ASSESSMENT and
OUALIFICATIONS

# General Certificate of Secondary Education 

## Mathematics 4302 (Two Tier) Specification B

Module 1 Foundation Tier

## Mark Scheme 2006 examination - November series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

## The following abbreviations are used on the mark scheme:

M Method marks awarded for a correct method.
A Accuracy marks awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary always to see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
M dep A method mark which is dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in

SC Special Case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent.
eeoo Each error or omission.

## Module 1 Foundation Tier

Note: Probability - Accept fraction, decimal or percentage. Do not accept ratio. 1 out of 3 or 1 in 3 penalise once on whole paper.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answers | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1(a) | Both frequencies correct 14 and 7 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Correct tallies for 9 | B1 | Accept 5 bar gate or bunch of 5 |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b )}$ | Linear scale on vertical axis starting <br> from zero | B1 | Condone 0 missing at origin |
|  | 3 bars of correct heights $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square <br> Bars of reasonably equal width with or <br> without gaps of any size | B1 | Condone linear scale not starting from zero <br> Ignore labels at this stage |
|  | Correct labels | B1 | B1 |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c ) ~}$ | Sunny | B1 | eg, there are more sunny days each |
| month |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | Mode $=5$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\frac{24}{4}$ | M1 |  |
|  | Mean $=6$ | A1 | oe valid explanation <br> eg, mean $>5$ because all the numbers <br> are $\geq 5$ |


| 3(a) | 83 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 3(b) | $\frac{20+1}{2}=10.5$ th value | M1 | Locating 65 and 67 or locating 5 and 7 or <br> $5 / 7$ on diagram |
|  | 66 | A1 |  |


| Q | Answers | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 4(a) | $0.25+0.15$ | M1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 0.4 | A1 |  |
| 4(b) | $1-(0.5+0.25+0.15)$ | M1 | or $1-(0.5+$ "(a)") |$|$| A1ft | ft probability in (a); answer must be a <br> probability <br> Mark (b) as seen <br> If (b) blank can mark 0.1 in table |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 0.1 |


| $\mathbf{5 ( a )}$ | 2000 | B1 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b )}$ | $52(\%)$ | B2 | 152 | B1 | 51 |
| SC1 | 151 | B0 |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{6}$ | EVENS | IMPOSSIBLE | B3 | B1 for each |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | UNLIKELY | CERTAIN |  |  |


| 7(a) | 5 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 7(b) | 11 | B1 |  |  |
| 7(c) | $14-6$ | M1 | $6-14$ alone | M0 |
|  | 8 | A1 | 4 | SC1 |


| Q | Answers | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{8 ( a )}$ | Friday | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | $90^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ | B1 |  |
| $\mathbf{8 ( c )}$ | $\frac{\text { their }(\text { b })}{360}$ | B1ft | oe |
| $\mathbf{8 ( d )}$ | $\frac{320}{720} \times 360$ | M1 | Any correct method can be implied <br> from pie chart |
|  | $160^{\circ}$ or $125^{\circ}$ or $75^{\circ}$ | Any correct angle can be implied from <br> pie chart |  |
|  | All 3 sectors correct | B1 | T, R, C in correct sectors according to size |
|  | Labels | B1 | Too restrictive, suggestive <br> Leading / biased <br> Not enough categories <br> 8(e) |
| You cannot answer negatively |  |  |  |


| 9(a) | Sensible "straight" line | B1 | On or below (40, 2.5) <br> and on or between (50, 3.7) and <br> $(52,3.5)$ and also on or between <br> $(56,4.5)$ and (57, 4.2) <br> line 40-58 length |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 9(b) | Approximately 4.2 kg | B1ft | Must follow their "straight" line with <br> positive gradient <br> (wherever it is) 48 - 55 area |


| 10(a) | Any correct fraction seen in (a) | M1 | $\frac{x}{20} \quad \frac{3}{10} \quad \frac{1}{10}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All six correct | A1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{3}{20}$ |
| 10(b) | 2 , because there are a lot more 2 s than any other number | B1 | oe |  |  |  |  |  |

