

Centre No.						Paper Reference						Surname	Initial(s)	
Candidate No.						5	5	2	5	/	0	5	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

5525/05

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics A – 1387

Paper 5 (Non-Calculator)

Higher Tier



Tuesday 7 November 2006 – Morning

Time: 2 hours

Examiner's use only

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Team Leader's use only

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Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.
Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 23 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators must not be used.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those you have left out.

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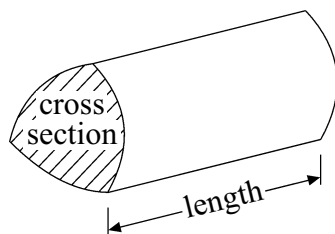
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GCSE Mathematics 1387/8

Formulae: Higher Tier

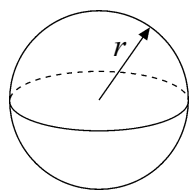
**You must not write on this formulae page.
Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.**

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length



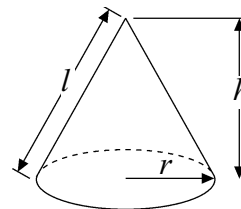
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

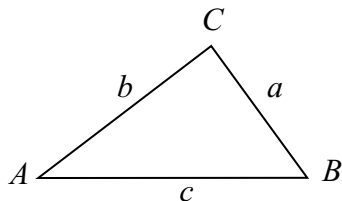


Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



In any triangle ABC



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$



Answer ALL TWENTY THREE questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

You must NOT use a calculator.

1. Mr Brown makes some compost.
He mixes soil, manure and leaf mould in the ratio 3:1:1

Mr Brown makes 75 litres of compost.

- (a) How many litres of soil does he use?

..... litres
(3)

Mr Brown sows 200 flower seeds.

For each flower seed the probability that it will produce a flower is 0.8

- (b) Work out an estimate for the number of these flower seeds that will produce a flower.

.....
(2)

(Total 5 marks)

Q1



2. Here are the first five terms of a number sequence.

3 7 11 15 19

(a) Write down an expression, in terms of n , for the n th term of this sequence.

.....
(2)

Adeel says that 319 is a term in the number sequence.

(b) Is Adeel correct?
You must justify your answer.

.....
.....
(2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q2

3. The density of concrete is 2.3 grams per cm^3 .

(a) Work out the mass of a piece of concrete with a volume of 20 cm^3 .

..... grams
(2)

480 grams of a cheese has a volume of 400 cm^3 .

(b) Work out the density of the cheese.

..... grams per cm^3
(2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q3



Leave blank

4. Estimate the value of $\frac{21 \times 3.86}{0.207}$

.....

(Total 3 marks)

Q4

5. (a) Solve $3(x - 4) = x + 24$

$x =$

(3)

(b) Simplify fully $(2x^3y)^4$

.....

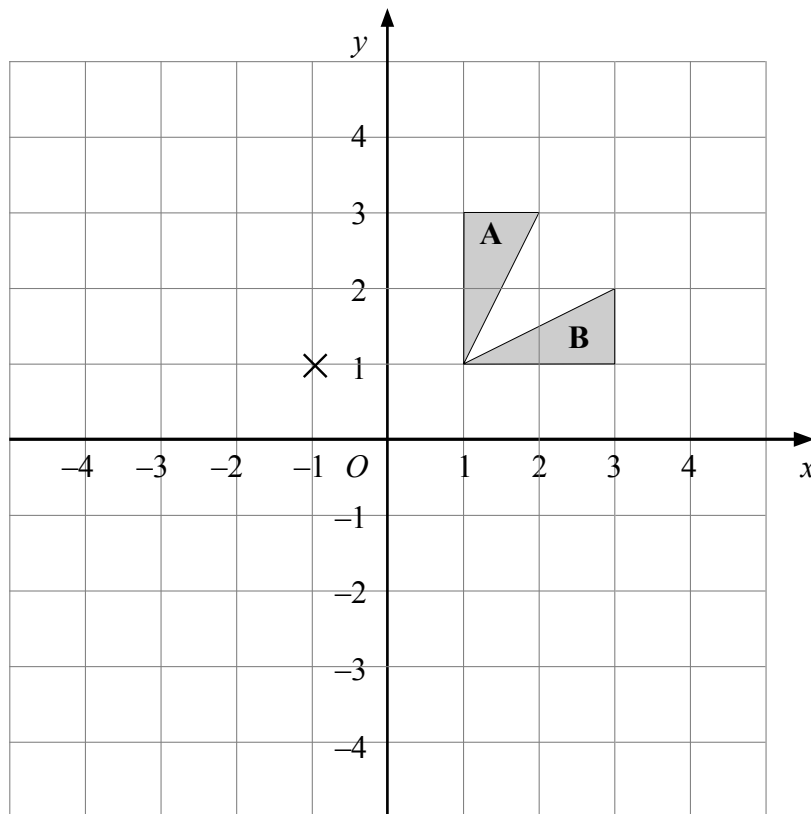
(2)

(Total 5 marks)

Q5



6.



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

..... (2)

(b) On the grid, rotate triangle A 90° anticlockwise about the point (-1, 1)

Label your new triangle C.

(2)

Q6

(Total 4 marks)

7. (a) $-3 \leq n < 2$

n is an integer.

Write down all the possible values of n .

..... (2)

(b) Solve the inequality

$$5x < 2x - 6$$

..... (2)

Q7

(Total 4 marks)



Leave blank

8. Work out $3\frac{2}{5} - 1\frac{3}{4}$

.....

(Total 3 marks)

Q8

9. The table shows some expressions.

Expression	Length	Area	Volume	None of these
πab				
$a + 2b$				
$\pi a^2 + b$				

The letters a and b represent lengths.
 π and 2 are numbers that have no dimensions.

Place a tick (\checkmark) in the correct column to show whether the expression can be used to represent a length, an area, a volume or none of these.

(Total 3 marks)

Q9

10. (a) Write 5.7×10^{-4} as an ordinary number.

.....

(1)

(b) Work out the value of $(7 \times 10^4) \times (3 \times 10^5)$

Give your answer in standard form.

.....

(2)

(Total 3 marks)

Q10



Leave
blank

11. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 4y &= 13 \\ 2x + 3y &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

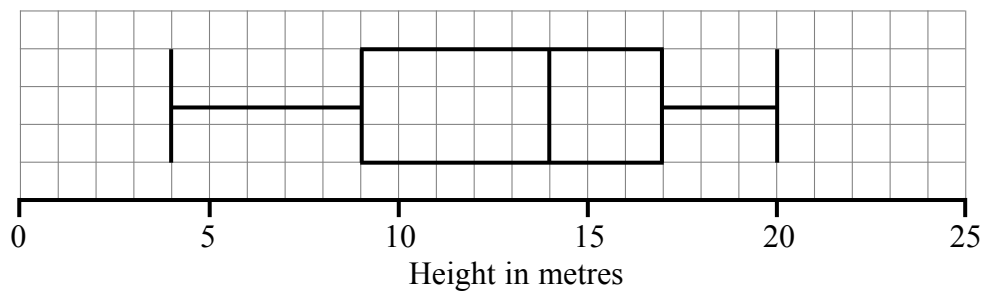
$y = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total 4 marks)

Q11



12. The box plot gives information about the distribution of the heights of all the trees in a wood.



(a) Write down the median height of the trees.

..... m
(1)

(b) Work out the interquartile range of the heights of the trees.

..... m
(1)

There are 300 trees in the wood.

(c) Work out the number of trees in the wood with a height of 17 m or more.

.....
(2)

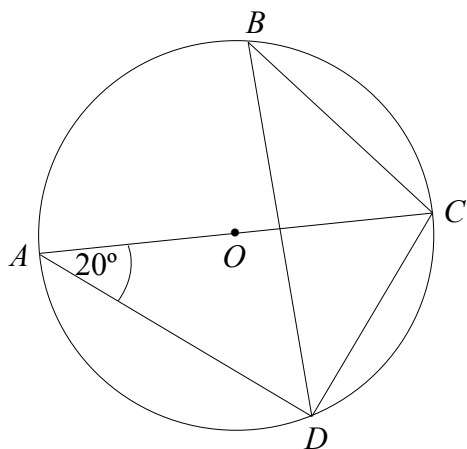
(Total 4 marks)

Q12



13.

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O .
 AC is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $DAC = 20^\circ$.

(a) Find the size of angle ACD .

.....
 (2)

(b) Find the size of angle DBC .
 Give a reason for your answer.

.....

 (2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q13



15. The table shows some rows of a number pattern.

Row 1	1^2	–	(0×2)
Row 2	2^2	–	(1×3)
Row 3	3^2	–	(2×4)
Row 4	4^2	–	(3×5)
Row n		

(a) In the table, write down an expression, in terms of n , for Row n .

(1)

(b) Simplify fully your expression for Row n .
You must show your working.

.....
(2)

Q15

(Total 3 marks)



16.

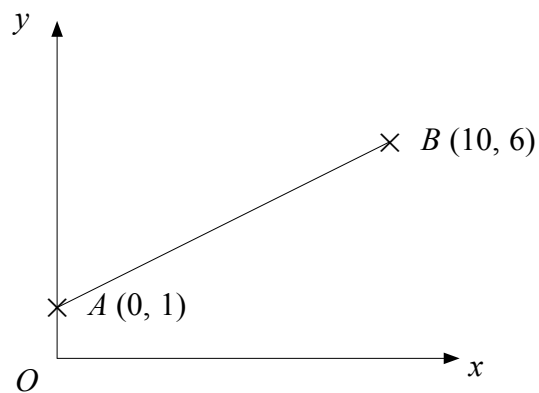


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

A is the point $(0, 1)$
 B is the point $(10, 6)$

The equation of the straight line through A and B is $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$

(a) Write down the equation of another straight line that is parallel to $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$

.....
(1)

(b) Write down the equation of another straight line that passes through the point $(0, 1)$

.....
(1)

(c) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to AB passing through B .

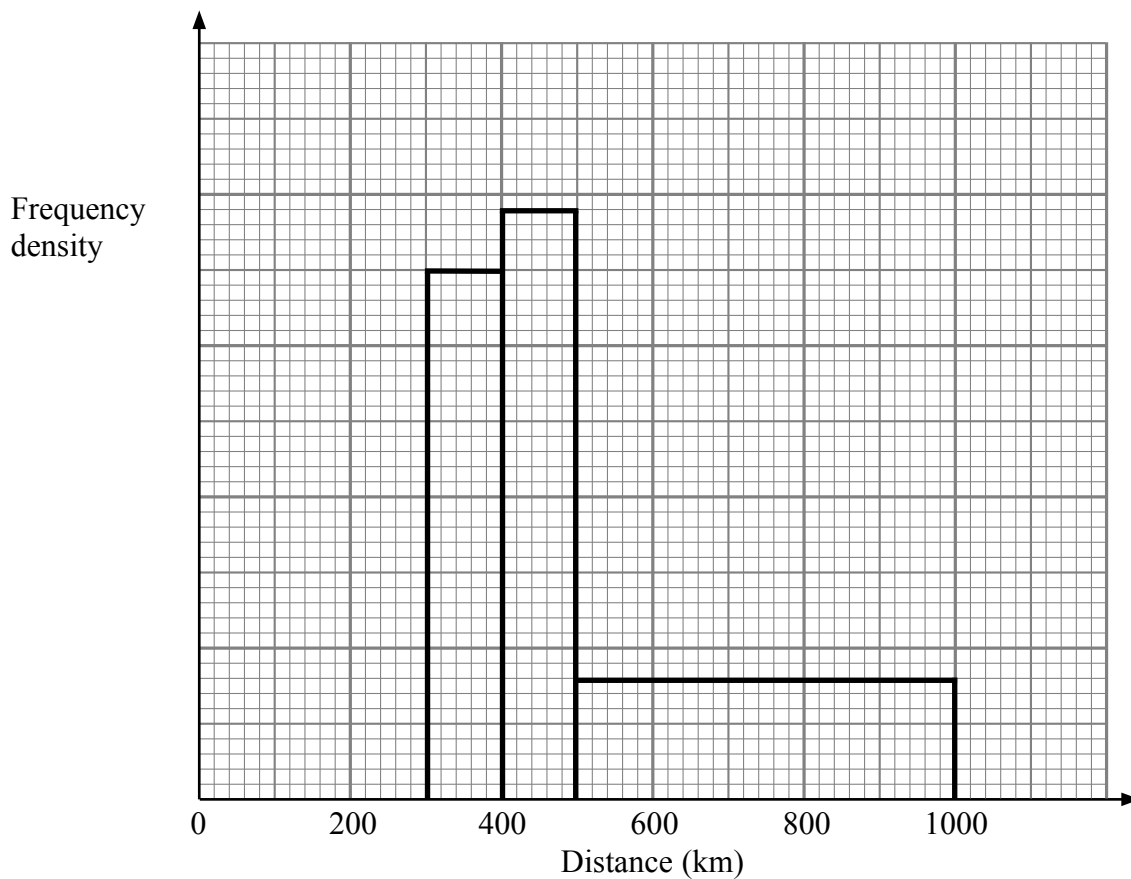
.....
(3)

(Total 5 marks)

Q16



17. The incomplete table and histogram give some information about the distances walked by some students in a school in one year.



(a) Use the information in the histogram to complete the frequency table.

Distance (d) in km	Frequency
$0 < d \leq 300$	210
$300 < d \leq 400$	350
$400 < d \leq 500$	
$500 < d \leq 1000$	

(2)

(b) Use the information in the table to complete the histogram.

(1)

Q17

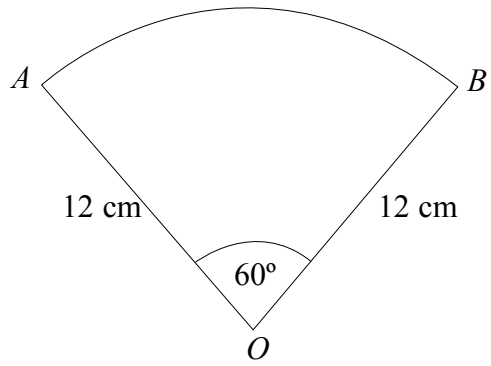
(Total 3 marks)



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18.

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



OAB is a sector of a circle, centre O .
Angle $AOB = 60^\circ$.
 $OA = OB = 12$ cm.

Work out the length of the arc AB .
Give your answer in terms of π .

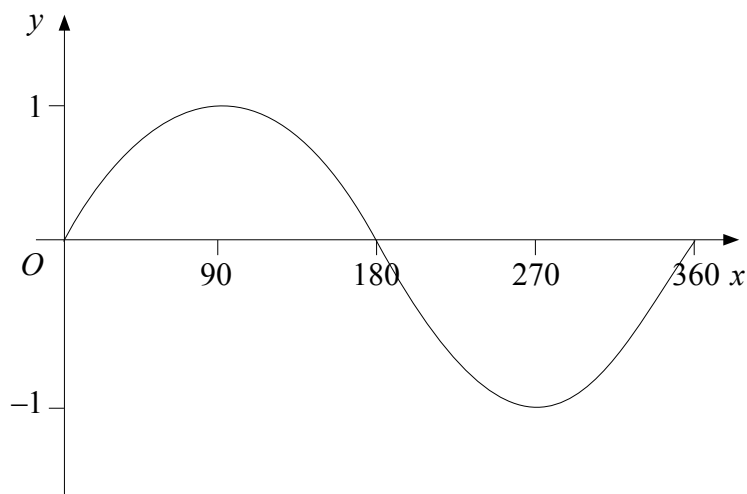
..... cm

Q18

(Total 3 marks)



19. Here is a sketch of the curve $y = \sin x^\circ$ for $0 \leq x \leq 360$.



(a) Given that $\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$, write down the value of

(i) $\sin 150^\circ$

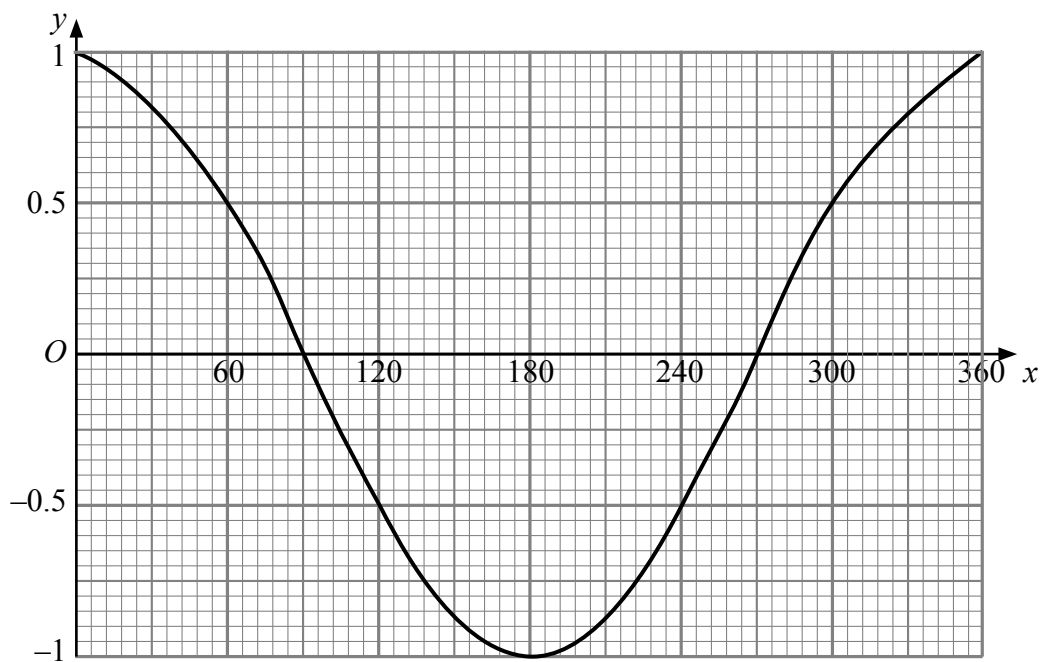
.....

(ii) $\sin 330^\circ$

.....

(2)

The graph of $y = \cos x^\circ$ for $0 \leq x \leq 360$ is drawn below.



Leave blank

(b) Use the graph to find estimates of the solutions, in the interval $0 \leq x \leq 360$, of the equation

(i) $\cos x^\circ = -0.4$

.....

(ii) $4\cos x^\circ = 3$

.....

(4)

Q19

(Total 6 marks)



20. (a) Expand and simplify $(2x + 5)(3x - 2)$

.....
(3)

(b) Given that $x^2 + 6x - 5 = (x + p)^2 + q$ for all values of x ,
find the value of

(i) p ,

(ii) q .

$p =$

$q =$

(3)

Q20

(Total 6 marks)



21. (a) Write down the value of $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$

.....
(1)

(b) Write $\sqrt{8}$ in the form $m\sqrt{2}$, where m is an integer.

.....
(2)

(c) Write $\sqrt{50}$ in the form $k\sqrt{2}$, where k is an integer.

.....
(2)

(d) Rationalise $\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$

.....
(2)

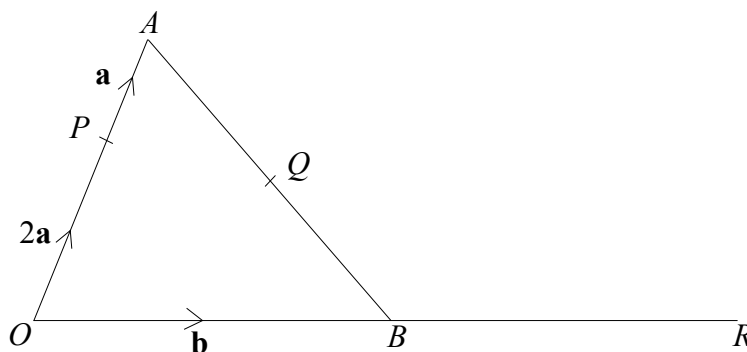
(Total 7 marks)

Q21



22.

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



OAB is a triangle.
 B is the midpoint of OR .
 Q is the midpoint of AB .

$$\vec{OP} = 2\mathbf{a} \quad \vec{PA} = \mathbf{a} \quad \vec{OB} = \mathbf{b}$$

(a) Find, in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , the vectors

(i) \vec{AB} ,

.....

(ii) \vec{PR} ,

.....

(iii) \vec{PQ} .

.....

(4)

(b) Hence explain why PQR is a straight line.

(2)

The length of PQ is 3 cm.

(c) Find the length of PR .

..... cm

(1)

Q22

(Total 7 marks)



Leave
blank

23. By eliminating y , find the solutions to the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 + y^2 &= 25 \\ y &= x - 7\end{aligned}$$

$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$
or $x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total 6 marks)

Q23

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS

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