

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mathematics 3301

Specification A

Paper 1 Foundation

Mark Scheme

2007 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

- M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
- A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
- **B** Marks awarded independent of method.
- **M dep** A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
- **B dep** A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
- ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.
- SC Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
- oe Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$

Paper 1F

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
		1	
1	1×20 and 2×10 and 4×5	В3	-1 eeoo
	1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20	B1	Must have 6 numbers
			Accept in any order No ft
2(a)	Intermediate or I	B1	Do not accept 65 306
2(b)	Thirty thousand, three hundred (and) thirty eight	B1	
2(c)	30 000	B1	Accept in words
2()	2	D1	
3(a)	2	B1	
3(b)	11	B1	
3(c)	August	B1	Accept Aug or A
3(d)	$4\frac{1}{2}$ circles drawn for September	B1	Accept poor drawings if intention clear
4(a)	1+3+5+7+9	B1	
	25	B1	
	1+3+5+7+9+11	B1	
	36	B1	
4(b)	Square (numbers)	B1	
5(a)	850	B1	Accept 850.(00)
5(b)	900	B1	Accept 900.(00)
5(c)	854.3	B1	Do not accept 854.30

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(a)	mm or cm	B1	Accept equivalent Imperial units throughout, but penalise the first occurrence (≡ inches or in)
6(b)	Litres	B1	Accept $l (\equiv \text{gallons or gal})$
6(c)	m ² or hectares	B1	(≡ square yards or acres)
6(d)	kg or kilos or tonnes or Newtons	B1	Accept tons (\equiv pounds or lb or stone or cwt)
7(a)	30.7	B1	
7(b)	5.7	B1	
7(c)	144	B1	
7(d)	25	B1	
7(e)	8280	M1	oe eg, box method
	1104	M1	oe eg, box method
	9384	A1	
8(a)	5	B1	
8(b)	5	B1	
8(c)	8	B1	
9(a)	$5 \times 4 + 10$ or $20 + 10$	M1	
	30	A1	
9(b)	$(38-10) \div 4 \text{ or } 28 \div 4$	M1	or $4 \times 7 + 10 = 38$
	7	A1	
10(a)	4 ± 0.1	B1	
10(b)	90 ± 2	B1	
10(c)	P marked on circumference	B2	±1 mm
			B1 for diameter drawn from A

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
11	$\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{7}{10}$ in correct boxes	B2	B1 for 1 correct
12	A(1, 3)	B1	
	B(3, -3)	B1	
	C(-3, -1)	B1	SC1 If all three in reverse order
	T	ı	1
13	$(\sqrt{25} =) 5$	B1	
	$(\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{9} =) 7$	B1	
14	A B and E	B2	-1 eeoo
	112 WIN 2		1 4445
15(a)	0 0 1 1 1 3 4 4 6 20	M1	At least first 6 or last 6 in correct order
	2	A1	
15(b)	$\sum x \div 10$	M1	Allow $38 \le \sum x \le 42$ if no addition seen
	4	A1	
15(c)	Median - omits rogue value	В1	
	or		
	Mean - uses all values		
16	Line drawn from $3x - x$ to $2x$	B1	
	Line drawn from $3x \times x$ to $3x^2$	B1	
	Line drawn from $3(x+1)$ to $3x+3$	B1	
	Line drawn from $x \times x \times x$ to x^3	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
17(a)	400 – (137 + 128)	M1	oe
	135	A1	
17(b)	420 ÷ 3 or 140	M1	or (137 – 128) and (137 – Their 135) or 11 oe
	(Their 140) – 128	M1dep	or (20 – Their 11) ÷ 3 + 9 oe
	12	A1	
18(a)	100	B1	
18(b)	360 – (120 + 100)	M1	
	140	A1	
18(c)	180 – (90 + 36) or 90 – 36	M1	
	54	A1	
18(d)	72	B1	
19	5	B1	
	20	B2	B1 for $z = 4$
20	$60 \times 100 \div 80 \text{ or } \frac{3}{4}$	M1	oe
			or Two fractions with the same denominators and one correct numerator
			eg, $\frac{15}{20}$, $\frac{14}{20}$ or $\frac{300}{400}$, $\frac{280}{400}$ oe
	75(%) or 0.75	M1	or $\frac{15}{20}$ and $\frac{14}{20}$ or $\frac{300}{400}$ and $\frac{280}{400}$ oe
	75(%) and 70(%) and Test 1 or 0.75 and 0.7(0) and Test 1	A1	Correct fractions and Test 1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
21(a)	$15 \div 3 \times 9 \text{ or } 15 \times 3$	M1	oe eg, 60 – 15
	45	A1	Can be recovered in (b) if missing in (a)
21(b)	45 (boys pass)	B1ft	
	35 (girls pass) and 25 (girls fail)	B1	
22(a)	$2 \times 3 \times 4$	M1	
	24	A1	
	m ³	B1	Units mark for consistent units
22(b)	2×3 or 2×4 or 3×4	M1	or 6, 8 and 12
	2 × 3 (+) 2 × 3 (+) 2 × 4 (+) 2 × 4 (+) 3 × 4	M1	oe eg, $2 \times (6+8) + 12$ $2 \times (2 \times 3 + 2 \times 4) + 3 \times 4$
	(Their 40) ÷ 6	M1	oe $(6 \div 6) + (6 \div 6) + (8 \div 6) + (8 \div 6) + (12 \div 6)$
	7	A1	SC3 5 from 28 or 9 from 52 or 6 from 32 or 34 or 5 from 1 + 1 + 1.() + 1.() or 6 from 1 + 1 + 1.() + 2 or 6 from 1 + 1.() + 1.() + 2 or 9 from 1 + 1 + 1.() + 1.() + 2 + 2 SC2 7 with no working SC1 28 or 52 or 32 or 34 or 40 from 4 walls
		D.1	
23(a)	3	B1	
23(b)	2	B1	
23(c)	40	B1	aa Allaw 10 + 20 ar 0.22(2)
23(d)	10 ÷ 0.5	M1	oe Allow 10 ÷ 30 or 0.33(3)
	20	A1	
24	Correct rotation with vertices ±2 mm	B2	B1 for any 90° clockwise rotation (±2 mm) or 180° rotation about C (±2 mm) or 90° anticlockwise rotation about C (±2 mm)

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	1	<u> </u>	1
25	60 ÷ 6	M1	or Sight of 10
	10 and 50	A1	In correct order
26	36	B1	
	40	B1	
	$2.8(0) \div 8 \text{ or } 280 \div 8$	M1	
	35	A1	