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Centre Number						Candidate Number					
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For Examiner's Use

General Certificate of Secondary Education
November 2008



MATHEMATICS (MODULAR) (SPECIFICATION B)
Module 1 Foundation Tier Section A

43001/FA
F

Thursday 13 November 2008 1.30 pm to 1.55 pm

<p>For this paper you must have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a calculator • mathematical instruments • a treasury tag. 	
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For Examiner's Use			
Section A		Section B	
Question	Mark	Question	Mark
1		6	
2		7	
3		8	
4		9	
5		10	
Total Section A			
Total Section B			
TOTAL			
Examiner's Initials			

Time allowed for Section A: 25 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins or on blank pages will not be marked.
- Use a calculator where appropriate.
- Do all rough work in this book.
- This paper is divided into two sections: Section A and Section B.
- After the 25 minutes allowed for Section A, you must put your calculator on the floor under your seat. You will then be given Section B.
- When you have answered Section B you may work again on Section A but you may **not** use your calculator. It must remain on the floor under your seat.
- At the end of the examination tag Section A and Section B together with Section A on top.

Information

- The maximum mark for Section A is 20.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You may ask for more answer paper and graph paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



N 0 V 0 8 4 3 0 0 1 F A 0 1

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Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

1 The table shows the lengths of some whales.

Whale	Length (feet)
Blue	110
Sperm	60
Bowhead	60
Humpback	52
Gray	45
Minke	30
Killer	27
Beluga	15

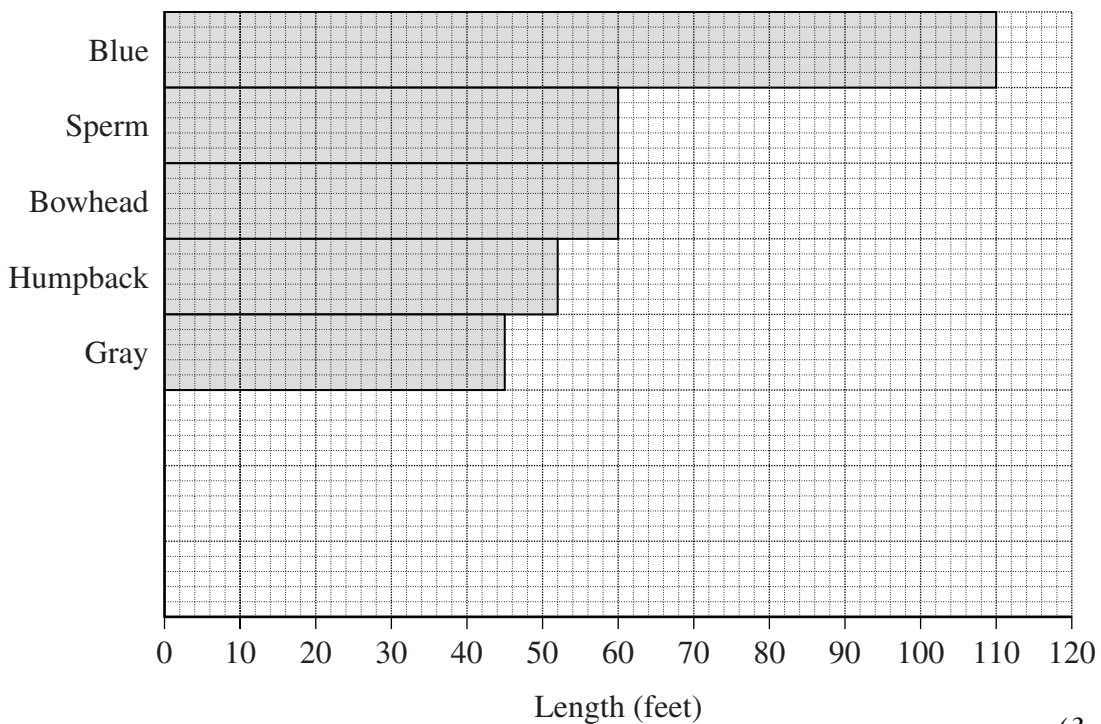
1 (a) How much longer is the blue whale than the humpback whale?

.....

Answer feet (2 marks)

1 (b) Complete the chart.

Whale lengths



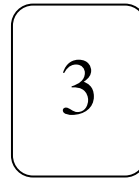
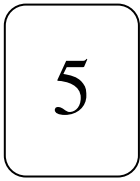
(3 marks)

5

Turn over ►



2 Here are four numbered cards.



2 (a) (i) One of these cards is chosen at random.

What is the probability that it is the number 3?

Answer (1 mark)

2 (a) (ii) Assad says that the range of the numbers is twice the median.

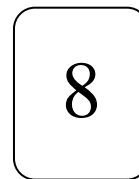
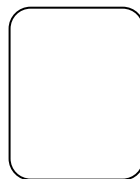
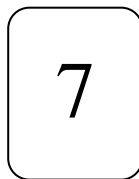
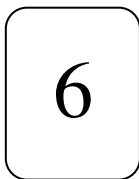
Show that Assad is correct.

.....

(3 marks)

2 (b) A different set of cards is shown below.

Write a single digit number on the blank card so that the range of these numbers is greater than 5.



.....

(1 mark)

5



- 3 John and Pam are joggers.
The table shows the mean and the range of the number of miles that John and Pam jog per day over one month.

	Mean	Range
John	2.5	6
Pam	1.2	4

Compare the means and the ranges by completing the sentences below.

The two means tell me that

.....

.....

The two ranges tell me that

.....

.....

(2 marks)

2

- 4 A five-sided spinner is labelled A, B, C, D and E.
The spinner is biased.
The table shows some of the probabilities of the spinner landing on each letter.

Letter	Probability
A	0.40
B	0.25
C	
D	
E	0.05

The probability that the spinner lands on C is equal to the probability that it lands on D.

Calculate the probability that the spinner lands on D.

.....

.....

.....

.....

Answer (3 marks)

3

Turn over ►



- 5 An ordinary six-sided dice is repeatedly thrown 10 times. The number of sixes are counted for each set of 10 throws. The table shows the results.

Set of 10 throws	Number of sixes	Total number of sixes	Total number of throws	Relative frequency
1 st	2	2	10	0.20
2 nd	3	5	20	0.25
3 rd	4	9	30	0.30
4 th	3	12	40	0.30
5 th	2	14	50	0.28
6 th	4	18	60	0.30
7 th	4	22	70	0.31
8 th	2		80	
9 th	3		90	
10 th	4		100	

- 5 (a) Complete the table.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(3 marks)



5 (b) Do these results suggest that the dice is biased towards the number six?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

Explain your answer.

.....

.....

.....

(2 marks)

5

END OF SECTION A



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General Certificate of Secondary Education
November 2008



MATHEMATICS (MODULAR) (SPECIFICATION B)
Module 1 Foundation Tier Section B

43001/FB
F

Thursday 13 November 2008 2.00 pm to 2.25 pm

<p>For this paper you must have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mathematical instruments. <p>You must not use a calculator.</p>	
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Time allowed for Section B: 25 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
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Information

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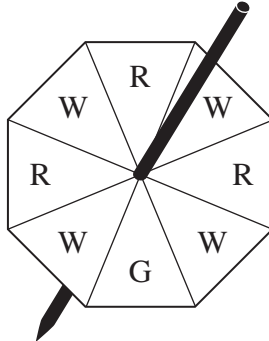
Advice

- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 6** A fair spinner has eight equal sections.
Four sections are white (W).
Three sections are red (R).
One section is green (G).



Here are four statements about the spinner.

Tick the correct box against each statement.

- | | True | False | Cannot say |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 6 (a) It is most likely to land on red. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 (b) It is unlikely to land on green. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 (c) It has an even chance of landing on white. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 (d) It is impossible to land on green three times in a row. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |




(4 marks)

4



7 The incomplete chart shows the 2007 sales of drinks by a shop.

Key  Represents £100

Drink	Sales 2007 (£)	Pictogram	Percentage change between 2006 and 2007
Water			+8
Cola	500		+10
Fruit drinks	450		-15
Squash			-5
Lemonade	150		+12

7 (a) (i) Complete the sales figure in the chart for squash.

..... (1 mark)

7 (a) (ii) Complete the pictogram for lemonade.

(1 mark)

7 (b) Which drink had the greatest percentage change between 2006 and 2007?

Answer (1 mark)

7 (c) The sales figure for water in 2007 was £339.

Write down a reason why it would be difficult to complete the pictogram with this information.

.....

(1 mark)

Turn over ►



8 Josh's percentage daily intake of different food types is shown in the table.

Food type	Percentage daily intake	Angle for use in pie chart
Carbohydrate (C)	50%	
Protein (P)	10%	
Other (O)		

8 (a) (i) Complete the table.

.....

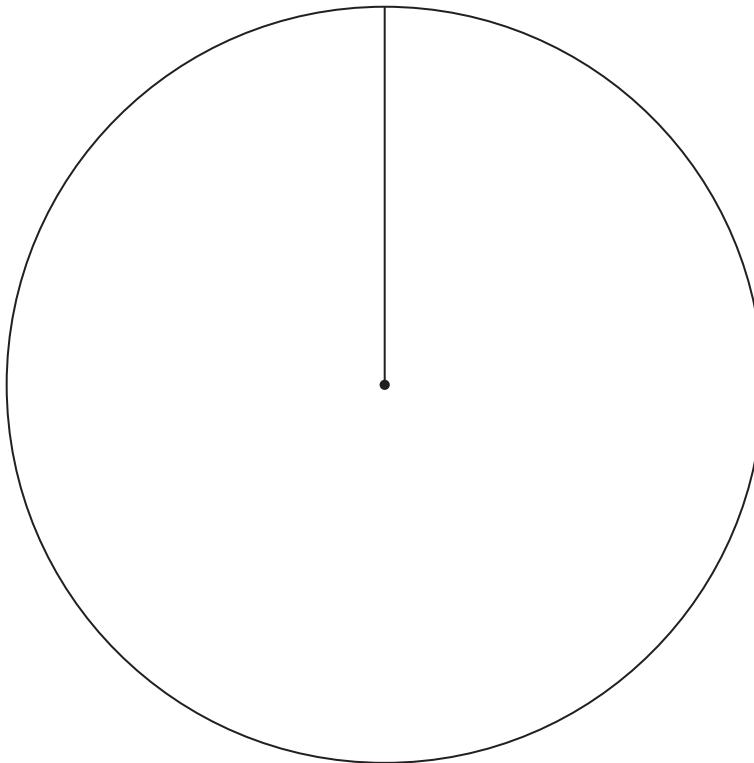
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.....

(3 marks)

8 (a) (ii) Draw a fully labelled pie chart to show this information.

Percentage daily intake



(2 marks)



8 (b) Josh knows that his daily intake of protein is 90 grams.

Calculate Josh's daily intake of carbohydrate.

.....
.....
.....

Answer grams (2 marks)

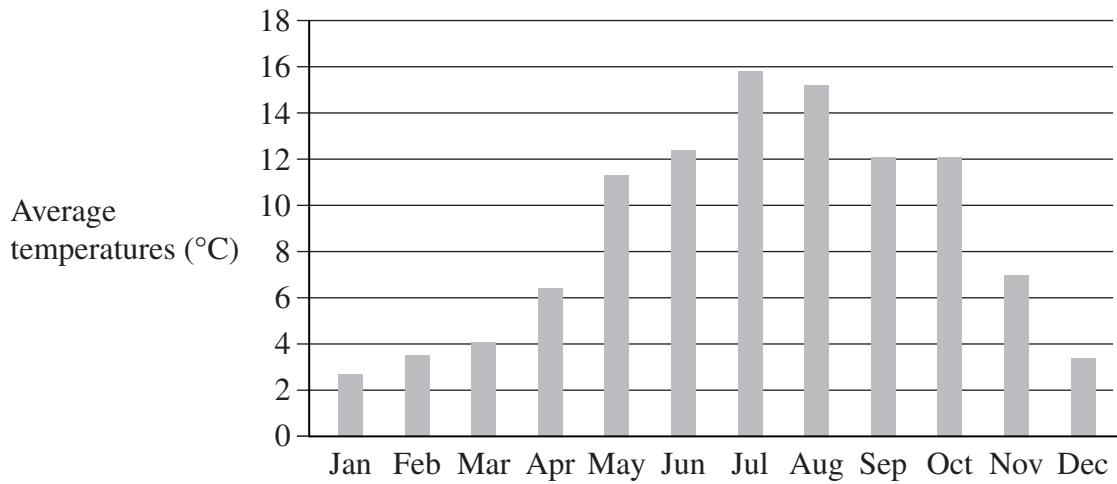
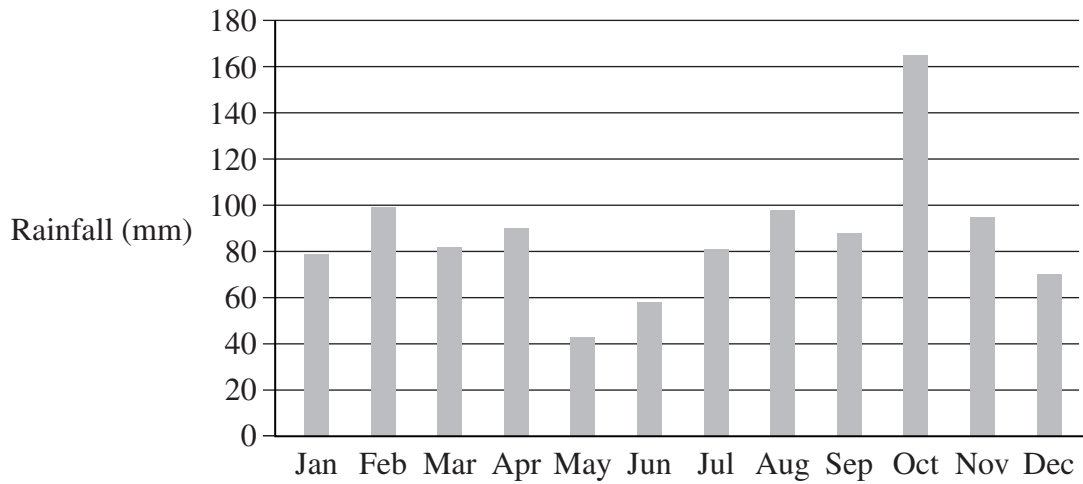
7

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



- 9 The bar charts show the monthly rainfall (mm) and monthly average temperatures ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) for the UK in 2001.



Sue said, "The graphs show that the hotter months had less rain."

Is she correct?

Explain your answer.

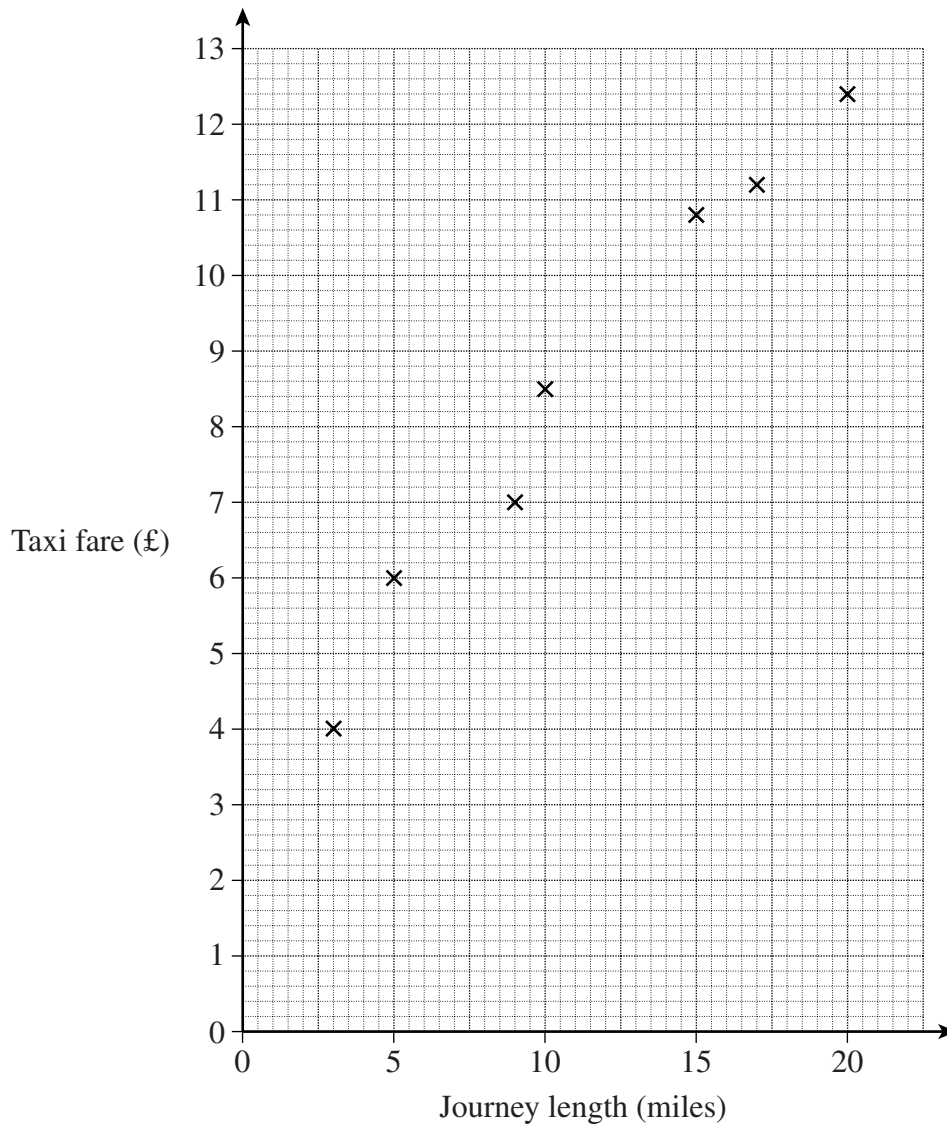
.....

.....

(2 marks)



10 The scatter graph shows the taxi fare (£) for different journey lengths (miles).



10 (a) Describe the correlation.

.....

 (1 mark)

10 (b) Draw a line of best fit on the scatter diagram.

(1 mark)

10 (c) Use your line of best fit to estimate the taxi fare for a journey of 12 miles.

Answer £ (1 mark)

END OF QUESTIONS



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