

9531/01
LATIN LITERATURE
LEVEL 1
UNIT 9531 (THEMES)
P.M. WEDNESDAY, 20 June 2012
1 hour plus your additional time allowance
Surname
Other Names
Centre Number
Centre Number Candidate Number 0

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

Text and vocabulary booklet.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen or your usual method.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the front cover.

You should answer EITHER on Theme A (OTIUM) OR Theme B (LOVE AND MARRIAGE).

Make sure that you have the text and vocabulary booklet provided for use in this examination.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark available in this paper is 50.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answers that involve extended writing, i.e. question 5 in Theme A and question 6 in Theme B.

TI	Н	F	M	F	Δ

OTIUM

Answer ALL the following questions, referring to the text and the vocabulary provided.

Your answers should be in English unless you are asked to quote the Latin.

- 1. The following questions are about MARTIAL, THE GOOD LIFE AND HORACE, THE PLEASURES OF COUNTRY LIFE.
- (a) Both poets mention visiting the homes of powerful people. Why do they make these visits?

poweriui	people.	willy di	o triey	IIIane	lilese	[2]

1(b)	Why do you think they dislike making these visits?	

1(c)	stateı T (tru	rding to the passages, are the following ments true or false? Write either e) or F (false) in the box beside each ment. [4]	
	A	Horace likes the idea of spending time in the country	
	В	The poet Martial has plenty of spare time	
	С	The poet Martial would like to spend time with his friend	
	D	Horace likes visiting the forum	

2.	_	ollowing questions are about OVID, A good to find a girl.
(a)	sugge	E 2 (haec tuo), which LATIN word ests that theatres are good places to find a end? [1]
(b)		es 3-4 (illic velis), Ovid lists four types of end. Which of the following is the Latin for
		he box / next to your chosen answer.
	A	quod ames
	В	quod ludere possis
	С	quodque semel tangas
	D	quodque tenere velis

2(c)	In LINES 5-9 (ut redit ludos), Ovid compares the crowds going to the theatre with two creatures.				
	(i)	What are they? [2]			
	(ii)	What is each doing?			
		creature 1:			
		[2			
		creature 2:			

2(c)	(iii)	Why do you think he chooses these examples? [2]

2(d)	Look at LINE 11 (spectatum ipsae).			
	(i)	What TWO reasons does Ovid give for the women coming to the theatre? [2]		
		Reason 1:		
		Reason 2:		

2(d)	(ii)	What makes this line stand out? Give TWO examples. [2]
		Example 1:
		Example 2:

3.		following questions are about OVID, HOW INARY PEOPLE ENJOY A FESTIVAL.					
(a)	LINE	LINE 1 (Idibus Perennae):					
	(i)	whom does this festival honour? [1]					
	(ii)	when does it take place? [1]					
(b)	In LINE 2 (non tuis), why is the river described as advena? [1]						

3(c)	(i)	In LINES 7-8 (pars togas), in your own words, explain what this section of the crowd is doing. Give full details. [2]
	(ii)	In LINE 9 (sole calent), what TWO things warm up the people? [2]

3(d)	LINES 9-12 (annosque suos):				
	(i)	what do the people hope to get in return for each drink they have? [1]			
	(ii)	why does Ovid mention Nestor and Sibylla?			
(e)	effec	NES 13-17 (illic titubant), Ovid describes the ets the drink has on the people. Give THREE as they do. [3]			

3(f)	In LINES 17-18 (et sunt vocat), what impression do the festival-goers give to the public? Make TWO points. [2]

4.	The following questions are about PLINY, A DAY IN THE LIFE OF PLINY THE ELDER.
(a)	Why would Pliny the Elder have gone to visit the emperor early in the day? [1]
(b)	'All work and no play.' Is this a good description of a typical day for Pliny the Elder? In your answer you should mention FOUR details of his day. [4]

-	

5.	'For Romans, leisure time in the country was very different from leisure time in the city.' Do you agree? Give reasons and support your answer with examples from AT LEAST THREE passages. [10]
	[10]
-	

THEME B

LOVE AND MARRIAGE

Answer ALL the following questions, referring to the text and the vocabulary provided.

Your answers should be in English unless you are asked to quote the Latin.

1.	The following questions are about EPITAPH TO CLAUDIA.				
(a)	What is an epitaph? [1]				
(b)	In LINE 1, why do you think this epitaph is addressed to a stranger? [1]				

1(c)	words describe the different fortunes of Claudia's two sons. [1]
(d)	What impression of Claudia and her family do you think the epitaph was intended to give? Make THREE points and give evidence for each. [3]

2.	The following questions are about CATULLUS, Poem 5.
(a)	In LINE 3, what was an 'as'? [1]
(b)	In LINES 4-6 ('suns through') what contrast does Catullus make between the sun and human life? [2]
(c)	How do the last two lines of the poem explain why Catullus asks for so many kisses? [1]

3.	The following questions are about CATULLUS, Poem 8.			
(a)	In LINES 1-2 (miser ducas), what has happened to make Catullus MISER? [1]			
(b)	In LINE 2, why do you think Catullus puts PERISSE and PERDITUM next to each other? [2]			

3(c)	Which is the best translation of LINE 3 fulsere quondam candidi tibi soles?		
	Tick t	he box / next to your chosen answ	er. [1]
	Α	Truly the white sun gleamed on you	
	В	Once the suns shone brightly for you	
	С	Once you alone shone bright	
	D	Once you used to shine brightly	

3(d)	Pick out and write down the LATIN word in LINE 9 which Catullus uses to show how he feels. [1]		
(e)	In LINES 9-11 (tu obdura), Catullus gives himself a lot of orders. Give THREE (in English). [3]		
	(ii)		
	(iii)		

3(f)	In LINES 12-14 (vale nulla), are the following statements about the girl true or false? Write either T (true) or F (false) in the box beside each statement. [4]		
	Α	Catullus says that she will be sad	
	В	He will still call on her	
	С	Catullus says goodbye to her	
	D	Lots of people will ask her out	

3(g)	In LINES 15-18 (scelesta mordebis), Catullus asks the girl a series of questions.				
	(i)	Why do you think he does this? [1]			
	(ii)	What do you think makes these questions stand out? Make TWO points. [2]			

3(g)	(iii)	What do you think is the answer to the questions in LINES 16-18? [1]	

4.	The following questions are about CATULLUS, POEM 70.			
(a)	In LINES 1-3 ('my woman ask her'), who is Jupiter? [1]			
(b)	Explain in your own words why Catullus mentions wind and water in LINE 5. [3]			

5.	Calpurnia Hispulla, his wife's aunt.
(a)	In LINES 1-2 (cum sis diligis), what evidence does Pliny give for calling Calpurnia Hispulla pietatis exemplum ('an example of dutifulness')? [2]

5(b)	(i)	In LINES 3-5 (maxime frugalitas), for what THREE reasons does he say Calpurnia Hispulla will rejoice? [3]			
		Reason 1:			
		Reason 2:			
		Reason 3:			
	(ii)	In LINE 5 (summum est acumen, summa frugalitas), how does Pliny draw attention to Calpurnia's shrewdness and thrift? [1]			

5(C)	Pliny is confident that this marriage will work.
	(i) From LINES 18-20 (illa meam), give TWO reasons why he thinks this. [2]
	Reason 1:
	Reason 2:
(ii)	Do you think Pliny is right to be so confident? Explain your answer. [2]

6.	'Love can make people both unhappy and happy.' From your reading of the passages, do you think this was true for the Romans? Give your reasons and refer to AT LEAST THREE passages. [10]				

