OCR
Oxford Cambridge and RSA

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Tuesday 2 June 2015 – Afternoon

GCSE LATIN

A402/01   Latin Language 2 (History) (Foundation Tier)

Duration: 1 hour

Candidate forename		Candidate surname	

Centre number						Candidate number				

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets **[ ]** at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** the questions.

Read Passage A and answer the questions.

Passage A

The Roman general Scipio deals honourably with a girl captured in battle. At the same time he tries to win support for the Romans.

Scipio erat imperator ferocissimus in bello. sed etiam summam humanitatem habebat. olim, postquam urbem cepit, multos captivos tenebat. inter eos erat puella pulcherrima quae desponsa erat Allucio, duci Celtiberorum. ubi hoc cognovit, Scipio milites suos iussit Allucium ad castra invitare.

postquam Allucius advenit, Scipio verbis benignis eum salutavit. 'ego statim puellam tuam liberabo' inquit. 'hoc modo tu poteris Romanis credere.'

Names
Scipio, Scipionis (m)	Scipio
Allucius, Allucii (m)	Allucius
Celtiberi, Celtiberorum (m pl)	the Celtiberi (an important tribe)

Vocabulary
humanitas, humanitatis (f)	humanity, kindness
captivus, captivi (m)	prisoner
desponsus, desponsa, desponsum	betrothed, engaged to be married
benignus, benigna, benignum	kind, friendly

1 *Scipio erat imperator ferocissimus in bello* (line 1): what does this tell us about Scipio?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A	He killed fierce generals.	☐
B	He made fierce wars.	☐
C	He was a very fierce general in war.	☐
D	He was defeated in a fierce war.	☐

[1]

2 *sed etiam summam humanitatem habebat* (lines 1–2): what else does this tell us about Scipio's character?

.... **[2]**

3   *olim, postquam urbem cepit, multos <u>captivos</u> tenebat* (line 2): how had Scipio gained many prisoners?

.... **[2]**

4   *inter eos erat puella pulcherrima* (lines 2–3): what made the girl so noticeable?

.... **[2]**

5   *quae <u>desponsa</u> erat <u>Allucio</u>, duci <u>Celtiberorum</u>* (line 3):

   (a)   to whom was the girl engaged to be married?

   .... **[1]**

   (b)   how can we tell that this man was important?

   .... **[1]**

6   *ubi hoc cognovit, <u>Scipio</u> milites suos iussit <u>Allucium</u> ad castra invitare* (lines 3–4): after learning the information about the girl, what did Scipio do?

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.... **[4]**

7   *postquam <u>Allucius</u> advenit, <u>Scipio</u> verbis <u>benignis</u> eum salutavit* (line 5): what did Scipio do when <u>Allucius</u> arrived?

.... **[2]**

8   *ego statim puellam tuam liberabo* (lines 5–6): what did Scipio say to show his honourable behaviour?

.... **[3]**

9   *hoc modo tu poteris Romanis credere* (line 6): what did Scipio say Allucius would now be able to do?

.... **[2]**

Turn over

Read Passage B.

Passage B

Allucius makes a promise to Scipio. When the girl's father arrives with ransom money for his daughter, Scipio is unwilling to accept it. Instead, he shows his mercy by releasing the girl.

ubi <u>Scipio</u> hoc dixit, <u>Allucius</u> laetissimus erat. 'nunc amicus Romanorum semper ero', inquit.

interea pater puellae castra intravit. multum <u>aurum</u> portabat ut filiam suam <u>redimeret</u>. 'volo eam liberare <u>sine</u> pecunia', inquit <u>Scipio</u>. ubi pater persuasit ei ut pecuniam acciperet, <u>Scipio</u>, <u>aurum</u> in manibus tenens, dixit <u>Allucio</u>: 'ecce! do tibi hanc pecuniam <u>donum nuptiale</u>'.

<u>Allucius</u>, <u>gaudio</u> superatus, laetissime cum puella discessit. sic <u>Scipio</u> <u>humanitate</u> sua omnes vincebat.

Names

Scipio, Scipionis (m)	Scipio
Allucius, Allucii (m)	Allucius

Vocabulary

aurum, auri (n)	gold
redimo, redimere, redemi, redemptus	I buy back, ransom
sine (+ abl.)	without
donum nuptiale	'as a wedding gift'
gaudium, gaudii (n)	joy
humanitas, humanitatis (f)	humanity, kindness

10 Translate Passage B into good English.

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.... **[40]**

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined pages. The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.

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