

Centre No.						Paper Reference						Surname	Initial(s)	
Candidate No.						5	5	3	8	/	1	8	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

5538/18

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics B – 1388

Paper 18 (Non-Calculator)

Higher Tier

Monday 5 June 2006 – Afternoon

Time: 1 hour 15 minutes



Examiner's use only

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Team Leader's use only

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Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.
Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature.

Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 17 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 62.

There are 20 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators must not be used.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those you have left out.

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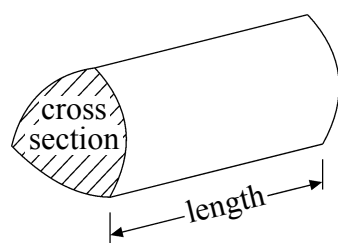
edexcel

GCSE Mathematics 1387/8

Formulae: Higher Tier

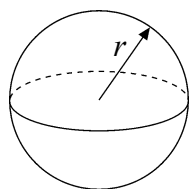
**You must not write on this formulae page.
Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.**

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length



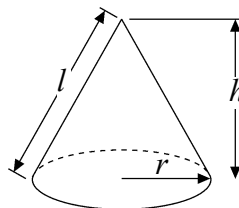
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

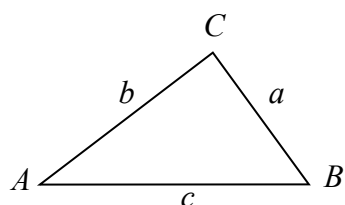


Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



In any triangle ABC



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$



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Answer ALL SEVENTEEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

You must NOT use a calculator.

1. $3x^2 = 108$

Find the value of x

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

Q1

(Total 2 marks)

2. The diagram shows a prism.

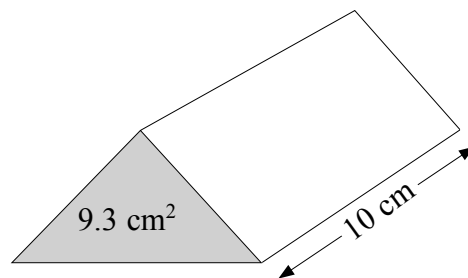


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

The cross section of the prism is a triangle of area 9.3 cm^2 .
The length of the prism is 10 cm.

Work out the volume of the prism.
State the units of your answer.

$\dots\dots\dots$

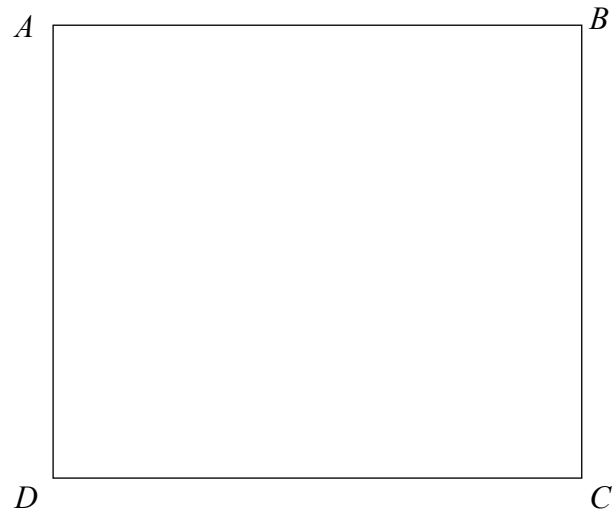
Q2

(Total 3 marks)



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3.



$ABCD$ is a rectangle.

Shade the set of points inside the rectangle which are **both**

more than 4 centimetres from the point A
and more than 1 centimetre from the line DC .

(Total 4 marks)

Q3

4. Factorise $x^2 + 6x + 8$

.....

(Total 2 marks)

Q4

5. Change 57 000 000 cubic centimetres to cubic metres.

..... cubic metres

(Total 2 marks)

Q5



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blank

6. A student wanted to find out how many pizzas adults ate.

He used this question on a questionnaire.

‘How many pizzas have you eaten?’

A few

A lot

This is not a good question.

Design a better question that the student can use to find out how many pizzas adults ate.
You should include some response boxes.

Q6

(Total 2 marks)

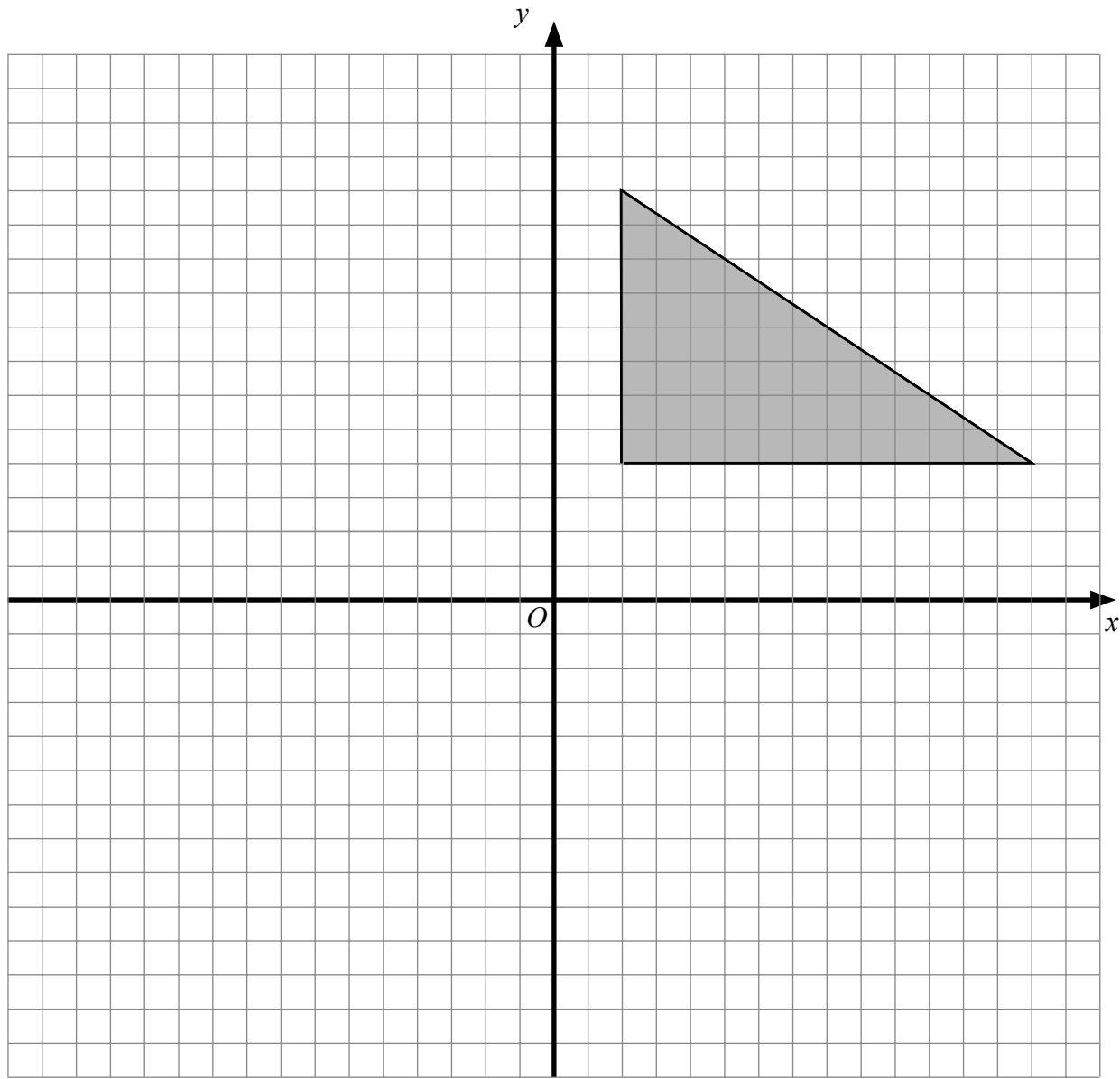
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7.



Enlarge the triangle by a scale factor of $-\frac{1}{2}$, centre O .

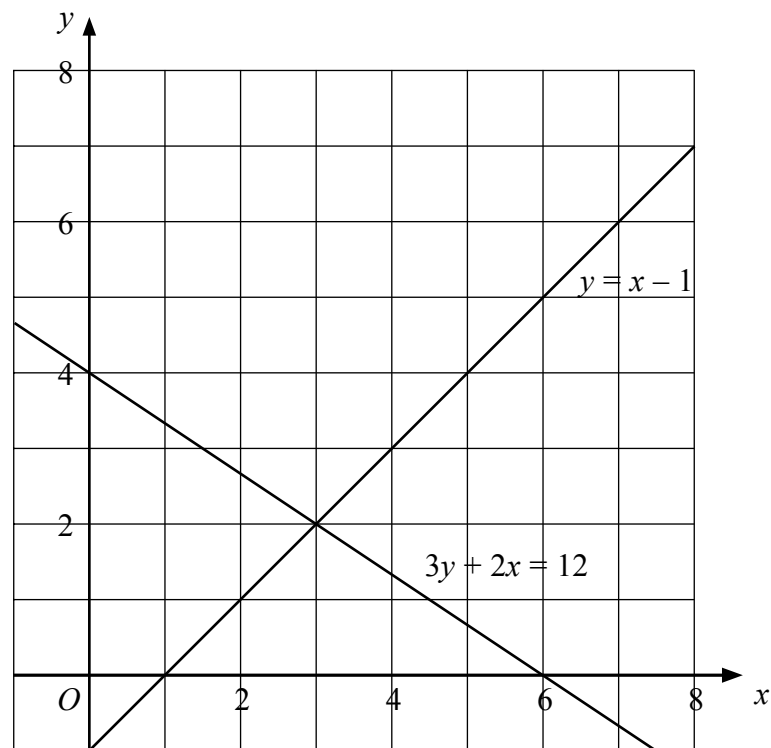
(Total 2 marks)

Q7



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8. The graphs of the straight lines with equations $3y + 2x = 12$ and $y = x - 1$ have been drawn on the grid.



$$3y + 2x > 12$$

$$y < x - 1$$

$$x < 6$$

x and y are integers.

On the grid, mark with a cross (\times), each of the **four** points which satisfies **all** 3 inequalities.

(Total 3 marks)

Q8



7

Turn over

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9. A company tested 100 batteries.

The table shows information about the number of hours that the batteries lasted.

Time (t hours)	Frequency
$50 \leq t < 55$	12
$55 \leq t < 60$	21
$60 \leq t < 65$	36
$65 \leq t < 70$	23
$70 \leq t < 75$	8

(a) Complete the cumulative frequency table for this information.

(1)

Time (t hours)	Cumulative frequency
$50 \leq t < 55$	12
$50 \leq t < 60$	
$50 \leq t < 65$	
$50 \leq t < 70$	
$50 \leq t < 75$	

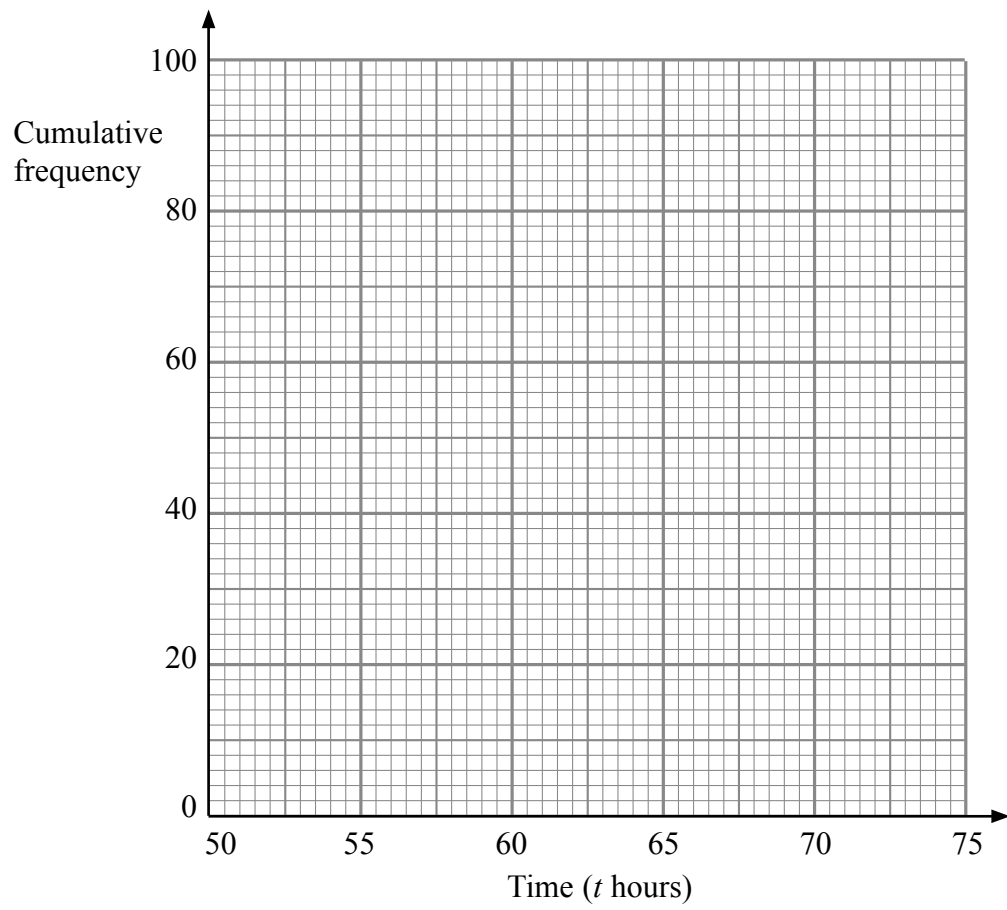
(b) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency graph for your completed table.

(2)

(c) Use your completed graph to find an estimate for the median time.

..... hours
(1)





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Q9

(Total 4 marks)



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10.

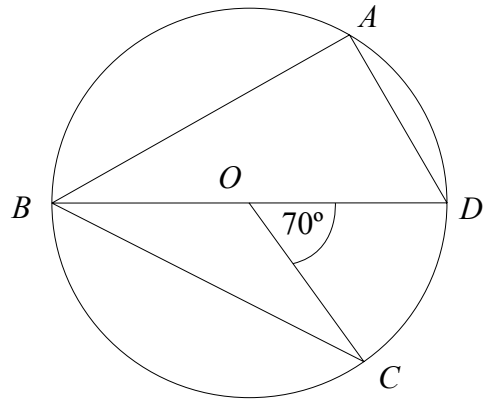


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O .
 BOD is a straight line.
Angle $COD = 70^\circ$

- (a) Find the size of angle BAD .
Give a reason for your answer.

.....^o
(2)

- (b) Find the size of angle CBD .
Give a reason for your answer.

.....^o
(2)

(Total 4 marks)

Q10



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11. The time, T seconds, it takes a water heater to boil some water is directly proportional to the mass of water, m kg, in the water heater.

When $m = 250$, $T = 600$

(a) Find T when $m = 400$

$T = \dots\dots\dots$
(3)

The time, T seconds, it takes a water heater to boil a constant mass of water is inversely proportional to the power, P watts, of the water heater.

When $P = 1400$, $T = 360$

(b) Find the value of T when $P = 900$

$T = \dots\dots\dots$
(3)

(Total 6 marks)

Q11



12.

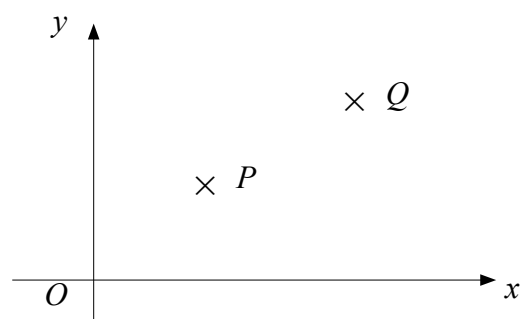


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

The diagram is a sketch.

P is the point $(2, 3)$

Q is the point $(6, 6)$

Write down the vector \vec{PQ}

Write your answer as a column vector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$

()

Q12

(Total 2 marks)



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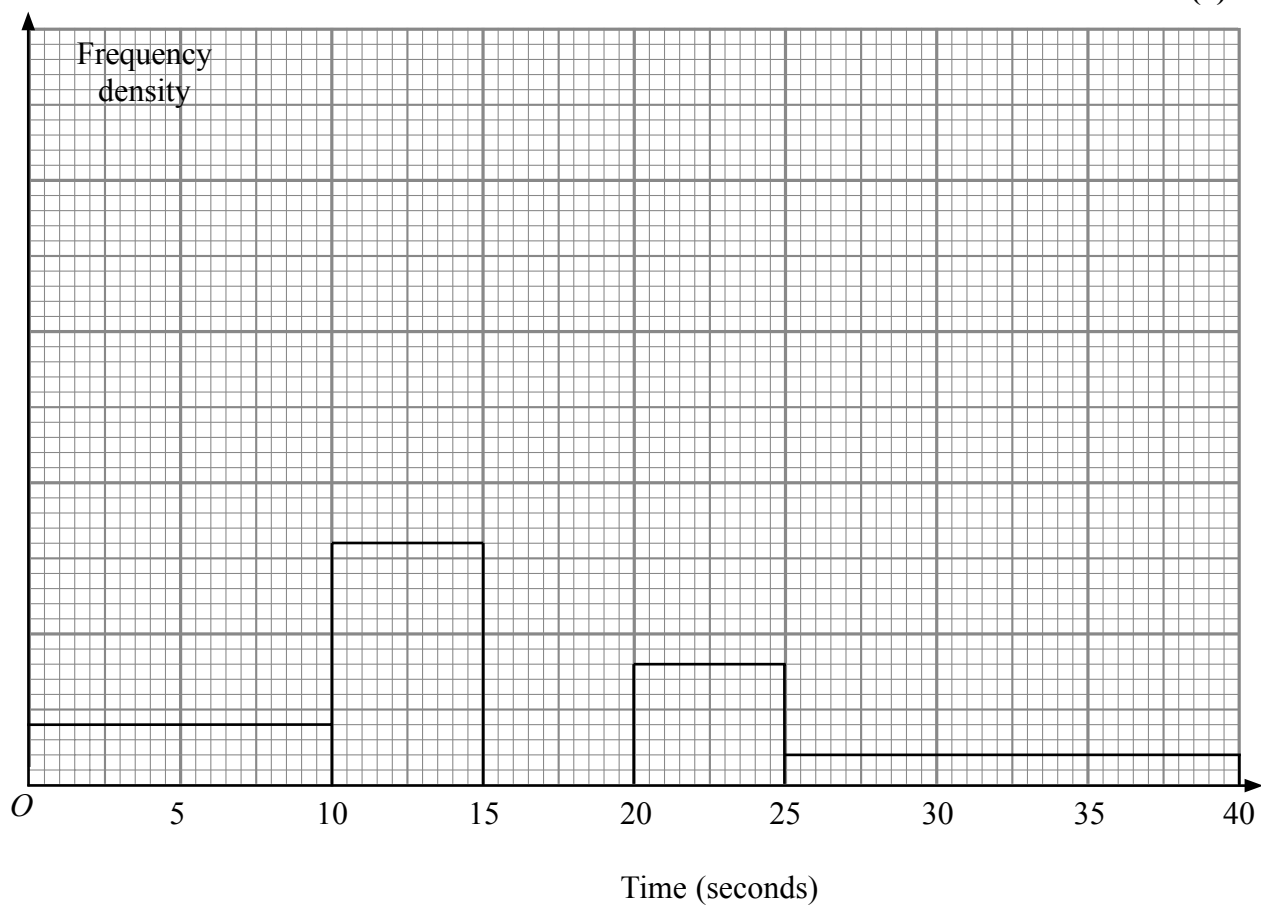
13. The table and histogram show information about the length of time it took 165 adults to connect to the internet.

Time (t seconds)	Frequency
$0 < t \leq 10$	20
$10 < t \leq 15$	
$15 < t \leq 17.5$	30
$17.5 < t \leq 20$	40
$20 < t \leq 25$	
$25 < t \leq 40$	

None of the adults took more than 40 seconds to connect to the internet.

(a) Use the table to complete the histogram. (2)

(b) Use the histogram to complete the table. (2)



Q13

(Total 4 marks)

13

Turn over



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14. (a) Write down the value of $8^{\frac{1}{3}}$

.....
(1)

$8\sqrt{8}$ can be written in the form 8^k

(b) Find the value of k .

$k =$
(1)

$8\sqrt{8}$ can also be expressed in the form $m\sqrt{2}$ where m is a positive integer.

(c) Express $8\sqrt{8}$ in the form $m\sqrt{2}$

.....
(2)

(d) Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{1}{8\sqrt{8}}$

Give your answer in the form $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{p}$ where p is a positive integer.

.....
(2)

(Total 6 marks)

Q14



15.

$$P = \frac{n^2 + a}{n + a}$$

Rearrange the formula to make a the subject.

$a = \dots\dots\dots$

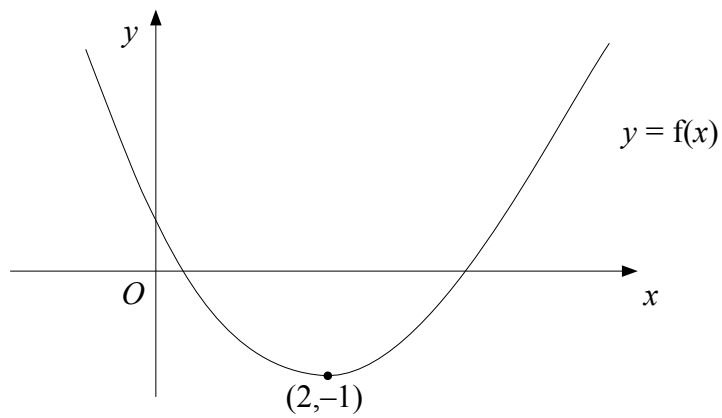
(Total 4 marks)

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Q15



16.



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$
 The minimum point of the curve is at $(2, -1)$

(a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

(i) $y = f(x + 2)$

(ii) $y = 3f(x)$

(iii) $y = f(2x)$

(3)

The curve $y = f(x)$ is reflected in the y axis.

(b) Find the equation of the curve following this transformation.

$y = \dots\dots\dots$
 (1)

The curve with equation $y = f(x)$ has been transformed to give the curve with equation $y = f(x) + 2$

(c) Describe the transformation.

.....
 (1)

(Total 5 marks)

Q16



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17. By eliminating y , find the solutions to the simultaneous equations

$$y - 2x = 3$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 18$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{or } x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$$

(Total 7 marks)

Q17

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 62 MARKS

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