Surname			Other	Names			
Centre Number				Candida	ate Number		
Candidate Signat							

For Examiner's Use

General Certificate of Secondary Education November 2007

MATHEMATICS (MODULAR) (SPECIFICATION B) Module 5 Intermediate Tier Paper 1 Non-Calculator



Tuesday 6 November 2007 9.00 am to 10.15 am

For this paper you must have:

· mathematical instruments.



33005/I1

You must not use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. This must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

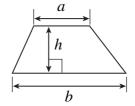
For Exam	iner's Use
Pages	Mark
3	
4–5	
6–7	
8–9	
10-11	
12–13	
14–15	
16–17	
18–19	
TOTAL	
Examiner's Initials	



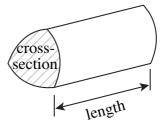
Formulae Sheet: Intermediate Tier

You may need to use the following formulae:

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$



Volume of prism = area of cross-section \times length



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

(a)	Write down the value of	
	(i) 5^2	
	Answer	(1 mark)
	(ii) 5^3	
	Answer	(1 mark)
(b)	Here is a sequence of numbers.	
	121 144 169 196 225	
	Write down the special name for these numbers.	
	Answer	(1 mark)
(c)	Here is a sequence of cube numbers.	
	1 8 27 64 125	
	Explain how you could work out the next cube number. You do not have to work out the answer.	
		(1 mark)

Turn over for the next question

4

Turn over ▶



1

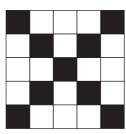
2 Here is a pattern of squares.

Pattern 1

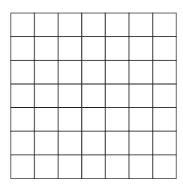
Pattern 2







(a) Draw the next pattern on the grid.



(1 mark)

(b) Here is a method for working out the number of black squares in each pattern.

Pattern 1

$$1 + 4 \times 0 =$$

Pattern 2

$$1 + 4 \times 1 = 5$$

Pattern 3

$$1 + 4 \times 2 = 9$$

Pattern 4

$$1 + 4 \times 3 = 13$$

Complete the method for Pattern 10.

Pattern 10

(2 marks)

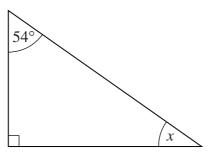
(c)	Whi	ich of the following statements is true?	
	A	Pattern 12 has 39 black squares.	
	В	The number of black squares is always odd.	
	C	Every pattern has more black squares than green squares.	
		Answer	(1 mark)
			(=)
(d)	Patte	ern n has $4n - 3$ black squares.	
	Whi	ich pattern has 101 black squares?	
		Answer	(2 marks)

Turn over for the next question

6



3 (a) The diagram shows a right-angled triangle.



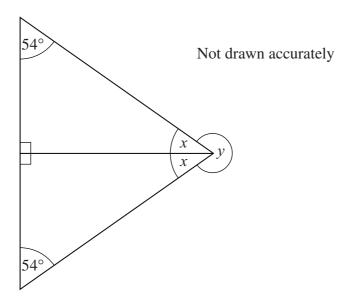
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Work out the value of x

•••••	 	•••••

Answer		degrees	(1	mark	k)
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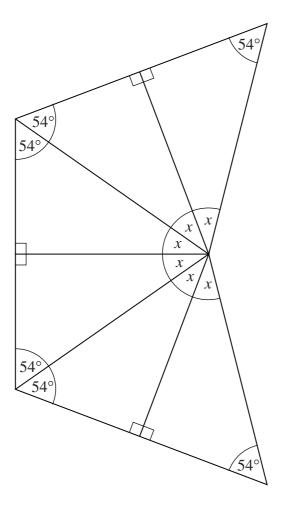
(b) Two congruent right-angled triangles are joined together to form an isosceles triangle as shown.



Work out the value of y.		

Answer degrees (3 marks)

(c) Pairs of the right-angled triangles are fitted together to make a regular polygon. Part of the regular polygon is shown.



Not drawn accurately

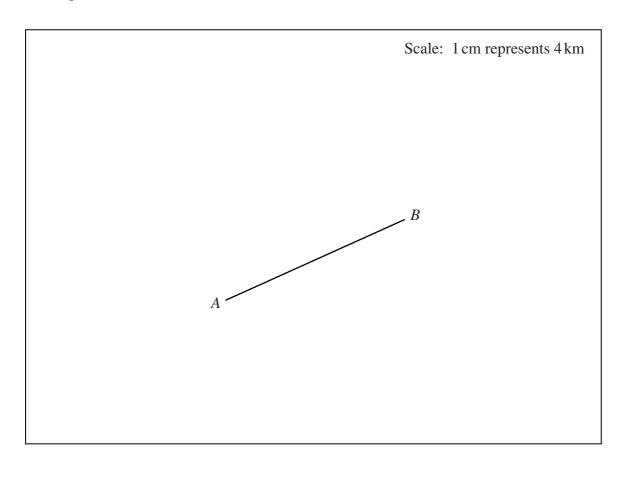
How many right-angled triangles will there be in the regular polygon? You must show your working.	
	•••••
Answer	narks)

6



The positions of towns *A* and *B* are shown on the diagram. The diagram is drawn to scale.

1 cm represents 4 km.



(a)	work out the actual distance between towns A and B.	
		••••••
		•••••
	Answer km	(3 marks)
(b)	A town C is 16 kilometres from A and 16 kilometres from B .	
	Using compasses only, mark the two possible positions of C on the diagram.	
		(2 marks)



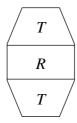
5 All areas in this question are in square centimetres. Here is a rectangle of area R, a square of area S and a trapezium of area T.

R

S



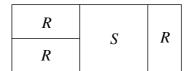
(a) The area of the shape below is given by A = R + 2T



Find the value of A when R = 7.5 and T = 6.3

.....

(b) Here is a different shape.



(i) Write down an expression for the area of this shape.

Answer (1 mark)

(ii) Which of the following is correct? Circle your answer.

3R = S

2R = S

R = 2S

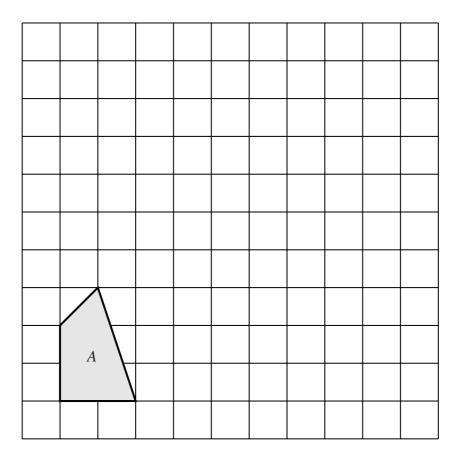
R = 3S

(1 *mark*)

9



6 Enlarge shape *A* by scale factor 3.



(2 marks)

7 (a) Solve 4x - 7 = 9

.....

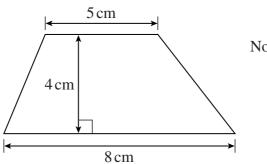
Answer $x = \dots (2 \text{ marks})$

(b) Solve 5(3y + 4) = 50

.....

Answer $y = \dots$ (3 marks)

8 The diagram shows a trapezium.



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Work out the area of the trapezium.

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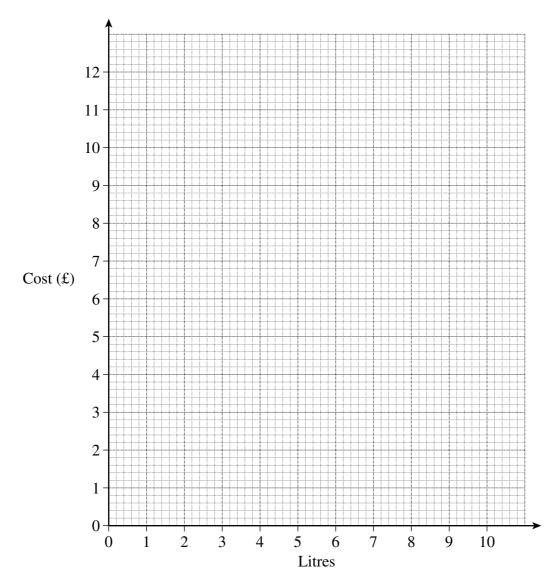
Answer cm² (2 marks)



9	(a)	Complete the statement.
		1 gallon is approximately equal to litres (1 mark)
	(b)	A container holds 5 gallons of oil.
		Convert 5 gallons to litres.
		Answer litres (2 marks)



- (c) Fuel costs £1.20 per litre.
 - (i) Draw a graph to show this information.



(2 marks)

(ii)	Work out the number of litres that can be bought for £25
	Give your answer as a whole number of litres

Answer	litres	(2 marks

7



10 The diagram shows the plan of the floor of a room.

	10 m		-
6 m			Not drawn accurately
	2 m		
	'	3 m	_
Worl	k out the perimeter of the floor.		
Worl	k out the perimeter of the floor.		
Worl	Answer		m (2 marks
World			m (2 marks
	Answer Work out the area of the floor.		m (2 marks
	Answer Work out the area of the floor.		m (2 marks



A roll of plain carpet is 3 metres wide.
Work out the minimum length of carpet needed to cover the floor.
Answer m (2 marks)

Turn over for the next question

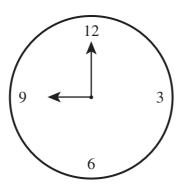
8

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(ii)

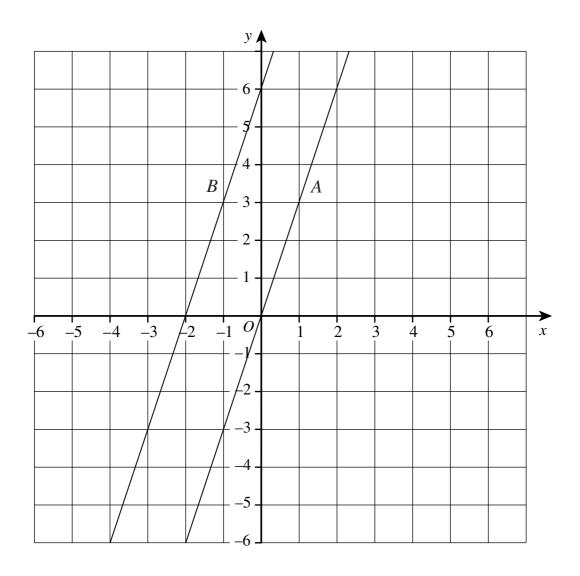
- - (b) The hour hand of a clock is 7 cm long. The minute hand is 10 cm long.



12	(a)	Solve $\frac{18}{z} =$	1.5	
			Answer $z = \dots$	(1 mark)
	(b)	Simplify x^3	$\times x^2$	
			Answer	(1 mark)
	(c)	Simplify y^2	÷ y	
			Answer	(1 mark)
	(d)	Simplify fully	$\frac{18x^5y^2}{12x^2y}$	
			Answer	(2 marks)

(e)	Factorise fully	$18x^5y^2 - 12x^2y$

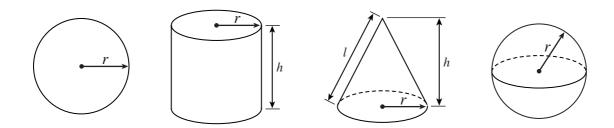
13 The grid shows the graphs of two straight lines A and B.



(a)	Write down the equation of line <i>A</i> .	
	Answer	(2 marks)
(b)	Write down the equation of line B .	
	Answer	(1 mark)
(c)	Write down a fact about the gradients of lines A and B .	
	Answer	

(1 mark)

14 A circle, a cylinder, a cone and a sphere are shown.



Here are some expressions for these shapes.

For each expression, state whether it represents a length, an area or a volume.

(a) $2\pi r$

(b) $\pi r^2 h$

(c) $\pi r l$

(d) $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

END OF QUESTIONS

There are no questions printed on this page

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