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General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mathematics 4307

Specification B

Module 3 Tier H 43053H

Mark Scheme

2009 examination - June series

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The following abbreviations are used on the mark scheme:

M Method marks awarded for a correct method.

A Accuracy marks awarded when following on from a correct method.

It is not necessary always to see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.

M dep A method mark which is dependent on a previous method mark being

awarded.

ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a

mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special Case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has

some mathematical worth.

oe Or equivalent.

eeoo Each error or omission.

MODULE 3 HIGHER TIER

43053H

1(a)	30.9469()	B1	$\frac{46080}{1489}$ or $30\frac{1410}{1489}$
1(b)	30.95	B1 ft	ft from any (a) > 2 dp

2	1.36 seen	M1	oe 0.36 × 125 (= 45) Allow build-up to 36%
	125×1.36	M1 dep	oe 125 + their 45
	170	A1	

3	90 ÷ 2 (= 45)	M1	$(0).9(0) \div 2 (= (0).45)$
	$500 + 0.5 \times 500 \ (= 750)$	M1	oe
	Uses correct method(s) to scale both to the same number of grams or to the same amount of money	M1 dep	dep on M2 eg 1 500 ÷ their 45 (= 11.()) their 750 ÷ 90 (= 8.()) eg 2 90(p) \rightarrow 1000(g) 90(p) \rightarrow 750(g)
	All numbers calculated correctly	A1	eg 1 11.() and 8.() eg 2 90, 1000 and 90, 750
	(Offer) A	A1 ft	M3 must have been awarded ft from M3A0

4	2 (×) 20 or 5 (×) 8	M1	$2 \times 2 \times 10$ or $2 \times 4 \times 5$ Condone 1×10
	$2 (\times) 2 (\times) 2 (\times) 5$	A1	Condone 1 (×)
	$2^3 \times 5^{(1)}$	A1	Allow . for ×

5(a)(i)	12x - 4x + 4	M1	3 terms with 2 correct (including signs)
	8x+4	A1	
5(a)(ii)	$d^2 + 6d - 2d - 12$	M1	4 terms with 3 correct (including signs) but must have a term in d^2
	$d^2 + 4d - 12$	A1	
5(b)(i)	2m(m-2) or $-2m(2-m)$	B2	B1 for $2(m^2 - 2m)$ or $m(2m - 4)$ or $-2(2m - m^2)$ or $-m(4 - 2m)$
5(b)(ii)	(x+3y)(x-3y) or $(-x-3y)(-x+3y) or -(x+3y)(3y-x) $	B2	B1 for $(3y + x)(3y - x)$ B1 for $(x + 3)(x - 3)$ B1 for $(x + ay)(x - by)$ with $ab = 9$

6	$(1\% =) 16.5 \div 150 (= 0.11)$ or $1.5x = 16.5$	M1	Attempt at % that can be converted to 100% eg $(10(\%) =) 16.5 \div 15 (= 1.1)$ or $(50(\%) =) 16.5 \div 3 (= 5.5)$ or $(25(\%) =) 16.5 \div 6 (= 2.75)$ or $(300(\%) =) 16.5 \times 2 (= 33)$
	their 0.11 × 100	M1 dep	Attempts to convert to 100% eg their 1.1×10 or
	12.60 :64		their 5.5×2 or
	(Award M2 if two steps are combined in a single calculation)		their 2.75×4 or
	combined in a single calculation)		their 33 ÷ 3
	11	A1	SC1 Digits 11 (if answer not 11)
11			SC1 6.6

7	$60 \div 5 \times 2 \ (= 24)$	M1	$60 \div 5 \times 7 (= 84)$
	132 – 60 – their 24	M1 dep	132 – their 84
	48	A1	

8	$y = k\sqrt{x}$	M1	$36 \div 12 = 3$ oe	$y^2 = kx$
	$12 = k\sqrt{100}$ (if this is the first line then award M2)	M1 dep	3 ²	$12^2 = 100k$
	(k=) 1.2 oe	A1	9	(k =) 1.44 oe
	$(36 \div \text{their } 1.2)^2$	M1 dep	their $3^2 \times 100$	$36^2 \div 1.44$
	900	A1		

9	Any two of 375, 72.5 and 43.5	M1	Allow 72.49 for 72.5
	their min their max - their min	M1	375 ≤ their min < 380 72 < their max < 73 43 < their min < 44
	12.9(31) or 13 with no incorrect limits used	A1	Answer only of 13.0 is M0M0A0

	15 (min) $\rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$ (h) \rightarrow (0).25 (h) or $\frac{15}{60}$ (h) \rightarrow (0).25 (h)	B1	(0).25 (h) × 60 = 15 (min) or 25% of 60 = 15 (min)
10(b)	10×2.25	M1	oe eg $2 \times 10 + \frac{1}{4} \times 10$
	22.5	A1	oe

11(a) $9\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{39}{4}$ or 9.75	B1	oe
11(b) 1	B1	

12(a)	$\frac{24}{40} \times 100$	M1	oe eg build-up
	60	A1	SC1 40 on answer line
12(b)	24 + 5 (= 29) and 21 + 29 (= 50) or 40 + 10 (= 50)	M1	40 + 10 = 50 or $21 + 29 = 50and \frac{\text{their } 60}{100} \times \text{their } 50$
	$\frac{\text{their } 29}{\text{their } 50} \times 100 (=58)$	M1 dep	oe 24 + 5 (= 29)
	58 and A	A1 ft	ft their (a) 30 and A

13(a)	$\sqrt{81} = 9$ and $\sqrt{100} = 10$ or $9^2 = 81$ and $10^2 = 100$ or $\sqrt{81} < \sqrt{90} < \sqrt{100}$ or $9^2 < 90 < 10^2$ or 90 is between 81 and 100	B2	B1 for one correct
13(b)	Any two of 300 4 0.1	M1	Condone 4.00 and 0.100 Sight of 1200
	All 3 of 300 4 0.1	A1	$\frac{1200}{0.1}$ or 3000×4 or 300×40 M1A1
	12 000	A1	

14	$\frac{2}{3} \times 7$ or $\frac{1}{3} \times 7$	M1	3 days needs 2 litres or 1 bottle
	$\frac{14}{3}$ or $4\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{7}{3}$ or $2\frac{1}{3}$	A1	6 days needs 4 litres or 2 bottles
	3	A1	SC1 Answer 3 if M0 awarded

15(a)	100 or $(1\times)10^2$	B1	
15(b)	4 000 000 (-) 400 000	M1	$\begin{vmatrix} 40 \times 10^5 \ (-) \ 4 \times 10^5 \\ \text{or } 4 \times 10^6 \ (-) \ 0.4 \times 10^6 \end{vmatrix}$
	3 600 000	A1	Any correct answer eg 36×10^5
	3.6×10^6	B1 ft	ft from any number seen that is not in standard form unless $\times 10^0$ or $\times 10^1$

16(a)	$(5^2)^4$ or $(25^{\frac{1}{2}})^8$	B1	$5^2 = 25$ and $2 \times 4 = 8$
16(b)	$\frac{1}{4^{(1)}}$	B1	
16(c)	16	B2	B1 for 2^4 or 8×2 or $8^{(1)} \times 8^{\frac{1}{3}}$ or $\left(8^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^4$

17	Draws $y = x + 2$	B1	
	-3.4 and 2.4	B2 ft	B1 for each <i>x</i> coordinate of the two points of intersection ft their line Coordinates are penalised 1 mark

18(a)	$3\sqrt{3}$	M1	$\sqrt{9}$ $\sqrt{3}$ M0 $\sqrt{27}$ M0
	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ or } \frac{1\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}$ or $0.5\sqrt{3}$	A1	
18(b)	$\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$	M1	$\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{8}\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$
	$5\sqrt{2}$	A1	$\frac{14}{\sqrt{2}}$
	$(\sqrt{8} =) 2\sqrt{2}$	M1	$\frac{14}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$
	$7\sqrt{2}$ or $k=7$	A1	