

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION HISTORY B (MODERN WORLD)

1937/11

Paper 1 (Core Content with Germany, 1919–1945)

TUESDAY 3 JUNE 2008

Afternoon Time: 2 hours

Additional materials (enclosed): None

Additional materials (required):

Answer booklet (8 pages)



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer booklet.
- This paper consists of three sections.
 - In Section A, answer either Question 1 or Question 2.
 - In **Section B**, answer any **one** question.
 - In Section C, answer Question 7 and one other question.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what to do before you start each answer.
- Write your answers, in blue or black ink, in the answer booklet.
- Write the numbers of the questions you have answered in the box on the front of the answer booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 75.
- You will be awarded marks for quality of written communication in part (c) of the following questions: Section B, Questions 3, 4, 5 and 6; Section C, Questions 8 and 9.



This document consists of 10 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

Section A

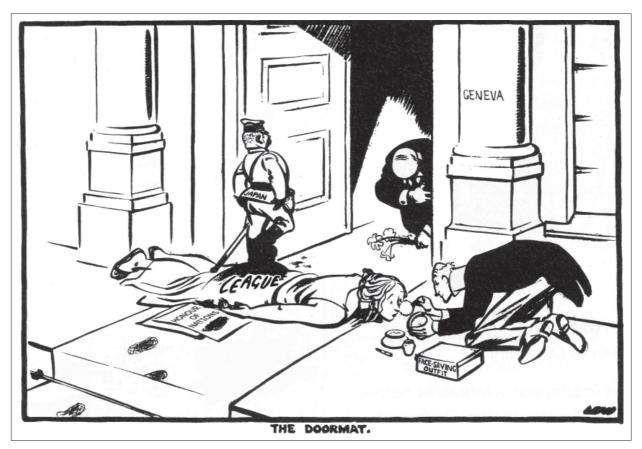
Some of the questions require you to use a source. In these questions, you will need to use your knowledge of the topic to interpret the source.

You should spend about 15 minutes on this section.

Answer EITHER Question 1 OR Question 2.

1 Study the source carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE A



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A British cartoon about the League of Nations published in 1933. The person kneeling on the right represents a British government official.

1 (a) Study Source A.

What is the message of this cartoon? Use details of the cartoon and your knowledge to explain your answer. [6]

(b) Explain why the League of Nations failed to deal successfully with the Abyssinian crisis of 1935–36.

2 Study the source carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE B



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A British cartoon, published in July 1948, commenting on the Berlin Blockade.

2 (a) Study Source B.

What is the message of this cartoon? Use details of the cartoon and your knowledge to explain your answer. [6]

(b) Explain why Marshall Aid was offered to countries in Europe. [9]

Section B

You should spend about 35 minutes on this section.

Answer ONE question from this section.

You must answer ALL parts of the question you choose.

3 (a) What were Lloyd George's aims at Versailles? [4] (b) Explain why Clemenceau wanted the Treaty of Versailles to punish Germany severely. [6] (c) The following were all equally important reasons why Germany was dissatisfied with the Treaty: the reduction in armed forces; (ii) the loss of territory; the imposing of war guilt and reparations. (iii) How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer referring only to (i), (ii) and [10] (iii). (a) What were the aims of Hitler's foreign policy? [4] (b) Explain how Hitler destroyed the Treaty of Versailles in the years up to 1938. [6] (c) The following were all **equally important** reasons for the outbreak of the Second World War: (i) the policy of appeasement; (ii) the Nazi-Soviet Pact of 1939; (iii) the invasion of Poland. How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer referring only to (i), (ii) and (iii). [10]

5 (a) Who were the Vietcong? [4]

(b) Explain why America was involved in Vietnam. [6]

- **(c)** The following were all **equally important** reasons for the American withdrawal from Vietnam:
 - (i) the financial cost of the war;
 - (ii) the military tactics of the Vietcong;
 - (iii) the failure of US military tactics.

How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer referring only to (i), (ii) and (iii). [10]

6 (a) Describe the reaction of the Soviet Union to the uprising in Hungary in 1956. [4]

(b) Explain why the Berlin Wall was built in 1961.

- (c) The following were all **equally important** reasons why Soviet control of Eastern Europe had collapsed by 1989:
 - (i) the impact of 'Solidarity';
 - (ii) the growth of opposition in Eastern Europe;
 - (iii) the policies of Gorbachev.

How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer referring only to (i), (ii) and (iii).

Section C: Depth Study

Germany, 1919-1945

Some of the questions require you to use sources. In these questions, you will need to use your knowledge of the topic to interpret and evaluate the sources. When you are asked to use specific sources you must do so, but you may also use any of the other sources within the question if they are relevant.

You should spend about 70 minutes on this section.

Answer Question 7 and ONE other question.

7 Study the sources carefully and then answer the questions which follow.

SOURCE C

When I resume active work, it will be necessary to pursue a new policy. Instead of working to achieve power by revolution we shall have to win election to the Reichstag against the Catholics and Communists. If out-voting them takes longer than out-shooting them, at least the results will be guaranteed by their own constitution. Any lawful process is slow. Sooner or later we shall have a majority and after that we shall have Germany.

Hitler writing whilst in prison in 1923.

SOURCE D



An election poster produced by the Social Democrats in 1932 entitled, 'The worker in the empire of the swastika'. It suggests what life might be like for workers under the Nazis.

SOURCE E



A large crowd listening to Hitler speaking in Berlin, 1932.

7 (a) Study Source C.

How far does this source suggest that the Munich Putsch was a disaster for Hitler and the Nazi Party? Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

(b) Study Source D.

Why was this poster published in Germany in 1932? Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. [7]

(c) Study Source E.

How useful is this source to an historian studying Hitler's rise to power? Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. [6]

Choose ONE of the following two questions.

You must answer ALL parts of the question you choose.

8	(a)	Describe the Kapp Putsch of 1920.	[4
	(b)	Explain why 1923 was a year of crisis for the Weimar Republic.	[6]
	(c)	How successful was the Weimar Republic in dealing with Germany's problems? Explain answer.	1 your [10]
9	(a)	Describe how Hitler reduced unemployment.	[4]
	(b)	Explain why the Nazis persecuted different groups in German society.	[6]
	(c)	How successful was the Nazi Party in controlling young people? Explain your answer.	[10]

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Q.2 Source B © Punch Ltd.

Q.7 Source C Source: adapted extract from *Modern World History*, by B Walsh, p.118, published by John Murray, 1996.

Source D Source: image from *Nazi Germany*, by S Lee, p.20, published by Heinemann Educational, 1989; © Bilderdienst Süddeutscher Verlag. Source E Source: image from *Nazi Germany*, by S Lee, p.19, published by Heinemann Educational, 1989; © Bilderdienst Süddeutscher Verlag.

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