

Wednesday 5 June 2013 – Morning

GCSE LATIN

A402/02 Latin Language 2 (History) (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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Centre number						Candidate number				
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** the questions.

Read Passage A and answer the questions.

Passage A

Tiberius Gracchus tries to introduce laws to help the lower classes but his land reforms are not popular with the upper-class senators.

eo tempore, Tiberius Gracchus, iuvenis optimus atque patris clarissimi filius, tribunus factus est. Gracchus multas virtutes habebat sed urbem Romam in periculum gravissimum adduxit. nuntiavit enim se velle novas leges facere ut agros civibus pauperibus daret. multi ei favebant sed iram senatorum celeriter incitavit, quod consilium eorum non petiverat. nonnulli etiam timebant ne Gracchus auderet se regem facere. senatores igitur, ubi cognoverunt Gracchum comitesque ad Capitolium convenisse, in foro cogitaverunt quid facere deberent.

Names

Tiberius Gracchus, Tiberii Gracchi (m) Tiberius Gracchus (also just called Gracchus)
Capitolium, Capitolii (n) the Capitol (a hill in Rome)

Vocabulary

tribunus, tribuni (m) tribune (a type of Roman official)
lex, legis (f) law
pauper, pauperis poor
incito, incitare, incitavi, incitatus I provoke, stir up

1 *eo tempore, Tiberius Gracchus, iuvenis optimus atque patris clarissimi filius, tribunus factus est* (lines 1–2): what do we learn about Tiberius Gracchus here? Make **three** points.

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- [3]

2 *Gracchus multas virtutes habebat sed urbem Romam in periculum gravissimum adduxit* (lines 2–3): what contrast between Gracchus’ character and his actions is expressed here?

.....
.....
..... [4]

3 *nuntiavit enim se velle novas leges facere ut agros civibus pauperibus daret* (lines 3–4): what was the purpose of the new laws?

.....
..... [3]

4 *multi ei favebant sed iram senatorum celeriter incitavit, quod consilium eorum non petiverat* (lines 4–5):

(a) write down **and** translate the Latin phrase which shows that Gracchus had strong support.

Latin phrase:	
English translation:	

[2]

(b) why were the senators angry?

.....
..... [2]

5 *nonnulli etiam timebant ne Gracchus auderet se regem facere* (lines 5–6): what worried some senators?

.....
..... [2]

6 *senatores igitur, ubi cognoverunt Gracchum comitesque ad Capitolium convenisse, in foro cogitaverunt quid facere deberent* (lines 6–7):

(a) what had the senators learnt?

.....
..... [2]

(b) what did they consider as a result?

.....
..... [2]

Read Passage B.

Passage B

After Scipio persuades the senators to attack Gracchus and his supporters on the Capitol, Gracchus is killed.

Scipio consul timebat ne Gracchus imperium senatorum deleteret. itaque hortatus est omnes ut Romam servarent. quo audito, senatores ad Capitolium festinaverunt arma ferentes. ibi Gracchus amicique omnia parabant ut eis resisterent. senatores autem tam ferociter eos oppugnaverunt ut plurimi perterriti fugerent. ceteri, qui Gracchum summa virtute defenderant, mox oppressi sunt.

ubi Gracchus ipse de Capitolio currens ad terram forte cecidit, eum surgere conantem Lucius Rufus gladio vulneravit. hoc modo Gracchus, vulnere gravissimo accepto, mortem crudelem passus est. eodem die corpus eius in flumen iactum est.

Names

Scipio, Scipionis (m)

Scipio

Gracchus, Gracchi (m)

Gracchus

Capitolium, Capitolii (n)

the Capitol (a hill in Rome)

Lucius Rufus, Lucii Rufi (m)

Lucius Rufus (a senator)

7 Translate Passage B into good English.

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..... [40]

Paper Total [60]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined pages. The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.

This section of the page is a large, empty area of lined paper. It consists of approximately 25 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly down the page. A solid vertical line runs down the left side of this area, creating a margin. This is intended for students to write their answers to questions that require more space than the previous page provided.

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