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Centre number						Candidate number				
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**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

A401/01

LATIN

**Latin Language 1 (Mythology and domestic life)
(Foundation Tier)**

TUESDAY 11 JANUARY 2011: Afternoon

DURATION: 1 hour

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the question paper.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

None

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- **You should answer this paper only if you have entered for the Foundation Tier.**
- **Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.**
- **Use black ink.**
- **Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.**
- **Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.**
- **Answer ALL the questions.**

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- **The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.**
- **The total number of marks for this paper is 60.**

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Answer ALL the questions.

There are three passages, which form a complete story.

Read Passage A and answer the questions.

Passage A

Numa asks Jupiter to stop sending thunderbolts onto Rome. Jupiter agrees, but lays down a strange condition.

Romae rex Numa et cives perterriti erant, quod Iuppiter fulmina in terram mittebat. itaque Egeria, quae uxor Numae et dea erat, ei dixit, ‘quamquam Iuppiter iratus est, eum pacare possum.’ tum Numa in silvam ivit ut lovi cenam pararet. statim Iuppiter de caelo descendit. primo Numa territus est, sed ubi animus revenit, ‘pater deorum,’ inquit, ‘fulmina tua timemus; serva nos!’ celeriter Iuppiter consensit, sed ‘caput decidere debes,’ inquit. respondit rex, ‘caput caepae ex horto decidam.’

NAMES

Numa, Numae (m)

Numa

Iuppiter, Iovis (m)

Jupiter (the chief god)

Egeria, Egeriae (f)

Egeria (the wife of Numa)

VOCABULARY

fulmen, fulminis (n)

thunderbolt

uxor, uxoris (f)

wife

paco, pacare, pacavi,

pacatus

I pacify, calm down

<i>caelum, caeli</i> (n)	sky
<i>serva nos!</i>	save us!
<i>consentio, consentire,</i> <i>consensi, consensus</i>	I agree
<i>caput, capitis</i> (n)	a head
<i>decido, decidere, decidi, decisus</i>	I cut off
<i>debeo, debere, debui, debitus</i>	I must
<i>caepa, caepae</i> (f)	onion

1 *Romae rex Numa et cives perterriti erant, quod Iuppiter fulmina in terram mittebat* (lines 1-2):

(a) who was Numa?

_____ [2]

(b) why were Numa and the citizens terrified?

_____ [3]

2 *itaque Egeria, quae uxor Numae et dea erat, ei dixit* (lines 2-3): what was special about Numa's wife?

_____ [1]

3 *'quamquam Iuppiter iratus est, eum pacare possum.'* (lines 3-4):

(a) what did Egeria say about Jupiter's mood?

_____ [1]

(b) what did she say she could do about it?

_____ [2]

4 *tum Numa in silvam ivit ut lovi cenam pararet*
(lines 4-5):

(a) where did Numa go?

_____ [1]

(b) why did he do this?

_____ [3]

5 *statim Iuppiter de caelo descendit. primo Numa*
territus est (lines 5-6): when Jupiter came down from
the sky, what was Numa's FIRST reaction?

_____ [1]

6 What is the best translation of *animus* (line 7)?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A animal

B animation

C friend

D spirit

[1]

7 **'pater deorum'** (line 7): what did Numa call Jupiter?

_____ [2]

8 **'caput decidere debes,' inquit. respondit rex, 'caput caepae ex horto decidam.'** (lines 9-10):
Jupiter said, 'You must cut off a head.' What did the king reply to this?

_____ [3]

Passage B

Jupiter and Numa argue about Jupiter's condition for stopping the thunderstorms.

Iuppiter risit et dixit, 'caput hominis volo.'
'dabo tibi capillos,' respondit Numa. magna
voce Iuppiter caput rogabat; Numa tamen dixit
'piscem tibi dabo.' ubi Iuppiter tandem consensit,
'mox signum mittam' dixit et abiit. rex laetus
ad ianuam regiae revenit ut verba lovis civibus
nuntiaret.

NAMES

Iuppiter, Iovis (m)

Jupiter
(the chief god)

Numa, Numaе (m)

Numa

VOCABULARY

caput, capitis (n)

head

capilli, capillorum (m plural)

hair

piscis, piscis (m)

fish

*consentio, consentire,
consensi, consensus*

I agree

signum, signi (n)

sign

regia, regiae (f)

palace

verbum, verbi (n)

word

[20]

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Turn over for Question 10

Read Passage C and answer the questions.

Passage C

Jupiter fulfils his promise.

cives tamen non manebant, quod regi diffidebant. subito cives audiverunt tria tonitrua et ad regiam cucurrerunt. rex sciebat cur venissent, quod pulchrum scutum e caelo descendebat. cum cives scutum vidissent, clamor ad caelum ivit. tum rex ‘ecce signum!’ inquit. ‘Roma olim magna erit.’

VOCABULARY

<i>diffido, diffidere</i> (+ dative)	I mistrust
<i>tonitruum, tonitru(i)</i> (n)	crash of thunder
<i>regia, regiae</i> (f)	palace
<i>scutum, scuti</i> (n)	shield
<i>caelum, caeli</i> (n)	sky
<i>signum, signi</i> (n)	sign
<i>olim</i>	(here) some day

10 *cives tamen non manebant, quod regi diffidebant*
(lines 1-2):

(a) *cives tamen non manebant*: what did the citizens NOT do?

_____ [1]

(b) *quod regi diffidebant*: what was the reason for this?

_____ [2]

11 ***subito cives audiverunt tria tonitrua et ad regiam cucurrerunt*** (lines 2-3):

(a) how many crashes of thunder did the citizens hear?

_____ [1]

(b) what did they do as a result?

_____ [2]

12 ***rex sciebat cur venissent, quod pulchrum scutum e caelo descendebat*** (lines 3-5):

(a) ***rex sciebat cur venissent***: what did the king know?

_____ [2]

(b) ***quod pulchrum scutum e caelo descendebat***: what was happening here?

_____ [4]

13 ***cum cives scutum vidissent, clamor ad caelum ivit*** (lines 5-6): complete the following sentence.

When the citizens saw the shield, _____

_____ [3]

14 *tum rex 'ecce signum!' inquit. 'Roma olim magna erit.'*
 (lines 6-7): what did the king say the meaning of the sign was?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

- A 'Some day Rome will be great.'
- B 'Some day Rome will be small.'
- C 'Some day the Romans will be happy.'
- D 'Some day there will be many Romans.' [1]

15 For each of the Latin words in the table below, give ONE English word which has been derived from the Latin word AND give the meaning of the English word.

Write your answers in the boxes. One has been done for you.

LATIN WORD	ENGLISH WORD	MEANING OF THE ENGLISH WORD
<i>descendebat</i>	descend	go down
<i>respondit</i>		
<i>tria</i>		

[4]

Paper Total [60]

ADDITIONAL PAGE



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