# General Certificate of Secondary Education 

# Mathematics (Linear) B 4365 

Paper 1 Foundation Tier

Mark Scheme

Specimen Paper

## Mark Schemes

Principal Examiners have prepared these mark schemes for specimen papers. These mark schemes have not, therefore, been through the normal process of standardising that would take place for live papers.

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
Q Marks awarded for quality of written communication.
Mdep A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe $\quad$ Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$

## Foundation Tier

| Q |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Answer |  |  | Mark | Comments |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  |  |


| 2(a) | B2 or 2B | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 2(b) | C3, D3, C4, D4 or 3C, 3D, 4C, 4D | B2 | B1 For 3 correct squares listed |
| 2(c) | West | B1 |  |


| 3(a) | 35 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( b )}$ | 1420 or 1455 seen | B1 |  |
|  | (their 1420) -25 (minutes) | M1 |  |
|  | 1355 | A1 | oe |
|  | $1.50 \times 2(+) 0.85 \times 2$ | M1 | oe |
|  | $3.00+1.70(=4.70)$ | M1 |  |
|  | 4.70 and yes | A1 | Yes can be implied <br> eg, 30p change |


| 4(a) | $9 x$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b) | 6 | B1 |  |
| 4(c) | 13 | B1 |  |


| 5 | $48+52+(90)$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | NO stated or implied and <br> justifies choice <br> eg, $48+52+90=190>180$ <br> or $48+52=100>90$ | Q1 | Strand (iii) <br> oe eg, 180 $-52-90$ |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{6}$ | $15+7 \times 40$ or 295 | M1 | $7 \times 40$ or 280 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | (their) $295 \div 60$ or 4 h 55 m | M1 | (their) $280 \div 60$ or 4 h 40 m <br> oe |
|  | $12: 45-$ (their) 4 h 55 m | M1 | $12: 45-$ (their) $4 \mathrm{~h} 40 \mathrm{~m}-15 \mathrm{~m}$ |
|  | $07: 50$ | A1 | oe <br> SC3 $08: 05$ |


| 7 | $w=3$ | $x=8 \quad y=7$ | B3 | B1 Each |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 8(a) | $24 \div 8 \times 5$ | M 1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 15 | A 1 |  |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | $50 \div 8 \times 5$ or $30 \div 5 \times 8$ | M 1 | oe eg, $24 \times 2$ from $(\mathrm{a})$ |
|  | $\approx 6 \times 5=30$ or $=48 \approx 50$ | A 1 | oe eg, $6.25 \times 5=31.25(\approx 30)$ or $48(\approx 50)$ |


| 9 | Finds the cost of two or more <br> portions of different fruit | M1 | eg, apple + banana $=30+25(=55 p)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Finds the cost of two or more <br> portions of different vegetables | M1 | eg, carrots + broccoli $=20($ or 40$)+75$ <br> $(=95$ p or $£ 1.15($ oe $))$ |  |
| Finds the cost for one day <br> (five portions) or more | M1 | eg, 2 apples +3 bananas $=2 \times 30+3 \times 25$ <br> $(=1.35)$ |  |
| 35 items with at least 2 different fruit <br> and vegetables and total cost less <br> than or equal to $£ 15$ | A1 |  |  |
| Evidence of attempting to meet all <br> criteria <br> ie, using 2 different fruit and <br> 2 different vegetables and keeping <br> under $£ 15$ | Q1 | Strand (iii) <br> Must see an organised response with all <br> criteria met |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 10(a) | Tally column correct with 5 bar gates | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Frequency column correct 5, 9, 1 | B1 | Correct or ft from tallies |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( b ) ( i ) ~}$ | Correct method seen or 1 correct <br> angle seen | M1 | eg $\frac{5}{18} \times 360$ or $5 \times 20$ |
|  | All three correct angles seen <br> $100^{\circ}, 180^{\circ}$ and $20^{\circ}$ | A1 ft | ft from frequency column <br> in (a) $\times 20$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( b ) ( i i ) ~}$ | All 3 sectors drawn correctly and <br> labelled in words <br> $100^{\circ}, 180^{\circ}, 20^{\circ} \quad \pm 2^{\circ}$ | B2 ft | If there are exactly 4 sectors drawn and <br> the 4 angles sum to 360 then give B1 for <br> 3 sectors correct or correct on ft with no <br> labels or any one correct sector drawn and <br> labelled or one correct ft their angles sector <br> drawn and labelled |


| 11(a) | Two different isosceles triangles <br> with lengths marked | B2 | B1 Each <br> Possible combinations are <br> $(3,4,4)$ and $(3,8,8)$ <br> $(4,3,3)$ and $(4,8,8)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 11(b) | Clear explanation that 3 and 4 <br> are shorter than 8 | B1 | Accept a diagram labelled with lengths |
| 11(c) | Approximate isosceles triangle <br> drawn with angle 90 <br> (or right angle sign) | B1 | SC1 | | At least one $45^{\circ}$ angle shown or <br> 2 sides adjacent to $90^{\circ}$ marked as <br> equal with numbers or a dash |
| :--- |
| B1 |
| B0 If a side and hypotenuse marked as |
| equal |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(a) | $2000 \div 50 \times 5$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 200 | A1 |  |
| 12(b) | $\begin{aligned} & (12 \times 2000) \times(0 .) 10 \\ & (=2400 \text { or } 240000) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Annual other running cost |
|  | $0.4 \times 24000$ (=9600) | M1 | Annual income |
|  | 4800 > 3000, so YES | A1 ft | Profit after deductions <br> Their 9600 - their 2400 - their 2400 |
|  | Clear calculation of annual cost <br> Comparison with $£ 3000$ <br> Conclusion drawn following through from their working | Q1 | Strand (ii) - Logical argument with key steps shown leading to correct conclusion from their working |


| 13 | $200-110$ (boys) | M1 | or $\frac{110}{200} \times 100$ or $110 \div 2$ or 55 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\frac{\text { Their } 90}{200} \times 100$ or their $90 \div 2$ | M1 | or $100-$ their 55 |
|  | 45 | A1 |  |


| 14(a) | Line from (9, 0) to (10.5, 7.5) | B1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Horizontal line for 30 minutes from <br> their (10.5, 7.5) | B1 ft |  |
|  | Line to (12, 0) from their (11, 7.5) | B1 ft |  |
| 14(b) | 7.5 | B1 ft | oe |


| 15(a) | $\sum x f(3 \times 0+4 \times 4+5 \times 6+6 \times 9+$ <br> $7 \times 8+8 \times 3)$ | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 180 | A 1 |  |
|  | 6 | A 1 ft | ft Their total $\div 30$ if M1 awarded |
| 15(b)(i) | Reference to cumulative totals for <br> French (1,5, 13, 21, 30) | M 1 | eg, 'I added the frequencies' |
|  | 5 | B1 |  |
| 15(b)(ii) | 5 Spanish level 5 and 6 <br> 17 French level 5 and 6 | B1 | Lots of zeros in top right hand of table <br> The numbers above zero are on or below <br> the leading/main diagonal |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 16(a) | Correct reflection | B2 | B1 For reflection in $x=1$ or $x$-axis or $y$-axis |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | \left\lvert\, | 16(b) | Correct rotation |
| :--- | :--- | | B3Bor $90^{\circ}$ rotation clockwise about any <br> point other than $O$ |
| :--- |
| B1 For $90^{\circ}$ rotation anticlockwise about $O$ |
| any point othen thanticlockwise about $O$ |
| SC2 For their $B$ correctly rotated |\right.

