

Candidate Name	Centre Number	Candidate Number
		0



**GCSE**

4274/01

**HISTORY (ROUTE A)**

**UNIT 1/UNIT 2: The USA, A Nation of Contrasts**

**1910-1929**

A.M. TUESDAY, 7 June 2011

1 hour

Questions answered	Office use
Q.1 (Compulsory)	/25
Q.	/25
<b>TOTAL</b>	/50

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer Question 1 and **either** Question 2 **or** Question 3.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Use supplementary sheets when there is insufficient room in this booklet. Write your name at the top of each supplementary sheet, indicating clearly the number of the question you answer. Put the supplementary sheets inside this booklet.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answers that involve extended writing. These are questions 1(d) and 2(d) or 3(d).

**SECTION A**  
**COMPULSORY**

1. This question is an enquiry into the main political and social challenges facing America. [25]

Study the sources below and then answer the questions which follow each source.

**Source A**



[A picture showing a KKK membership ceremony held in Texas in 1923]

(a) What does Source A show you about the KKK? [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Source B



[A cartoon about Prohibition published in the 1920s]

(b) Use the information in Source B and your own knowledge to explain why Prohibition was introduced. [4]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





These two sources say different things about the impact of gangsters.

**Source E**

I make my money by supplying a public demand. If I break the law, my customers, who number hundreds of the best people in Chicago, are as guilty as I am. The only difference between us is that I sell and they buy. Everybody calls me a gangster and bootlegger. I just call myself a businessman.

[From an interview with Al Capone for a popular American magazine in 1928]

**Source F**

Rival gangs fought each other for control of the bootlegging industry. Ordinary Americans were angered by the level of violence associated with bootlegging. The most notorious gangster was Al Capone. He bribed the police, judges and local politicians to keep his illegal activities of bootlegging, gambling and prostitution going.

[D. Murphy, an historian writing in a school textbook, *United States 1918-1941* (2003)]

- (e) Why do Sources E and F have different views about the impact of gangsters upon American society in the 1920s? [8]  
*[In your answer you should refer to both the content of the sources and to the authors]*

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



**SECTION B**

Answer **either** Question 2 or Question 3

**2. This question is about the rise and fall of the American economy.**

[25]

Study the picture below and then answer the questions which follow.



[An advertisement for the Maytag electric washing machine which appeared in an American magazine in 1926]

(a) What does this picture show you about the new consumer society?

[2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....









.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

3. This question is about changes in American culture and society.

[25]

Study the picture below and then answer the questions which follow.



[Charles Lindbergh receives a hero's welcome during a ticker-tape parade following his return to New York after his solo flight across the Atlantic in 1927.]

(a) What does this photograph show you about America's attitude to heroes in the 1920s? [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....









.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....