

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

HISTORY B (MODERN WORLD)

A971/14

Aspects of International Relations, 1919–2005, with Depth Study Mao's China,
c.1930–1976

Candidates answer on the answer booklet.

OCR supplied materials:

- 8 page answer booklet
(sent with general stationery)

Other materials required:

None

Monday 17 January 2011

Afternoon

Duration: 2 hours



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- This paper is in two parts:
Part 1: Aspects of International Relations, 1919–2005 (Sections A, B and C)
and
Part 2: Depth Study Mao's China, c.1930–1976.
In **Part 1**, Aspects of International Relations, choose **one** of the following sections:
Either Section A: The Inter-War Years, 1919–1939
Or Section B: The Cold War, 1945–1975
Or Section C: A New World? 1948–2005.
Then answer **Question 1** and **one** other question from the section you have chosen.
In **Part 2**, Depth Study Mao's China, c.1930–1976, answer **Question 4** and **one** other question.
- Write the numbers of the questions you have answered in the box on the front of the answer booklet.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **75**.
- You will be awarded marks for quality of written communication in part (c) of the following questions: **Part 1**: Sections A, B and C, Questions 2 and 3; **Part 2**: Questions 5 and 6.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Part 1: Aspects of International Relations, 1919–2005

Section A: The Inter-War Years, 1919–1939

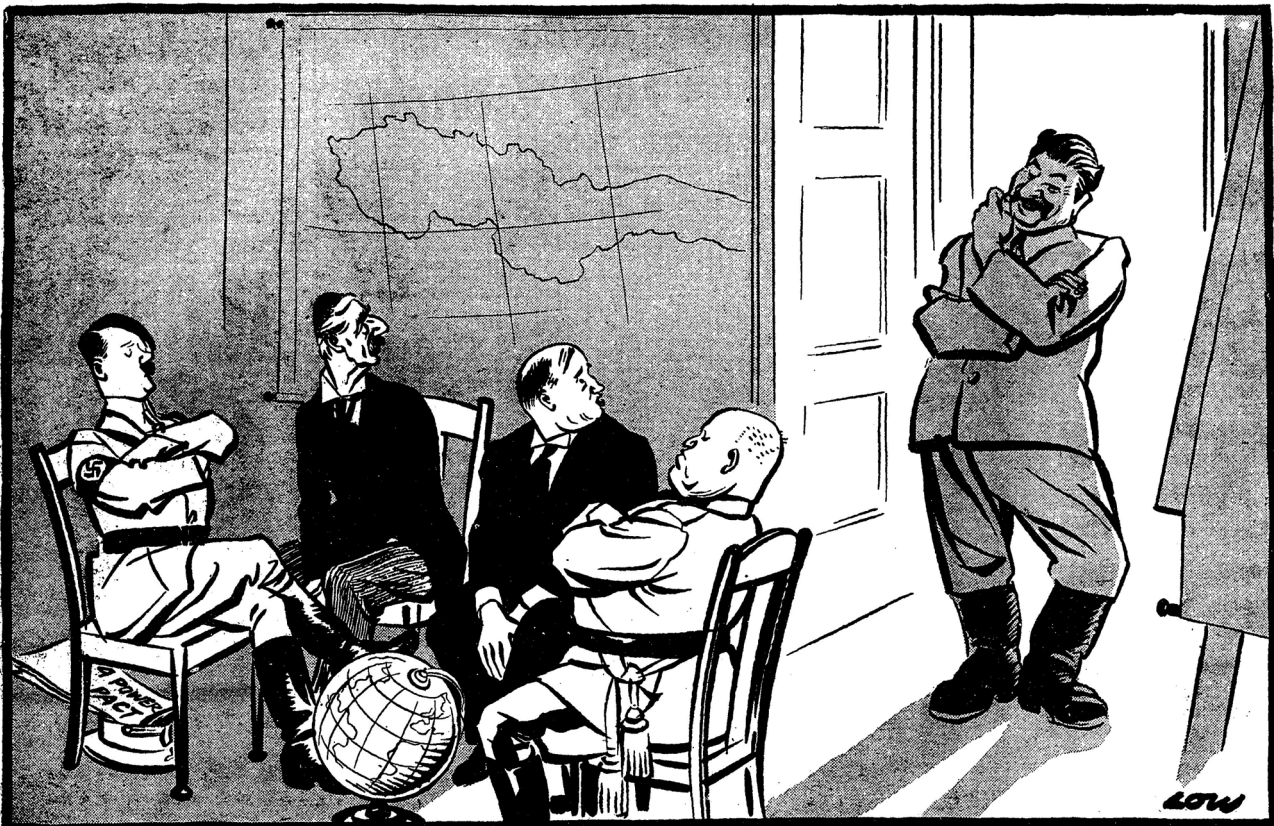
Some of the questions require you to use a source. In these questions, you will need to use your knowledge of the topic to interpret the source.

Answer Question 1 and EITHER Question 2 OR Question 3.

You should spend about 15 minutes on Question 1.

- 1 Study the source carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE A



WHAT, NO CHAIR FOR ME ?

A cartoon published in a British newspaper, 30 September 1938. It is commenting on a meeting in Munich of Hitler, Chamberlain, Daladier and Mussolini. Stalin is shown in the doorway.

- 1 (a) Study Source A.

What is the message of this cartoon? Use details of the cartoon and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

- (b) Explain why the Nazi-Soviet Pact made war more likely. [8]

Answer ONE of the following two questions.

You must answer ALL parts of the question you choose.

You should spend about 35 minutes on this question.

- 2 (a) What were Germany's main territorial losses under the Treaty of Versailles? [4]
- (b) Explain why it was difficult for the 'Big Three' to reach agreement at the Paris Peace Conference. [6]
- (c) 'The Treaty of Versailles was unfair on Germany.' How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [10]
- 3 (a) Describe how the League of Nations tried to improve living and working conditions around the world in the 1920s. [4]
- (b) Explain why the membership of the League of Nations was a problem. [6]
- (c) How successful was the League of Nations in dealing with disputes in the 1920s and 1930s? Explain your answer. [10]

Part 1: Aspects of International Relations, 1919–2005

Section B: The Cold War, 1945–1975

Some of the questions require you to use a source. In these questions, you will need to use your knowledge of the topic to interpret the source.

Answer Question 1 and EITHER Question 2 OR Question 3.

You should spend about 15 minutes on Question 1.

- 1 Study the source carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE A



An American cartoon, published in 1947. It shows Marshall on the left and Uncle Sam sitting down.

1 (a) Study Source A.

What is the message of this cartoon? Use details of the cartoon and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

(b) Explain why the Soviet Union blockaded West Berlin in 1948. [8]

Answer ONE of the following two questions.

You must answer ALL parts of the question you choose.

You should spend about 35 minutes on this question.

2 (a) Describe the Bay of Pigs invasion. [4]

(b) Explain why the Soviet Union became involved in Cuba. [6]

(c) 'Kennedy handled the Cuban Missile Crisis better than Khrushchev did.' How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [10]

3 (a) Describe the involvement of the USA in Vietnam before Johnson became President in 1963. [4]

(b) Explain why the tactics used by the Communists in Vietnam were effective. [6]

(c) 'American public opinion was more important than military failure in causing the USA to withdraw from Vietnam.' How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [10]

Part 1: Aspects of International Relations, 1919–2005

Section C: A New World? 1948–2005

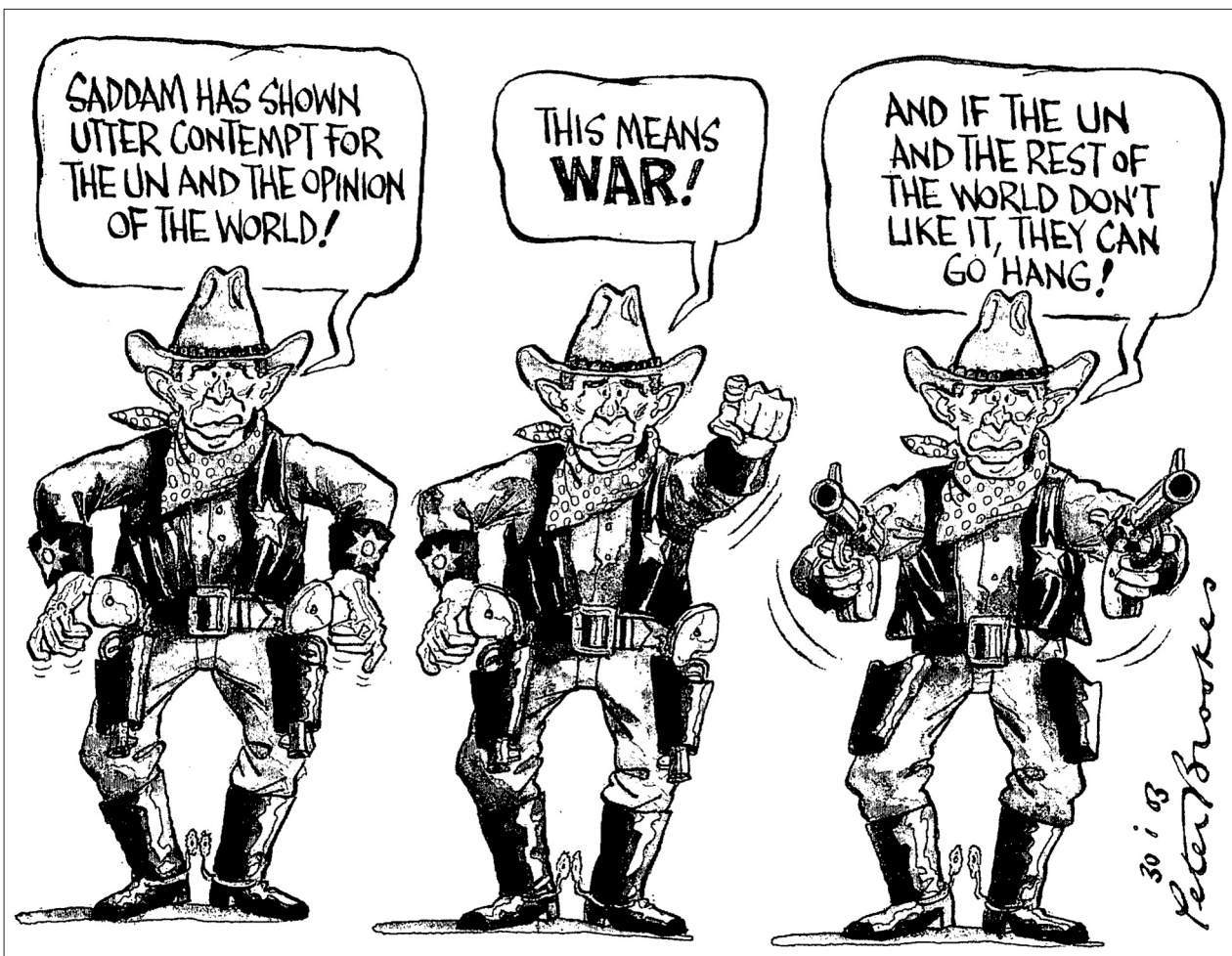
Some of the questions require you to use a source. In these questions, you will need to use your knowledge of the topic to interpret the source.

Answer Question 1 and EITHER Question 2 OR Question 3.

You should spend about 15 minutes on Question 1.

- 1 Study the source carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE A



A cartoon published in a British newspaper, January 2003.
The US President, George W Bush, is shown as a sheriff.

- 1 (a) Study Source A.

What is the message of this cartoon? Use details of the cartoon and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

- (b) Explain why the USA and Britain decided to invade Iraq in 2003. [8]

Answer ONE of the following two questions.

You must answer ALL parts of the question you choose.

You should spend about 35 minutes on this question.

- 2** (a) What was the Warsaw Pact? [4]
- (b) Explain why the Berlin Wall was built in 1961. [6]
- (c) How far was Gorbachev responsible for the collapse of Soviet control in Eastern Europe? Explain your answer. [10]
- 3** (a) What is terrorism? [4]
- (b) Why have many people condemned terrorism? Explain your answer with reference to specific terrorist groups. [6]
- (c) How successfully have governments responded to terrorism? Explain your answer with reference to specific terrorist groups. [10]

Part 2: Depth Study

Mao's China, c.1930–1976

Some of the questions require you to use sources. In these questions, you will need to use your knowledge of the topic to interpret and evaluate the sources.

You should spend about 70 minutes on this section.

Answer Question 4 and ONE other question.

- 4 Study the sources carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE B



A Chinese government poster. The caption repeats Mao's slogan that 'women hold up half the sky'. It was published at the time of the Five Year Plan.

SOURCE C

A photograph of 'Backyard' steel furnaces built during the Great Leap Forward.

SOURCE D

Under the Great Leap Forward the average Chinese person has to live on a diet of no more than 600 calories of food intake a day. In America a person limited to this level of food nutrition would be admitted to hospital for treatment. With this level of food intake, weight loss could be up to 20 pounds (about 9 kilos) a month. From this I conclude that the population of China is starving.

From a report by an American journalist, published in 1961.

4 (a) Study Source B.

Why was this poster published by the Chinese government? Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. [6]

(b) Study Source C.

How useful is this source as evidence about the Great Leap Forward? Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

(c) Study Source D.

Are you surprised by this source? Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

Answer ONE of the following two questions.

You must answer ALL parts of the question you choose.

5 (a) Describe the Long March. [4]**(b)** Explain why the Long March was important for the Communists. [6]**(c)** 'Mistakes by Chiang Kai-shek were the most important reason for the Communist victory in the Civil War.' How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [10]**6 (a)** Describe Communist China's relations with Tibet between 1949 and 1965. [4]**(b)** Explain why China's relations with the USSR changed from friendship to hostility after the death of Stalin. [6]**(c)** 'China's relations with the USA remained hostile from 1949 until Mao's death in 1976.' How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [10]

**Copyright Information**

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.