



**LEVEL 2 CERTIFICATE**

**9524/01**

**LATIN LANGUAGE**

**LEVEL 2**

**UNIT 9524: Additional Latin Language**

**P.M. MONDAY, 2 June 2014**

**45 minutes plus your additional time allowance**

**Surname** \_\_\_\_\_

**Other Names** \_\_\_\_\_

**Centre Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Candidate Number** 0 \_\_\_\_\_

<b>For Examiner's use only</b>		
<b>Question</b>	<b>Maximum Mark</b>	<b>Mark Awarded</b>
<b>1.</b>	<b>20</b>	
<b>2.</b>	<b>30</b>	
<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

**Use black ink, black ball-point pen or your usual method.**

**Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the front cover.**

**Answer ALL questions.**

**Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.**

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

**The total mark available for this paper is 50.**

**The marks in brackets give you an indication of the time you should spend on each question or part-question.**

The passages in this paper form a continuous story, and you are advised to answer the questions in the order in which they appear.

In each case, read the passage and answer the questions.

Answer in English unless you are asked to give Latin words.

1. In this passage, Jupiter sends a flood to punish humans.

1 Iuppiter cognoscere volebat utrum homines  
2 essent boni an mali. itaque nonnullos reges  
3 visitavit, quorum alii eum necare conati sunt, alii  
4 eum abegerunt. cum iam crederet omnes homines  
5 pessimos esse, eos diluvio delere constituit.  
6 multos igitur dies noctesque tempestatem diram  
7 fecit. primum flumina aquas suas per agros  
8 fundebant, deinde mare terram invasit. aquae  
9 tam altae erant ut plurimi homines animaliaque  
10 statim perirent. aves quoque mortuae sunt ubi,  
11 confectae, in aquas ceciderunt. tandem aquae  
12 erant altiores collibus.

**NAMES**

**Iuppiter, Iovis m.**

**Jupiter  
(king of the gods)**

**WORDS**

**visito, visitare, visitavi, visitatus**

**I visit**

**diluvium, diluvii n.**

**flood**

**invado, invadere, invasi, invasus**

**I invade**

**animal, animalis n.**

**animal**

**avis, avis f.**

**bird**

**1(a) Iuppiter ... mali (lines 1-2): what did Jupiter wish to find out? [3]**

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1(b) **itaque ... abegerunt (lines 2-4):** which **THREE** of the following statements are true? Write your chosen letters in the boxes underneath. [3]

- A Jupiter visited many kings
- B Jupiter visited several kings
- C some kings tried to kill Jupiter
- D Jupiter decided to kill some of the kings
- E other kings drove Jupiter away
- F Jupiter drove other kings away

(c) **cum ... constituit (lines 4-5):**

(i) what did Jupiter decide to do? [1]

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**1(c) (ii) why did he decide this? [3]**

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**(d) multos igitur dies noctesque  
tempestatem diram fecit (lines 6-7):**

**(i) what dreadful thing did Jupiter cause? [1]**

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**(ii) for how long did this continue? [2]**

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1(e) **flumina aquas suas per agros fundebant (lines 7-8):** which is the correct translation of these words? Tick the box next to your chosen answer. [1]

(A) the rivers were pouring their waters through the fields

(B) the waters of the rivers were pouring through their fields

(C) water was flowing from the rivers through their fields

(D) the rivers were flooding the fields with their water

(f) **aquae ... perirent (lines 8-10):** what was the immediate result of the flooding? [3]

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1(g) **aves ... ceciderunt (lines 10-11): how AND why did the birds die? [2]**

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(h) **tandem aquae erant altiores collibus (lines 11-12): which is the correct translation of these words? Tick the box next to your chosen answer. [1]**

(A) **however the waters were higher than the hills**

(B) **at last the waters were as high as the hills**

(C) **at last the waters were higher than the hills**

(D) **however the waters were deeper round the hills**

**TOTAL MARK FOR QUESTION 1: [20]**

2. Translate the rest of the story into English.

**In this passage, Deucalion and his wife Pyrrha survive the flood.**

ceteris hominibus mortuis, solum duo vivi manebant, Deucalion atque uxor. fuerat nullus vir melior quam Deucalion, nulla femina benignior quam Pyrrha. hi in parva nave ad summum montem vecti erant. simulatque e nave egressi sunt, ad terram se deiecerunt ut deis gratias agerent. Iuppiter, gaudens quod vivebant propter virtutem eorum, tempestatem abegit. ubi autem Deucalion ceteros homines mortuos esse cognovit, desperare coepit. 'quo modo' uxori inquit 'nos duo gentem humanam reficere possumus? senes sumus.' Pyrrha eum hortata est ut a deis auxilium oraret. quo audito, Iuppiter gentem novam creandam esse constituit.

## NAMES

Deucalion, Deucalionis, m.

Deucalion

Pyrrha, Pyrrhae f.

Pyrrha

## WORDS

virtus, virtutis f.

goodness, virtue

humanus, humana, humanum

human

creo, creare, creavi, creatus

I create





