

# General Certificate of Secondary Education 

## Mathematics 4302 Specification B

Module 1 Tier H 43001H TWO TIER

## Mark Scheme

2007 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## The following abbreviations are used on the mark scheme:

M Method marks awarded for a correct method.
A Accuracy marks awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary always to see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
M dep A method mark which is dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special Case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent.
eeoo Each error or omission.

## MODULE 1 HIGHER TIER

Note: Probability - Accept fraction, decimal or percentage. Do not accept ratio. 1 out of 3 or 1 in 3 penalise once on whole paper.

| 1(a) | 12 | B1 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1(b) | Attempt to total girls and subtract <br> total of boys " $53-43 "$ | M1 | or summing the differences <br> " $10(+0)-7+7 "$ |  |
|  | 10 | A1 |  |  |
| 1 (c) | 10 | 5 | 9 |  |
| 11 | 1 | 8 | 9 | B2 fully correct ordered leaves <br> attached to 'correct' stem |
|  | 12 | 1 | 2 | 5 |


| 2 | 4 or 5 correct midpoints seen | M1 | or implied |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\sum f x$ at least two products with <br> intention to sum | M1 | Accept incorrect midpoints but must <br> be within classes including <br> boundaries <br> Note: Not class widths throughout <br> Note: 1840 or $2640 \Rightarrow \mathrm{M} 1$ |
| $\sum f x 4$ or 5 "correct" products <br> summed with intention to divide <br> by 80 | M1 dep | dep on 2 nd M1 $\left(\frac{2240 "}{80}\right)$ <br> $\frac{1840}{80}$ or $\frac{2640}{80} \Rightarrow \mathrm{M} 2$ |  |
| 28 | A1 |  |  |


| 3(a) | $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{6}$ on first pair of branches correctly | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$ on each second pair of branches correctly | B2 | B1 any 2 correct probabilities in second throw column |
| 3(b) | $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{3}$ | M1 ft | ft provided both are probabilities |
|  | $\frac{1}{18}$ | A1 | oe 0.056 or better (not 0.05 ) |


| 4(a) | $\frac{26}{(14+26+8+52)}$ | M1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \frac{26}{100} \text { or } 0.26 \\ \text { Seen in (a) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{26}{100} \times \frac{25}{99} \\ & \text { or } 0.26 \times 0.25 \dot{2} 5 \end{aligned}$ | A1 | Seen or 0.06565 (0.065 lose A1) |
| 4(b) | $\frac{(8+52)}{(14+26+8+52-1)}$ or $\frac{8}{99}$ and $\frac{52}{99}$ | M1 | $\frac{60}{99}$ or 0.61 or better or $\frac{26}{99}$ or 0.262 or better |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{26}{(14+26+8+52)} \\ & \times \frac{(8+52)}{(14+26+8+52-1)} \times 2 \end{aligned}$ | M1 dep |  |
|  | $\frac{52}{165}$ | A1 | oe 0.32 or better |


| $5(\mathrm{a})$ | All seven points plotted <br> $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square | B2 | 5 or 6 points correct B1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 5(b) | Straight line passing on or <br> between $(1000,100-200)$ and <br> $(5500,500-600)$ <br> From 1000 to 5500 on $x$-axis | B1 |  |
| $5(\mathrm{c})$ | As the distance increases the cost <br> increases | B1 | Positive correlation not describing <br> the $(900,140)$ point |
| $5(\mathrm{~d})$ | $480 \pm \frac{1}{2}$ square | B1 ft | $\mathrm{ft} \mathrm{their} \mathrm{increasing} \mathrm{line} \mathrm{(strict)}$ |


| 6(a) | Question is leading | B1 | Suggestive or biased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(b) | Suitable question: | B1 | eg Do you think eating fast foods is: Accept "do you think ..." "don't you think ..." |
|  | Suitable response boxes: | B1 dep | eg |
|  |  |  | a healthy |
|  |  |  | b unhealthy |
|  |  |  | c ok |
|  |  |  | d don't know |
| 6(c) | Points plotted at correct midpoints and joined by "straight" lines | B1 |  |
|  | All four heights correct (within classes) | B1 |  |


| 77 | Locating quartiles from graph | M1 | eg Lines on graph including to <br> h axis OR 110 and 160 seen |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | (Red kangaroos IQR $=) 50 \mathrm{~cm}$ | A1 |  |
|  | (Grey kangaroos IQR $=) 35 \mathrm{~cm}$ | B1 |  |
|  | IQR red $>$ IQR grey | B1 | oe |


| $8(a)$ | A census surveys the whole <br> population | B1 | Survey by everyone |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $8(b)$ | $\frac{8}{80} \times 10$ | M1 | Any one correct method seen |
|  | $1,3,6$ | A2 | Correct decimals or fractions only <br> gets A1 |
| $8(\mathrm{c})$ | $\frac{15}{45} \times 30$ | M1 |  |
|  | 10 | A1 |  |


[^0]:    Set and published by the Assessment and Qualifications Alliance.

