1 |
| 7 | Correct perpendicular bisector of $A B$ with correct construction arcs and part circle radius 5 cm centre $A$ and correct region shaded | 3 | allow tolerance of $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ in all measurements and allow circle to be sufficiently drawn to intersect twice the perpendicular bisector of AB <br> M1 for perpendicular bisector of $A B$ with correct construction arcs <br> M1 part circle radius 5 cm centre A |


| 8 | B, C, D, E, G, H are from the same tree A and F are outliers (can be implied) and evidence (see method) | 5 | Evidence: <br> Scatter Diagram <br> M1 correct axes labelled <br> M2 for 7 correct points plotted <br> (allow M1 for 4 points correct) <br> M1 for identifying main cluster on diagram or in statement <br> allow length on either axes <br> Ratios <br> M3 for 8 correct ratios <br> (in order: $1 \cdot 24,1 \cdot 78,1 \cdot 88,1 \cdot 89,1 \cdot 88,2 \cdot 96$, 1.74, 1.76 ) <br> (allow M2 for 4 correct ratios or M1 for any attempt at ratios ) <br> M1 for an identification of any acceptable cluster <br> allow ratios either way round, these figures are correct to 3 sf so allow figures to a greater degree of accuracy <br> If ratio used, accept a cluster from <br> B, G, H or <br> C, D, E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9* | 27 rolls with correct and clearly expressed supporting method showing area of loft/length of insulation required and converting to correct integer number of rolls. | 6-5 | For lower mark - incorrect integer number of rolls with correct and clearly expressed supporting method showing area of loft/length of insulation required and converting to rolls or correct number of rolls but method not clearly presented. |
|  | Area of loft found ( $52 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ ) or total length of strips of insulation found within a clearly presented method. | 4-3 | For lower mark -an incorrect area or number of strips is indicated within a clearly presented method or the correct area or number of strips is indicated but the method is not clearly presented. |
|  | Clearly identifying real dimensions from plan view or showing layout of strips of insulation on plan and some evidence of method used. | 2-1 | For lower mark - real dimensions or layout of strips shown but little evidence of any method or explanation provided. |
|  | Incorrect answer with no relevant content |  |  |
| 10 | $x=3.2 \mathrm{www}$ | 3 | 2 trials with 3 and 4 and at least 1 intermediate value shown <br> 1 at least 2 trials shown |


| 11 | (a) $2.4 \times 10^{11}$ | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) 62400000000 or $6.24 \times 10^{10}$ oe | 2 | M1 $0.26 \times$ their ' $2.4 \times 10^{11}$ ' oe or figs 624 ft from their (a) for 2 marks and accept numbers not in standard index form, Allow answers in GB if GB marked on answer line |
|  | (c) their $6.24 \times 10^{10}+1.44 \times 10^{11}$ <br> figs 2064 <br> $2.1 \times 10^{11}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ 1 \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 12 | (a) 173 and 16.5/17 | 3 | W1 173 <br> W1 for either correct end of IQR seen eg 180-5/181 or 164 |
|  | (b) Allow any correct comment reference to heights not just median/IQR | 1 | Eg 10A are taller on average , or 10A heights are more spread out Note: not 10A have a larger mean |
| 13 | $x=4, y=-2$ with correct supporting working | 4 | M2 for eq. $1 \times 5$ and eq. $2 \times 2$, or eq. $1 \times 2$ and eq. $2 \times 3$ (M1 for each operation) <br> AND <br> M1dep for correctly + or - their two equations <br> Correct answers without working scores 1 <br> Allow any pairs of multipliers that will eliminate $x$ or $y$ <br> Allow one error in each operation |
| 14 | (a) $y=\frac{150}{x^{2}}$ oe | 3 | M1 $y=\frac{k}{x^{2}}$ oe <br> M1(dep) substitute $x=5$ and $y=6$ into their expression or $k=150$ soi |
|  | (b) 1.5 | 1 | ft their expression in (a) providing it involves $x^{2}$ |
| 15 | (a) 8 | 1 |  |
|  | (b) All their points correctly plotted and joined with a single curve | 2 | M1 for all points correctly plotted Allow $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ in plotting points and in drawing the line |
|  | (c) Draw the line $y=1-x$ and give answers in ranges -1.8 to -1.9 and 0.7 to 0.8 | 3 | M1 for the line $y=1-x$ drawn <br> A1 each answer correct <br> ft their graph ( $\pm 0.1$ ) |
| 16 | (a) 6 (and) ${ }^{-5}$ | 3 | M2 $(x-6)(x+5)$ OR <br> M1 $(x \pm 6)(x \pm 5)$ |
|  | (b) $\frac{-1+\sqrt{17}}{4}$ and $\frac{-1-\sqrt{17}}{4}$ | 3 | B1 each and <br> M1 correct subst'n: $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^{2}-4 \times 2 \times-2}}{2 \times 2}$ |


| 17 | $9+3 \sqrt{3}+3 \sqrt{3}+3$ oe or better $\frac{12+6 \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}=6+4 \sqrt{3}$ | M2 <br> M1 | M1 for three terms correct |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | $29 \cdot 45 \%$ or $29 \cdot 5 \%$ or $30 \%$ or $29 \%$ oe | 3 | M2 P(flu) $=0.33 \times 0.06+0.67 \times 0.42$ or correct tree and both 'branches' identified OR <br> M1 correct tree diagram, or one of the two possibilities listed $0.33 \times 0.06, \text { or } 0.67 \times 0.42$ |
| 19 | Cosine rule method: $\begin{aligned} & \left(b^{2}=\right) \\ & 125^{2}+184^{2}-\left(2 \times 125 \times 184 \times \cos 50^{\circ}\right) \\ & \\ & 19912 \cdot 76995 \ldots \\ & (b=) \\ & (b=) \\ & (b 9912 \cdot 76995 \ldots \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ <br> Answer = 140 or $141 \cdot(11 .$.$) or 141 \cdot 113$ <br> (An answer in range 140-142 but not in the above list would be awarded 4 marks) <br> Alternative method: $\begin{aligned} \text { Base } & =125 \sin 30^{\circ}+184 \sin 20^{\circ} \\ & =125 \cdot 4317064 \ldots \\ \text { Height } & =184 \cos 20^{\circ}-125 \cos 30^{\circ} \\ & =64 \cdot 65026675[\ldots] \\ \text { Base }^{2} & + \text { Height }^{2}=19912 \cdot 76995 \ldots . . \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | ft their $\sqrt{19912 \cdot 76995 \ldots}$ <br> ft their $\sqrt{19912 \cdot 76995 \ldots}$ |
| 20 | ```\(\angle \mathrm{ABE}=90^{\circ}\) (angle in a semi-circle) \(\angle C D F=90^{\circ}\) (angle between a radius and a tangent) \(A B=5 \mathrm{~cm}\) (given) \(C D=5 \mathrm{~cm}\) (radius of circle) AE \(=10 \mathrm{~cm}\) (diameter of circle) \(C F=10 \mathrm{~cm}\) (radius of both circles \(=5 \mathrm{~cm}\) so 5 \(+5=10\) )``` <br> Hence RHS | 3 | M1 showing right angles are equal M1 showing both pairs of sides equal A1 statement of RHS condition |


| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 38 and 35 | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 4 correct frequencies added and divided <br> by 4 <br> OR <br> W1 38 or 35 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | (a) 1200 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
|  | (b) 97200 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
|  | (c) 7 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |

Paper Total: $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ marks

## Assessment Objectives and Functional Elements Grid

## GCSE MATHEMATICS B

J567/04
Mathematics B Paper 4 (Higher Tier)

|  | Topic | Context | Ref | AO1 | AO2 | AO3 | Functional |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Transformations |  | HBG7 HSG7 | 5 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Questionnaire | Library | HIS5 |  | 3 |  | 3 |
| 3 | Speed, estimation | Cars | $\begin{gathered} \text { HIN6 HBG2 } \\ \text { HBS2 } \end{gathered}$ |  | 8 |  | 4 |
| 4 | Ratio | School | HIN5 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 5 | Factorising, equations |  | HIA3 HIA2 | 8 |  |  |  |
| 6 | Area of circle, compound measures | Fish pond | HIG3 HBG2 |  |  | 6 | 6 |
| 7 | Constructions and loci |  | HBG6 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 8 | Scatter diagram | Leaves | HBS3 |  |  | 5 | 5 |
| 9 | Area, plans | Loft insulation | HIG4 HIG5 |  |  | 6 | 6 |
| 10 | Trial and improvement |  | HIA5 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 11 | Standard index form | Computer | HSN3 |  | 6 |  |  |
| 12 | Cumulative frequency | Pupils' heights | HSS2 HSS3 |  | 4 |  | 1 |
| 13 | Simultaneous linear equations |  | HSA4 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 14 | Inverse proportionality |  | HGA1 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 15 | Quadratic graph |  | HSA5 HGA3 | 6 |  |  |  |
| 16 | Factorise, solve quadratics |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { HSA2 HGA2 } \\ \text { HGN2 } \end{gathered}$ | 6 |  |  |  |
| 17 | Simplify surds |  | HGN2 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 18 | Probability | Vaccination | HGS1 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| 19 | Cosine rule | Plane journey | HGG3 |  |  | 5 |  |
| 20 | Geometric proof |  | HGG1 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 21 | Moving averages | Caravan sales | HSS4 |  | 2 |  |  |
| 22 | Exponential growth | Bacteria | HGN5 |  | 3 |  | 2 |
|  | TOTALS |  |  | 47 | 28 | 25 | 30 |

Paper Total: 100 marks

