

OXFORD CA General Cer	MBRIDGE AND RSA EXAI tificate of Secondary Educ	MINATIONS ation	
MATHEMA PAPER 2 S INTERMEDI	<b>TICS B (MEI)</b> SECTION B ATE TIER	1968/2315B	
Monday	12 JUNE 2006	Morning	1 hour
Candidates answ Additional mater Geometrical Scientific cale Tracing pape	ver on the question paper. ials: instruments culator er (optional)		
			Candidate

Candidate Name	Centre Number	Number

## TIME 1 hour

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Write your answers, in blue or black ink, in the spaces provided on the question paper.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Show all your working. Marks may be given for working which shows that you know how to solve the problem, even if you get the answer wrong.

#### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- Unless otherwise instructed in the question, take  $\pi$  to be 3.142 or use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator.
- The total number of marks for this section is 50.
- Section B starts with question 10.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE		
Section B		

This question paper consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.

# Formulae Sheet: Intermediate Tier

**Area of trapezium** =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$ 







Sarah bought 5.4 kg of potatoes at 75p per kg.She also bought some peaches at 39p each.She gave the shop assistant a £10 note and received £1.27 change.

How many peaches did she buy? Show your method clearly.

.....[4]

**11** A regular polygon has 9 sides.

Calculate the size of one of its exterior angles.

.....° [2]

4

**12** (a) There are 30 students in class 10A.

They were each asked which was their favourite colour fruit gum. The results are represented on this bar chart.



A student is chosen at random from this class.

What is the probability that their favourite colour fruit gum is

(i) black,

(**a**)(**i**) .....[2]

(ii) orange or green?

(ii) .....[2]

(b) Students in class 10T were asked the same question. This table shows favourite colour fruit gums and their probabilities, for a student chosen at random from this class.

Colour	Probability	
Orange	0.25	
Red	0.15	
Black	0.3	
Green	0.2	
Yellow		

(i) Complete the table.

[2]

(ii) There are 20 students in class 10T.

How many of them have red as their favourite colour fruit gum?

**(b)(ii)** .....[2]

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14 The scale drawing shows Sumita's garden. There is a rotary washing line at R and a tree at T.





Sumita wants to put a netball hoop on a stand in the garden. It must be at least 4 m from the rotary washing line, R. She wants it to be nearer to R than to T.

Using ruler and compasses, construct and shade the region where the netball hoop can be placed. Leave in your construction lines. [3]

## 15 (a) Simplify.

(i) 8a + 5b - 3a + b

(a)(i) .....[2]

(ii)  $6c^2 \times 5c^3$ 

(ii) .....[2]

(iii) d(3d-4) + 6d

(iii) .....[2]

(b) Solve this inequality and represent your solution on the number line.

2x + 1 < 4



## 16 (a) Calculate.

(i)  $79.6 - 31.4 \times 2.3$ 

(**a**)(**i**) .....[1]

(ii) 
$$\frac{3.9}{7.8-2.6}$$

(ii) .....[1]

(b) A contractor puts up his charges by 5% each January. In December 2003 he charged £200 per day.

How much did he charge per day in February 2006?

(**b**) £ .....[3]

- 17 Here are some newspaper reports about the final of the Rugby World Cup in 2003.
  - During the final, there were 10 million **fewer** vehicles on the roads in the UK. This was equivalent to 60% **fewer** vehicles than normal.
  - At half-time there was a power surge of 2100 megawatts in the UK as 850 000 electric kettles were switched on by those watching on TV.
  - (a) How many vehicles would normally have been on the roads in the UK?

(a) .....million [3]

(**b**) 1 megawatt is  $10^6$  watts.

How many watts is 2100 megawatts? Express your answer in standard form.

**(b)** ......[2]

(c) Use the data in this question to find how many watts an electric kettle needs, on average.

(c) .....[2]

18 In the diagram, O is the centre of the circle. Tangents from T meet the circle at A and B. C is a point on the circumference. Angle ACB = 72°.



(a) Complete the following.

Angle $OAT = 90^{\circ}$ because
[1]
[1]
Angle AOB = 144° because
[1]

(b) The radius of the circle is 4.3 cm. Angle AOT = 72°. Calculate the length of AT. Give your answer to a sensible degree of accuracy.



**(b)** .....cm [4]

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