Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information			
Candidate surname	Other names		
Pearson Edexcel GCSE (9–1)	ntre Number Candidate Number		
Monday 1 June 2020			
Morning (Time: 1 hour 15 minutes) Paper Reference 1HIO/11			
History			
1			
You must have: Sources Booklet (enclosed)	Total Marks		

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- There are two sections in this question paper. Answer Questions 1 and 2 from Section A. From Section B, answer Questions 3 and 4 and then EITHER Question 5 OR Question 6.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 52.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- The marks available for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology are clearly indicated.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



SECTION A: The British sector of the Western Front, 1914–18: injuries, treatment and the trenches

Answer Questions 1 and 2.

1	Describe two features of the use of the Thomas splint.		
	Feature 1		
	Feature 2		
•••••			
	(Total for Question 1 = 4 marks)		
	(Total for Question 1 – 4 marks)		

2 (a)	Study Sources A and B in the Sources Booklet.		
	How useful are Sources A and B for an enquiry into the effects of a gas attack?		
	Explain your answer, using Sources A and B and your knowledge of the		
	historical context.	(8)	



•••••
•••••



(b) Study Source A.

How could you follow up Source A to find out more about the effects of a gas attack? In your answer, you must give the question you would ask and the type of source you could use.

Complete the table below.

(4)

Detail in Source A that I would follow up:
Question I would ask:
What type of source I could use:
How this might help answer my question:

(Total for Question 2 = 12 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 16 MARKS



SECTION B: Medicine in Britain, c1250-present

Answer Questions 3 and 4. Then answer EITHER Question 5 OR Question 6.

3	Explain one way in which the role of the physician in the medieval period was similar to the role of the doctor in the NHS in the modern period.
	(Total for Question 3 = 4 marks)

	(12)
You may use the following in your answer:	
 chemotherapy 	
the discovery of the structure of DNA	
You must also use information of your own.	



(Total for Question 4 = 12 marks)

Answer EITHER Question 5 OR Question 6.

Spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology will be assessed in this question.

EITHER

5 'The work of Florence Nightingale was the most important development in the care and treatment provided in hospitals in the years c1700–c1900.'

How far do you agree? Explain your answer.

(16)

You may use the following in your answer:

- Florence Nightingale's *Notes on Nursing* (1859)
- anaesthetics

You **must** also use information of your own.

(Total for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology = 4 marks) (Total for Question 5 = 20 marks)

OR

6 'There was little improvement in dealing with infectious diseases in the years c1500–c1900.'

How far do you agree? Explain your answer.

(16)

You may use the following in your answer:

- the Great Plague, 1665
- the Broad Street Pump

You **must** also use information of your own.

(Total for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology = 4 marks)

(Total for Question 6 = 20 marks)



P 6 2 4 2 5 A 0 1 1 1 6





TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 36 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 52 MARKS



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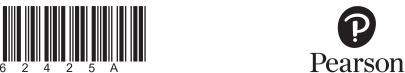
History

Paper 1: Thematic study and historic environment
Option 11: Medicine in Britain, c1250-present and
The British sector of the Western Front,
1914-18: injuries, treatment and the trenches

Sources Booklet

Do not return this booklet with the question paper.

Turn over ▶



Sources for use with Section A.

Source A: From a diary account by Dr Harvey Cushing, 25 April 1915. Cushing worked as a surgeon on the Western Front.

When we got to the ambulances, we heard about a recent gas attack. A huge, greenish cloud of smoke with a yellowish top had rolled down from the German trenches. Only sixty men out of a thousand survived the attack.

Later, I saw some of those who had been affected. Two of them were still conscious but gasping for breath, their faces discoloured, and they were about to die. I hoped they didn't have long to wait, poor chaps.

Then we saw many of the severely gassed men who had arrived at the hospital this morning. It was a terrible business. One man's face was dark blue and with every cough, he coughed up a thick stream of discoloured phlegm. He was too busy struggling to breathe to bother much about anything else – a most horrible form of death.

Source B: A photograph taken in 1918. It shows British troops waiting for treatment at an Advanced Dressing Station, after a gas attack.



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Acknowledgements
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