

Mark Scheme (Results)

March 2010

GCSE

GCSE Mathematics (Modular) - 2381

Paper: 5383H/10

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Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	$\frac{15}{100} \times 120$	18	2	M1 for $\frac{15}{100} \times 120$ oe or for 10% = 12 and 5% = 6 with intention to add A1 cao
2 (i)		30	2	B1 for 30 cao
(ii)		alternate angles		B1 for alternate angles (or Z angles), dep on 30 in (i) or co-interior angles, dep on 30 or 180 - 150 in (i) or allied angles, dep on 30 or 180 - 150 in (i) or corresponding angles (or F angles) and angles on a straight line (= 180), dep on 30 or 180 - 150 in (i) or corresponding angles (or F angles) and (vertically) opposite angles, dep on 30 in (i) or any other fully correct reason
3 (a)		- 3, (- 1), 1, 3, (5), 7	2	B2 for all 4 values (B1 for any 2 correct)
(b)		Correct line	2	B2 cao for correct line between $x = - 2$ and $x = 3$ (B1 ft for plotting 4 points correctly or for a straight line with gradient 2 or for straight a line passing through (0, 1))

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Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
4	$\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 4 \times 7$	42	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 4 \times 7$ or for 7 as part of a triple product A1 cao
5	(a)	$x^2 - 5x$	1	B1 cao
	(b)	$2(2y + 3)$	1	B1 cao
	(c)	$(x + 6)(x - 6)$	1	B1 cao
6	(a)	270000	1	B1 cao
	(b)	1.2×10^8	2	M1 for 12×10^7 or $12 \times 10^{9-2}$ or 1.2×10^n , where n is a positive integer, or for $4\,000\,000\,000 \times 0.03$ or for 120 000 000 oe seen A1 cao

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Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
7	$90 - \frac{180 - 40}{2}$	20	3	<p>M2 for a complete correct method</p> <p>e.g. $90 - \frac{180 - 40}{2}$</p> <p>or $\frac{1}{2}(180 - (360 - 90 - 90 - 40))$</p> <p>(M1 for angle OAC or angle $OBC = 90^\circ$ or 90 seen or angle $AOB = 140^\circ$ or $180 - 40$ or 140 seen or angle CAB or angle $CBA = 70^\circ$ or 70 seen (these could be marked on the diagram or implied by calculation))</p> <p>A1 cao</p>
8	$\frac{3x(x+2)}{(x+2)(2x-3)}$	$\frac{3x}{2x-3}$	3	<p>M1 for $3x(x+2)$</p> <p>M1 for $(x+2)(2x-3)$</p> <p>A1 cao</p>

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Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
9	$10x = 4.272727\dots$ $1000x = 427.272727\dots$ $990x = 423$ $x = \frac{423}{990}$ $\frac{423}{990} = \frac{47}{110}$ OR $100x = 42.727272\dots$ $10x = 4.272727\dots$ $110x = 46.9999\dots$ $46.9999\dots = 46 + 0.9999\dots$ Let $y = 0.9999\dots$ $10y = 9.9999\dots$ $9y = 9$ $y = 1$ so $46.9999\dots = 47$ $110x = 47$ $x = \frac{47}{110}$	Correct proof	3	M1 for a valid method involving two correct recurring decimals that, when subtracted, would result in a terminating decimal, and subtracting e.g. $100x = 42.7272\dots$, $x = 0.42727\dots$ and subtracting A1 for $99x = 42.3$ or $990x = 423$ or $110x = 47$ or $\frac{42.3}{99}$ or $\frac{423}{990}$ A1 for completion of proof, including " $\frac{423}{990} = \frac{47}{110}$ " OR M1 for a valid method involving two correct recurring decimals that, when added, would result in a recurring decimal with 9s recurring, and adding e.g. $100x = 42.7272\dots$, $10x = 4.2727\dots$ and adding or $1000x = 427.2727\dots$, $100x = 42.7272\dots$ and adding A1 for $110x = 46.9999\dots$ or $1100x = 469.9999\dots$ A1 for completion of proof. This must include proof that $46.9999\dots = 47$ or $469.9999\dots = 470$ (it is not sufficient to merely state that $46.9999\dots = 47$ or that $469.9999\dots = 470$)

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