

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mathematics 3302 Specification B

Module 1 Tier F 33001F

Mark Scheme

2005 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

| Μ | Method marks awarded for a correct method. | | |
|-------|---|--|--|
| Α | Accuracy marks awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary always to see the method. This can be implied. | | |
| В | Marks awarded independent of method. | | |
| M dep | A method mark which is dependent on a previous method mark being awarded. | | |
| ft | Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step. | | |
| SC | Special Case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth. | | |
| oe | Or equivalent. | | |
| eeoo | Each error or omission. | | |

MODULE 1 FOUNDATION TIER

33001F

Note: Probability - Accept fraction, decimal or percentage. Do not accept ratio. 1 out of 3 or 1 in 3 penalise once on whole paper.

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
|------|--|--------|---|
| 1(a) | i) Black | B1 | |
| | ii) 3 | B1 | |
| | iii) 103 000 | B1 | Accept 103,000 103.000 103 000 |
| (b) | i) 4 | B1 | |
| | ii) Exactly 3 whole cars | B1 | |
| | Half car | B1 | |
| | iii) 5 × 500 | M1 | |
| | (= £) 2500 | A1 | £1250 SC1 |
| 2(a) | Red | B1 | |
| (b) | $\frac{2}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ | B1 | oe 0.33 or better |
| (c) | i) B or Blue at $\frac{1}{2} \pm 2$ mm | B1 | Any part of word in correct location |
| | ii) R or Red at $\frac{1}{6} \pm 2$ mm | B1 | |
| 2 | | | |
| 3 | Any correct method seen eg $\frac{25}{45} \times 360$ or 25×8 etc | M1 | Can be implied from a correct exact angle on pie chart that is correctly labelled or has no labels at all |
| | or sight of a correct angleAll 4 correct angles 32°, 48°,80°, 200° seen or implied | A1 | Only 4 sectors |
| | Accurate sectors drawn $\pm 2^{\circ}$ | A1 | |
| | Correct labelling according to size of sector | B1 | H, G, S, D in smallest to largest sectors all 4 labels |
| | Clear incorrect method scores M0A0A0 | | Mark pie chart first |
| | 1 | | 0 |
| 4(a) | $\sum fx$ | M1 | eg $0 \times 2 + 1 \times 15 + 2 \times 12$ seen (or $0 + 15 + 24$) at least 3 products summed |
| | = 174 | A1 | |
| (b) | their total in (a) ÷ 60 | M1 dep | Dep on first M1 Can be implied from correct ft ans |
| | = 2.9 | A1 | Accept 3 from correct working seen |
| | | | |

| 5(a) | 24 | B1 | |
|------|----------------------|----|---|
| (b) | Tuesday | B1 | Allow Tu but not T |
| (c) | Friday | B1 | Allow F |
| (d) | 18 - 12 | M1 | Allow 12 – 18 |
| | 6 | A1 | |
| (e) | Yes, with any reason | B1 | Must say Yes or He is correct No $=> 0, 0$ |
| | Correct reason | B1 | eg 16 boys is twice 8 girls |

| 6(a) | First row 1, (2), 3, 4 | B1 | |
|------|--|-------|---|
| | Second row 2, 4, (6), 8 | B1 | |
| (b) | i) $\frac{1}{8}$ | B1 | |
| | ii) $\frac{6}{8}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ or 0.75 | B2 ft | oe B1 ft for their numerator of a fraction ≤ 1 at least 1 cell completed B1 for denominator of 8 of a fraction ≤ 1 at least 1 cell completed |
| | | | SC2 $\frac{"2"}{12}$ and $\frac{"8"}{12}$ With or without blanks |

| 7(a) | 35 | B1 | Allow 3 5 |
|------|----|----|-----------|
| (b) | 9 | B1 | Allow 0 9 |
| (c) | 31 | B1 | Allow 3 1 |

| 8(a) | 6 points plotted accurately | B2 | $(\pm \frac{1}{2} \text{ sq})$ Ignore extras ignore sticks B1 for 5 points correct |
|------|---|----------|--|
| (b) | As the house values increase in 2000 the house values in 2004 also increase | B1 | Accept positive correlation or as one goes up the other goes up |
| (c) | Sensible ruled line of best fit Negative line | B1 B0 | On or between (30, 60) and (40, 60) and on or between (60, 100) and (70, 140) and extending from 40 to 80 on <i>x</i> -axis |
| | About £150 (000) $(\pm \frac{1}{2} \text{ sq})$ | B1 ft | Line must have a positive gradient, their line value \pm £2000 |
| | | | Ignore a negative line for ft |
| | | | Alternative method |
| | | | No line drawn but estimate |
| | | | $144(000) \rightarrow 160(000)$ inclusive |
| | | | scores B2 |
| | | | Negative line B0B1 |