Surname				Other	Names				
Centre Num	nber					Candida	ate Number		
Candidate Signature		ure							

For Examine	r's Use	
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For Examiner's Use

Mark Question

6

7

8

9

10

11

Section B

Mark

Section A

Question

1

2

3

4

5

Total Section A

Total Section B

Examiner's Initials

TOTAL

Tuesday 3 March 2009 1.30 pm to 2.00 pm

MATHEMATICS (MODULAR) (SPECIFICATION B)

Higher Tier Section A

General Certificate of Secondary Education

For this paper you must have:

• a calculator

March 2009

Module 1

- mathematical instruments
- a treasury tag.

Time allowed for Section A: 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins will not be marked.
- Use a calculator where appropriate.
- Do all rough work in this book.
- This paper is divided into two sections: Section A and Section B.
- After the 30 minutes allowed for Section A, you must put your calculator on the floor under your seat. You will then be given Section B.
- When you have answered Section B you may work again on Section A but you may **not** use your calculator. It must remain on the floor under your seat.
- At the end of the examination tag Section A and Section B together with Section A on top.

Information

- The maximum mark for Section A is 23.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You may ask for more answer paper and graph paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.





43051/HA







2	Ther The A ma The	e are 600 marbles in a bag. colours of the marbles are yellow, red, blue, black or white. arble is picked at random. probability that the marble is yellow is 0.2
2	(a)	Work out the number of yellow marbles in the bag.
		Answer
2	(b)	The probability that the marble is white is 0.1 There are 57 black marbles in the bag. There are twice as many blue marbles as red marbles.
		Work out the number of red marbles in the bag.
		Answer
		Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

Areas outside 4 the box will not be scanned for marking The cumulative frequency diagram represents the heights of 40 sunflowers. 3 40 30 Cumulative frequency 20 10 0 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 0 Height, h (cm) A second set of 40 sunflower plants was treated with fertiliser. The box plot summarises the heights of the treated sunflowers. Three sunflowers had the shortest height of 100 cm. 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 Height, h(cm)Draw a cumulative frequency diagram for the treated sunflowers on the same grid as 3 (a) the first cumulative frequency diagram. (4 marks) Estimate the difference between the number of treated sunflowers and untreated 3 (b) sunflowers over a height of 180 cm. 6



4

4 The	table shows the book	tings at a hotel for	one mont	h.			
		Single person	Couple	Family			
		27	70	103			
The	hotel manager wants	to send questionn	aires to a s	tratified sa	mple of 30 of these bookings.		
Calc	culate the number of e	each type of booki	ing he show	uld include			
	1	Answer Single p	berson				
	Couple						
		Family					
5 Suzy	E Surry has sin numbered conde						
1	1 2 3 4 5						
Suzy	Suzy chooses two cards at random without replacement.						
Calc	culate the probability	that the numbers	on the two	cards add	up to seven.		
		Answer			(A marks)		
	Allswei						















Surname				Other	Names				
Centre Number						Candid	ate Number		
Candidate Signature									

General Certificate of Secondary Education March 2009

MATHEMATICS (MODULAR) (SPECIFICATION B) Module 1 Higher Tier Section B

43051/HB



Tuesday 3 March 2009 2.05 pm to 2.35 pm

For this paper you must have:

• mathematical instruments.



You must not use a calculator.

Time allowed for Section B: 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins will not be marked.
- Do all rough work in this book.
- You may **not** use your calculator in Section B. Your calculator must remain on the floor under your seat.
- When you have answered Section B you may work again on Section A but you may **not** use your calculator. It must remain on the floor under your seat.
- At the end of the examination tag Section A and Section B together with Section A on top.

Information

- The maximum mark for Section B is 23.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You may ask for more answer paper and graph paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer booklet.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.









H

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Number of incorrect answers	Frequency	
0	1	
1	2	
2	6	
3	8	
4	3	

Calculate the mean number of questions answered incorrectly.

A	nswer ((3 marks)

Turn over for the next question





APW/Mar09/43051/HB





Turn over ►

9	Jaso	n is carrying out a survey about how much exercise pupils in his school do.	
9	(a)	One of his questions is	
		"How many days a week do you exercise for 30 minutes or more?"	
		Design a response section for Jason's question.	
			(2 marks)
9	(b)	Give one reason why Jason may not want to ask every pupil in the school.	
			(1 1)
0			(1 mark)
9	(c)	Jason asks a group of Year 11 girls.	
		Give one disadvantage of his choice of sample.	
			(1 mark)



The probability that Hanif passes his driving theory test is 0.8 10 The probability that he passes his driving practical test is 0.7 He can only sit his practical test when he has passed his theory test. 10 Complete and label the tree diagram to show this information. (a) Theory test **Practical test** (3 marks) 10 Work out the probability that on his first attempt Hanif passes his theory test but fails (b) his practical test. Turn over for the next question



Turn over ►

Areas outside the box will not be scanned for marking

11 (a) The lengths of calls at a call centre were recorded one Wednesday morning. The table shows the lengths of the first 100 calls.

Length, x (mins)	Frequency
$0 < x \leqslant 1.0$	12
$1.0 < x \le 2.0$	16
$2.0 < x \leqslant 4.0$	38
$4.0 < x \leqslant 6.0$	22
$6.0 < x \le 10.0$	12

Complete the histogram to show this information.

















