## шјес cbac

## MARKING SCHEME

# LEVEL 1 \& LEVEL 2 CERTIFICATES IN LATIN LANGUAGE AND LATIN LANGUAGE \& ROMAN CIVILISATION 

JANUARY 2015

## INTRODUCTION

The marking schemes which follow were those used by WJEC for the January 2015 examination in LEVEL 1 \& LEVEL 2 CERTIFICATES IN LATIN LANGUAGE AND LATIN LANGUAGE \& ROMAN CIVILISATION. They were finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conferences were held shortly after the papers were taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conferences was to ensure that the marking schemes were interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conferences, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about these marking schemes.

## Page

CORE LATIN LANGUAGE LEVEL 1 - UNIT 9511
CORE LATIN LANGUAGE LEVEL 2 - UNIT 9521

## LEVEL 1 CORE LATIN LANGUAGE

## UNIT 9511

Q. 1 boy ..... [1]
Q. $2 B, C, E, G$[4]
Q. 3 (i) (poor) old man ..... [1]
(ii) near / next to the forum / market place ..... [1]
Q. 4 (i) in the streets (1) (in the street $=0$ ) ..... [1]
(ii) he had (1) no (1) house (1) (or) money (1) ..... [4]
(iii) he had eaten (1) no food (1) (he had eaten nothing $=2 /$ he had not eaten in a long time $=2$ )[2]
Q. 5 Then (1) five (1) young men (1) caught sight of / noticed / saw (1) (looked at = 0) the old man (1) and (1) mocked him (1) ..... [7]
Q. 6 They beat / hit / punched him ..... [1]
Q. 7 Don't (1) beat up (1) (to beat up =1) the old man (1) shouted (1) Julius (1) Surely not (1) you want (1) to kill (1) him (1)
(You don't want to kill him do you? $=4$ ) ..... [9]
Q. 8 (i) angry / annoyed (1) (irritated $=0$ ) ..... [1]
(ii) they thought lulius was interfering (1) vel sim (they were shouting at Julius $=0$ ) ..... [1]
Q. 9 leave (1) return (1) home (1) ..... [3]
Q. 10 (i) stood still (1) (stayed still $=0$ ) did not leave (1) ..... [2]
(ii) he was afraid (of the young men) ..... [1]
Q. 11 B, C, F ..... [3]
Q. 12 the young men ..... [1]
Q. 13 very (1) brave / strong (1) ..... [2]
Q. 14 he gave (1) the old man (1) 4 (coins) (1) ..... [3]
Q. 15 B ..... [1]
Q. 16 (i) good (1) excellent (1) ..... [2]
(ii) told the (whole) story (1) to the innkeeper (1) ..... [2]
Q. 17 the innkeeper hearing / who was hearing/listening to (1)(having heard, who had heard $=0$ )the story (1) did not (1) believe (1) it / him (1)[5]
Q. 18 B[1]
Q. 19 B ..... [1]
Q. 20 (i) praise (1) him / Julius (1)[2]
(ii) never (1) has he seen (1) a braver (1)boy (than him) (1)he is the bravest boy he has ever seen $=4$the boy is brave / very brave $=1$[4]
Q. 21 slept (1) well (1) searched for (1)his son / Julius, the boy, him (1)[4]
Q. 22 (i) his wife ..... [1]
(ii) he / Julius has gone (1) to the forum (1)(Julius is at the forum =1/2)his friends (1) are waiting for (1) him (1)(He is waiting for his friends $=1 / 3$ )[5]
Q. $23 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{F}$[3]
Q. 24 greeting (1) friends (1) working (1) ..... [3]
Q. 25 but (1) at last (1) his father (1) caught sight of (1) Julius (1) standing (1) with (1) his friends (1) ..... [8]
Q. 26 statim (1) festinavit (1)[2]
Q. 27 (i) you have done (1) well (1) Julius (1) Well done, Julius = 3 ..... [3]
(ii) C ..... [1]
(iii) 8 (coins) ..... [1]
Q. 28 (i) very (1) happy (1) ..... [2]
(ii) he had doubled his money (1) vel sim ..... [1]

## LEVEL 2 CORE LATIN LANGUAGE

UNIT 9521
Q. 1 (a) (i) (Silenus was) the friend of Bacchus [1]
(ii) in the mountains (must be plural)
(b) $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}$
(c) (i) he searched / looked for (1) (asked for = 0) for his friend / companion / Silenus (1)
(ii) he could not (1) (had not been able $=0$ ) see / catch sight of / find him (1)
(d) (i) C
(ii) much / a lot of / too much (1) wine (1)
(iii) proceed / advance / walk / go (1) slowly (1)
[2]
(e) B,C,F
(f) (i) gaudebat (1) (he) rejoiced / was happy / was celebrating / was glad (1)
(adjective without 'was' $=0$ )
(ii) he had seen him / saw him / the old man (1) (an old man = 0) often (1) walking (1) with the god / Bacchus (1) (allow 'with a god')
(g) (i) dinner / a meal (food $=0$ )
(ii) to return / hand back / restore / give back / take back Silenus (to lead / lead back = 0)

## Q. 2

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 120]\end{array}$ Bacchus, ubi amicum conspexit, tam laetus erat ut libenter regi donum offerre constitueret.
$\begin{array}{llllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 11\end{array}$
[9]
'habere potes' inquit 'quicquid vis.'
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
[20] 'aurum mihi placet,' deo respondit Midas, qui divitior omnibus aliis regibus esse volebat.

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 \tag{7}
\end{array}
$$

'quicquid corpore tango, in_aurum verte.'

$$
\begin{array}{lllllllllll}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 111 & 1 & 1 & 1
\end{array}
$$

[14]
Bacchus tristissimus erat, quod Midas melius donum non legerat.

Midas, cum domum gaudens rediret, quod donum temptare volebat, multa tangebat:
$\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
[5]
omnia quae tetigerat in_aunum vertebantur.
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
postquam domum advenit, ianuam manu aperuit: tota ianua aurea erat.
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}1 & 1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array} 1$
nemo umquam laetior fuerat quam Midas, tantum aurum spectans.

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & & 1
\end{array}
$$ paucis horis rex servis imperavit ut cenam pararent.

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}1 & 1 & 11 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
servi ei aquam obtulerunt, ut manus lavaret: aurum e_manibus in terram fundebatur.
Total mark $=$ [148]; use scaling chart to convert to a mark out of [40].
Total mark for Question 2: [40]

| Conversion table for use with question 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 148 | 40 | 131 | 35 | 114 | 31 | 97 | 26 | 80 | 21 | 63 | 17 | 46 | 12 | 29 | 8 | 12 | 3 |
| 147 | 40 | 130 | 35 | 113 | 30 | 96 | 26 | 79 | 21 | 62 | 17 | 45 | 12 | 28 | 7 | 11 | 3 |
| 146 | 39 | 129 | 35 | 112 | 30 | 95 | 25 | 78 | 21 | 61 | 16 | 44 | 12 | 27 | 7 | 10 | 3 |
| 145 | 39 | 128 | 35 | 111 | 30 | 94 | 25 | 77 | 21 | 60 | 16 | 43 | 11 | 26 | 7 | 9 | 2 |
| 144 | 39 | 127 | 34 | 110 | 29 | 93 | 25 | 76 | 20 | 59 | 16 | 42 | 11 | 25 | 7 | 8 | 2 |
| 143 | 39 | 126 | 34 | 109 | 29 | 92 | 25 | 75 | 20 | 58 | 15 | 41 | 11 | 24 | 6 | 7 | 2 |
| 142 | 38 | 125 | 34 | 108 | 29 | 91 | 24 | 74 | 20 | 57 | 15 | 40 | 11 | 23 | 6 | 6 | 2 |
| 141 | 38 | 124 | 34 | 107 | 29 | 90 | 24 | 73 | 19 | 56 | 15 | 39 | 10 | 22 | 6 | 5 | 2 |
| 140 | 38 | 123 | 33 | 106 | 28 | 89 | 24 | 72 | 19 | 55 | 15 | 38 | 10 | 21 | 6 | 4 | 1 |
| 139 | 38 | 122 | 33 | 105 | 28 | 88 | 23 | 71 | 19 | 54 | 14 | 37 | 10 | 20 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| 138 | 37 | 121 | 33 | 104 | 28 | 87 | 23 | 70 | 19 | 53 | 14 | 36 | 10 | 19 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| 137 | 37 | 120 | 32 | 103 | 27 | 86 | 23 | 69 | 18 | 52 | 14 | 35 | 9 | 18 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| 136 | 37 | 119 | 32 | 102 | 27 | 85 | 23 | 68 | 18 | 51 | 14 | 34 | 9 | 17 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 135 | 36 | 118 | 32 | 101 | 27 | 84 | 22 | 67 | 18 | 50 | 13 | 33 | 9 | 16 | 4 |  |  |
| 134 | 36 | 117 | 32 | 100 | 27 | 83 | 22 | 66 | 18 | 49 | 13 | 32 | 9 | 15 | 4 |  |  |
| 133 | 36 | 116 | 31 | 99 | 26 | 82 | 22 | 65 | 17 | 48 | 13 | 31 | 8 | 14 | 4 |  |  |
| 132 | 36 | 115 | 31 | 98 | 26 | 81 | 22 | 64 | 17 | 47 | 13 | 30 | 8 | 13 | 3 |  |  |

Q. 3 (a) to consume food / dinner / a meal / eat / dine (1) (and) drink wine (1) [2]
(b) the cup (1) and the wine (1)
(were) turned / were / became / were made of (1) (to) gold (1)
(c) (i) B,D,F
(ii) $\quad$ convert / version / divert / revert / vertigo / vertebra / verse /
vertical / etc
(d) (i) A
(ii) he / I should (1) hurry (1) to the god / Bacchus (1) [3]
(e) (i) the journey (1) was difficult / hard (1)
(ii) his shoes were made of gold (must be plural)
(iii) he approached the god / him
(f) he had seen / saw him / Midas / the king (1) again (1)
(g) (i) $D$
(ii) lacrimans (1) crying (1) (he was crying / cry = 0) / clamavit (1) shouted (1)
(h) don't (1) turn (away) (1) from me (1) take away / remove / take back (1) (this) bad / evil (1) gift (1) [6]
(i) (i) without food / water (1) he couldn't live (1)
(ii) dreadful (1) death (1)
[2]
(j) (i) wretched / miserable / sad
(ii) set him free / freed him (1) (he took away the gift = 0) [1]

| Bacchus, ubi amicum conspexit, | ```singular subject of erat =1 when = 1 friend = 1; singular object of conspexit = 1 see / catch sight of = 1; 3 'rd singular past simple / pluperfect =1``` |
| :---: | :---: |
| tam laetus erat | so $=1$ (in context) <br> happy / glad $/$ joyful $/$ pleased $=1$; agreement $=1$ he was = 1 |
| ut libenter constitueret | ```that (result only) \(=1\) willingly \(/\) gladly \(=1\) (freely \(=0\) ) decide \(=1(\) plan \(=0) ; 3^{\text {rd }}\) singular past \(/\) present \(=1\)``` |
| regi donum offerre. \| | king $=1$; indirect object singular $=1$ gift $/$ present $=1$; singular object of offerre $=1$ offer $=1($ give $=0)$; infinitive $=1$ |
| 'habere potes' | $\begin{aligned} & \text { have }=1 ; \text { infinitive }=1 \\ & \text { can } / \text { be able }=1 ; 2^{\text {nd }} \text { singular present }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| inquit | say $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past $=1$ |
| 'quicquid vis.' \| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { singular object of vis }=1 \\ & \text { want } / \text { wish } / \text { desire }=1 ; 2^{\text {nd }} \text { singular present }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 'aurum mihi placet,' | singular subject of placet $=1$ <br> (to) $\mathrm{me}=1$ (allow 'for me') <br> please (verb only) $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular present $=1$ <br> (I like gold / I am pleased with / gold is what pleases me = max) |
| Midas respondit deo, | singular subject of respondit $=1$ <br> reply / answer $/$ respond $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past simple $=1$ <br> god $=1$; indirect object singular $=1$ |
| qui volebat esse divitior | ```who (in context, i.e. ref. to Midas not deo) =1 want / wish / desire = 1; 3 'rd singular past simple / imperfect =1 to be / become = 1 comparative = 1; agreement = 1``` |
| omnibus aliis regibus. \| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { all }=1 \text {; agreement }=1 \\ & \text { other } / \text { the other }=1 ; \text { agreement }=1 \end{aligned}$ $\text { plural ablative of comparison = } 1$ |
| 'quicquid corpore tango, | singular object of tango $=1$ body $=1$; ablative of instrument $=1$ $1^{\text {st }}$ singular present $=1$ |
| in_aurum verte.' | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Into } / \text { to } \text { gold = } 1 \\ & \text { turn }=1 ; \text { imperative = } \end{aligned}$ |
| Bacchus tristissimus erat, | $\begin{aligned} & \text { singular subject of erat }=1 \\ & \text { sad }=1 \text {; superlative }=1 \text {; agreement }=1 \\ & \text { was }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| quod Midas non legerat | ```because = 1 singular subject of legerat = 1 not (in context) = 1 choose / select / opt for / pick = 1; 3 'rd singular pluperfect = 1``` |


| melius donum. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { good }=1 \text {; comparative }=1 \text {; agreement }=1 \\ & \text { singular object of legerat }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Midas, cum domum rediret | ```singular subject of tangebat = 1 since / when / while = 1 home / house = 1; accusative of goal of motion = 1 return / go back =1;3 3 (while returning = OK)``` |
| gaudens, | rejoice / be glad / be happy $=1$; present participle + agreement $=1$ happily / joyfully / delighted $=$ OK |
| quod donum temptare volebat, | ```because = 1 singular object of temptare = 1 infinitive = 1 3 rd }\mathrm{ singular past = 1``` |
| multa tangebat: \| | much / many $=1$; plural neuter object of tangebat $=1$ (he touched much / a lot $=-1$ ) <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past $=1$ |
| omnia quae tetigerat | neuter object of tetigerat $=1$ <br> which (in context) $=1$ (OK if omitted in context) <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ singular pluperfect $=1$ |
| in_aunum vertebantur. \| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { into gold }=1 \\ & 3^{\text {tr }} \text { past passive } / \text { active intransitive }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| postquam domum advenit, | ```after / when = 1 accusative of goal of motion = 1 reach / arrive / come (to) = 1; 3 rd singular past simple / pluperfect = 1 (participle OK if in context)``` |
| ianuam manu aperuit: | door $=1$; singular object of aperuit $=1$ <br> hand $=1$; singular instrument $=1$ <br> open $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past simple $=1$ |
| tota ianua aurea erat. \| | ```whole / all = 1; agreement = 1 singular subject of erat=1 agreement = 1 was = 1``` |
| nemo umquam fuerat | no one / nobody $=1$; singular subject of fuerat $=1$ ever = 1 <br> be $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular pluperfect $=1$ |
| laetior quam Midas, | ```comparative = 1; agreement =1 than = 1 correct case = 1``` |
| tantum aurum spectans. \| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { so much } / \text { so great }=1 \text {; agreement }=1 \\ & \text { singular object of } \text { spectans }=1 \\ & \text { look at } / \text { see }=1 \text {; present participle }+ \text { agreement }=1 \end{aligned}$ |
| paucis horis | a few $=1$; agreement $=1$ <br> hour $=1$; ablative of time $=1$ <br> (after a few hours / several hours later = OK) |
| rex servis imperavit | singular subject of imperavit $=1$ <br> slave $=1($ servant $=0)$; plural object of imperavit = 1 <br> command $/$ order $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past simple $=1$ |


| ut cenam pararent. \| | to (indirect command only) $=1$ <br> dinner $/$ meal $=1($ food $=0)$; singular object of pararent $=1$ <br> prepare $=1$; correct syntax $=1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| servi ei aquam obtulerunt, | ```plural subject of obtulerunt = 1 him}(\mathrm{ indirect object) = 1 water = 1; singular object of obtulerunt =1 offer =1;3 'rd plural past simple =1``` |
| ut manus lavaret: | to (purpose only) $=1$ <br> plural object of lavaret $=1$ <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past or infinitive $=1$ |
| aurum fundebatur | singular subject of fundebatur $=1$ pour $=1 ; 3^{\text {rd }}$ singular past passive $/$ active intransitive $=1$ (it was being poured like gold $=-1$ ) |
| e_manibus in terram. \| | from / out of his hands = 1 <br> onto / into / on = 1 (to / in = 0) <br> the ground / earth / floor + dependent on in = 1 |

WJEC
245 Western Avenue
Cardiff CF5 2YX
Tel No 02920265000
Fax 02920575994
E-mail: exams@wjec.co.uk
website: www.wjec.co.uk

