

General Certificate of Secondary Education

GCSE History Specification B

Unit 2 Depth Studies

Specimen Mark Scheme

Version for 2013 onwards (including Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar)

The specimen assessment materials are provided to give centres a reasonable idea of the general shape and character of the planned question papers and mark schemes in advance of the first operational exams.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available to download from the AQA Website: www.aqa.org.uk

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GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

HISTORY SPECIFICATION B

A: INTRODUCTION

• Consistency of Marking

Consistency of marking is of the essence in all public examinations. This factor is particularly important in a subject like History which offers a choice of specifications and a choice of options within them. It is therefore of vital importance that assistant examiners apply this marking scheme as directed by the Principal Examiner in order to facilitate comparability with the marking of all the other History specifications and options offered by the AQA.

Subject Content

The revised specification addresses subject content through the identification of 'key questions' which focus on important historical issues. These 'key questions' give emphasis to the view that History is concerned with the analysis of historical problems and issues, the study of which encourages all candidates, but particularly the more able, to make judgements grounded in evidence and information.

	Assessment Objectives	% weighting
AO1	Recall, select and communicate their knowledge and understanding of history	30
AO2	 Demonstrate their understanding of the past through explanation and analysis of: key concepts: causation, consequence, continuity, change and significance within an historical context key features and characteristics of the periods studied and the relationship between them 	30
AO3	 Understand, analyse and evaluate: a range of source material as part of an historical enquiry how aspects of the past have been interpreted and represented in different ways as part of an historical enquiry 	40

• The Assessment Objectives (AOs)

Levels of Response Marking Schemes

The mark scheme which follows is of the 'levels of response' type showing that candidates are expected to demonstrate their mastery of historical skills in the context of their knowledge and understanding of History. All candidates take a common examination paper – there is no tiering. Consequently, it is reasonable to expect to encounter the full range of attainment and this marking scheme has been designed to differentiate candidates' attainment by **outcome** and to reward **positively** what the candidates know, understand and can do.

Before scrutinising and applying the detail of the specific mark scheme which follows, assistant examiners are required to familiarise themselves with the instructions and guidance on the general principles to apply in determining into which level of response an answer should fall and in deciding on a mark within that particular level.

Good examining is, ultimately, about the **consistent application of judgement**. This mark scheme provides the necessary framework for exercising that judgement but it cannot cover all eventualities. This is especially so in a subject like History, which in part relies upon different interpretations and different emphases given to the same content.

B: QUESTION TARGETS & LEVELS OF RESPONSE

• Question Targets

The mark scheme for each question is prefaced by an assessment objective 'target'. This is an indication of the skill which it is expected candidates will use in answering the question and is directly based on the relevant assessment objectives. However, it does not mean that other answers which have merit will not be rewarded.

• Identification of Levels of Response

There are several ways in which any question can be answered – in a simple way by less able candidates and in more sophisticated ways by candidates of greater ability. In the marking scheme different types of answers will be identified and will be arranged in a series of levels of response.

Levels of response have been identified on the basis that the full range of candidates entered for the GCSE examination will be able to respond positively. Each 'level' therefore represents a stage in the development of the candidate's **quality of thinking**, and, as such, recognition by the assistant examiner of the relative differences between each level descriptor is of paramount importance.

• Placing an answer within a Level

When marking each part of each question, examiners must first place the answer in a particular level and then, and only then, decide on the actual mark within the level, which should be recorded in the margin. **The level of response attained should also be indicated at the end of each answer**. In most cases, it will be helpful to annotate the answer by noting in the margin where a particular level has been reached, eg Level 1 may have been reached on line 1, L3 on line 5 and L1 again on line 7. When the whole answer has been read and annotated in this way, the highest of the Levels **clearly attained** and **sustained** should be awarded. Remember that it is often possible to reach the highest level **without** going through the lower levels. Marks are **not cumulative** for any question. There should be no 'totting up' of points made which are then converted into marks. Examiners should feel free to comment on part of any answer if it explains why a particular level has been awarded rather than one lower or higher. Such comments can be of assistance when the script is looked at later in the awarding process.

If an answer seems to fit into two or more levels, award the higher or highest level.

• What is a sustained response?

By a **sustained response**, we mean that the candidate has **applied** the appropriate level of thought to the **particular issues** in the sub-question.

A response does not necessarily have to be sustained throughout the whole answer, but an answer in which merely a few words seem to show a fleeting recognition of historical complexity is not sufficient to attain a higher level.

In some cases, as you read an answer to a sub-question, it will be clear that particular levels have been reached at certain points in the answer. If so, remember to identify them in the margin as you proceed. At the end of the sub-question, award the highest level that has been sustained.

In other cases you may reach the end of the sub-question without having been able to pinpoint a level. In such cases, simply record the level awarded at the end of the sub-question.

C: DECIDING ON MARKS WITHIN A LEVEL

A particular level of response may cover a range of marks. Therefore, in making a decision about a specific mark to award, it is vitally important to think *first* of the **lower/lowest mark within the level**.

In giving more credit with the level, examiners should ask themselves several questions relating to candidate attainment. The more positive the answers, the higher should be the mark awarded. We want to avoid 'bunching' of marks. Levels mark schemes can produce regression to the mean, which should be avoided. At all times, therefore, examiners should be prepared to use **the full range of marks** available for a particular level and for a particular question. Remember – mark **positively** at all times.

Consider whether the answer is:

- precise in its use of supporting factual information.
- appropriately detailed.
- factually accurate.
- appropriately balanced, or markedly better in some areas than in others.
- set in the historical context as appropriate to the question.
- displaying appropriate quality of written communication skills.

Note about Indicative Content.

The mark scheme provides **examples of historical content** (indicative content) which candidates may deploy in support of an answer within a particular level. Do bear in mind that these are **only examples**; exhaustive lists of content are not provided so examiners might expect some candidates to deploy alternative information to support their answers.

This indicative content must **not** however determine the level into which an answer is placed; **the candidate's level of critical thinking determines this**. Remember that the **number** of points made by a candidate may be taken into account only **after** a decision has been taken about the quality (level) of the response.

• Some things to remember

Mark positively at all times.

Do **not** be afraid to award maximum marks within a level where it is possible to do so. Do not fail to give a maximum mark to an appropriate answer because you can think of something (or the marking scheme indicates something) that **might** be included but which is missing from the particular response.

Do **not** think in terms of a model answer to the question. Every question should be marked on its merits.

As a general rule, give credit for what is accurate, correct or valid.

Obviously, **errors can be given no credit** but, at the same time, the existence of an error should not prejudice you against the rest of what could be a perfectly valid answer.

It is important, therefore, to use the full range of marks where appropriate.

Do not use half marks.

D: SOME PRACTICAL POINTS

• Answers in note form

Answers in note form to any question should be credited in so far as the candidate's meaning is communicated. You must not try to read things into what has been written.

• Diagrams, etc

Credit should be given for information provided by the candidates in diagrams, tables, maps etc, provided that it has not already been credited in another form.

Answers which run on to another sub-section

If a candidate starts to answer the next sub-section in an earlier one, by simply running the answer on, give credit for that material in the appropriate sub-section.

• Answers which do not fit the marking scheme

Inevitably, some answers will not fit the marking scheme but may legitimately be seen as worthy of credit. Assess such answers in terms of the difficulty/sophistication of the thought involved. If it is believed that the 'thought level' equates with one of the levels in the marking scheme, award it a corresponding mark.

Make sure you identify such cases with an A (for alternative) in your sub-total, eg as B2A/3. Also write a brief comment to explain why this alternative has been awarded.

If in doubt, **always** telephone your Team Leader for advice.

• The Final Mark Scheme

The final mark scheme will be decided at the standardising meeting after full discussion of both the mark scheme and the scripts selected by the Principal Examiner for marking at the standardising meeting. At all stages, care will be taken to ensure that all candidates are treated fairly and rewarded for their positive achievements on the paper.

• Post Standardising Meeting

After the examiners' standardising meeting, examiners may encounter answers which do not fit the agreed mark scheme but which are worthy of credit. These should be discussed with the Team Leader over the telephone. Such answers should be assessed in terms of the difficulty/sophistication of the thought involved. If it is believed that the 'thought level' equates with one of the levels in the mark scheme, it must be awarded a corresponding mark, with a brief note provided on the script to explain why.

E Assessment of Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

Spelling, punctuation and grammar will be assessed via questions 03, 06, 09, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 and 23. Three marks will be allocated for Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar in these questions. The performance descriptions are provided below.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

The marks allocated for Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar will achieve a total weighting of 5% of the total marks for the qualification.

3 marks

2 marks

1 mark

Paper 2: Depth Studies

Section A

Topic 1

01		es Source A suggest about the reasons for Bolshevik success in seizing power er/November 1917?	4
	Target:	Comprehension and inference from a source (AO3)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1	Answer that takes information from the source For example, Trotsky did most of the planning; there was little fighting; success was achieved by a small group of dedicated revolutionaries.	1-2
	Level 2	Answer shows understanding and is able to make inference(s) from source For example, the success would have been a surprise at the time, because the event was small-scale and only involved a small group of people. The success was due to their dedication. The reasons for success were later changed by Communist propaganda.	3-4
02		1914 Russia became involved in the First World War. hy Nicholas II became increasingly unpopular during this war.	6
	Target:	Causation and analysis of key features (AO1/2)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment and/or identifies one reason eg Russia suffered many defeats during the war and millions of soldiers died. eg some limited description of Russia's part in the war. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
	Level 2:	EITHER Identifies several reasons eg defeats in the war led to loss of morale; shortages in the cities of food and fuel; transport problems; inflation; the Tsarina becoming unpopular (with Rasputin) when she was left in charge after Tsar Nicholas made himself Commander-in-Chief. OR Explains one reason eg the role of Rasputin in blackening the reputation of the Romanovs through his influence at court, especially in the absence of the Tsar. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-4
	Level 3	Explains more than one reason eg two or more from the list above. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.	5-6

Target:	Evaluation of a source for utility using own knowledge (AO1/2/3)
C	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.
Level 1:	EITHER Accepts the content of the source at face value e.g. the source shows France, the USA and Britain supporting the Whites.
	OR Generalised or learned response which could apply to any source eg the source is a cartoon and therefore does not give a serious explanation. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.
Level 2:	EITHER Comments on the usefulness or the limitations of the source based on information in the source and/or basic knowledge eg the source is useful for showing how Britain, France and the USA were using foreign intervention as a way of supporting the Whites against the Communists. OR Comments on the usefulness or the limitations of the source in terms of reliability or bias eg the source suffers from bias as the Bolsheviks are trying to show who the Whites were using as the basis of their struggle against Communism.
Level 3:	The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner. EITHER Developed explanation about the utility/limitations of the source using own knowledge
	eg the source is useful because it shows how the Whites, appealing to more wealthy and right-wing groups, persuaded other countries to intervene, relying on their hatred and fear of Communism - especially as it was supposed to spread from Russia to other more developed countries. OR Developed explanation about the utility/limitations of the source
	focusing its provenance eg the purpose of the cartoon was to show the Whites as unpatriotic and in the pay of foreigners trying to take over Mother Russia. This is somewhat ironic, as, in theory Communism did not believe in national boundaries. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. <i>Answers which achieve Level 3 on knowledge or provenance with Level 2 on</i> <i>the other can be awarded top of Level 3.</i>
Level 4:	Both strands above at Level 3 The answer demonstrates highly developed/ complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.

SPaG Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

(3 marks)

1

3

Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

Topic 2

04	What doe 1923?	es Source C suggest about the consequences of hyperinflation in Germany in	4
	Target:	Comprehension and inference from a source (AO3)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1	Answer that takes information from the source eg the German economy became worthless; many Germans were ruined; many Germans believed that their new democracy had brought them nothing but trouble.	1-2
	Level 2	Answer shows understanding and is able to make inference(s) from source eg hyperinflation added to the complaints about the democratically run Weimar Republic; in fact, the effects of hyperinflation across Germany varied.	3-4
05	Explain w 1924–192	hat Stresemann did to help the German economy recover in the year 29.	6
	Target:	Causation and analysis of key features (AO1/2)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment and/or identifies one feature eg Stresemann set up a new currency. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
	Level 2:	EITHER Identifies several features eg new currency; loans form the USA; more friendly relations in Europe; allowed to join the League of Nations. OR Explains one feature eg help from the USA explained through details on the Dawes Plan (1924) and the Young Plan (1929). The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-4
	Level 3	Explains two or more features eg two or more from the list above. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.	5-6

	History – AQA GCSE Mark Scheme SPECIMEN FOR JUNE 2013	ONLY
	useful is Source D for studying the French occupation of the Ruhr in 1923? ource D and your knowledge to explain your answer.	10
Targe	t: Evaluation of a source for utility using own knowledge (AO1/2/3)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Leve	 EITHER Accepts the content of the source at face value eg the source shows that French soldiers were in the Ruhr in large numbers. OR Generalised or learned response which could apply to any source eg the source is from a French magazine and is very biased. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development. 	1-2
Leve	 2: EITHER Comments on the usefulness or the limitations of the source based on information in the source and basic knowledge eg the source is useful, because it tells us of France's claim to get coal from the mines/factories of the Ruhr instead of cash reparations which Germany was not paying. OR Comments on the usefulness or the limitations of the source in terms of reliability or bias. eg the source is not useful, because it is from a French magazine produced at the time. It is intended to show the French in a good light. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner. 	3-5
Leve	 3: EITHER Developed explanation about the utility/limitations of the source using own knowledge eg the source is not useful because it does not explain anything about the background to the occupation – the German failure to pay reparations. Nor does it show the violence that occurred in various places, including deaths of German civilians. OR 	

Developed explanation about the utility/limitations of the source focusing on its provenance

6-9

eg the source is not useful because it is from a French magazine produced at the time with the purpose of bolstering French pride and asserting their rights as defined in the Treaty of Versailles. It is, however, useful for learning about how the event was portrayed to the French people.

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.

Answers which achieve Level 3 on knowledge or provenance with Level 2 on the other can be awarded top of Level 3.

Level 4: Both strands above at Level 3

The answer demonstrates highly developed/complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.

SPaG Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

(3 marks)

Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

3

10

1

Topic 3

07	What doe	s Source E suggest about American attitudes towards immigrants?	4
	Target:	Comprehension and inference from a source (AO3)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1	Answer that takes information from the source eg there was a quota system; this was a victory for the WASPs who didn't like southern and eastern Europeans.	1-2
	Level 2	Answer shows understanding and is able to make inference(s) from	
		source eg many Americans were racist and wanted to control which European races came to the USA; American attitudes had become less tolerant following the influx of southern and eastern European immigrants before, during and immediately after the First World War.	3-4
08	Explain th	e consequences of Prohibition for the USA in the 1920s.	6
	Target:	Causation and analysis of key features (AO1/2)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment and/or identifies one consequence eg many people were arrested. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
	Level 2:	EITHER Identifies several consequences eg the creation of speakeasies; moonshine; raids on illegal drinking clubs; arrests; the development of 'gangsterism'; the impact on daily lives. OR Explains one consequence eg detailed explanation of gangsters such as Al Capone and Bugs Malone. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-4
	Level 3	Explains two or more consequences eg two or more from the list above. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.	5-6

Target:	Evaluation of a source for utility using own knowledge (AO1/2/3)
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.
Level 1:	EITHER Accepts the content of the source at face value eg the source shows a man in hospital being interested in the stock market. OR Generalised or learned response which could apply to any source eg it is a cartoon; cartoons always exaggerate, so it is of limited use. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.
Level 2:	EITHER Comments on the usefulness or the limitations of the source based on information in the source and basic knowledge eg the source is useful for showing how the stock market was important to many Americans, even when they were ill and about to have an operation. OR Comments on the usefulness or the limitations of the source in terms of reliability or bias eg the source is of limited use, because it is a biased cartoon which ridicules the excessive interest in the stock market in the USA. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.
Level 3:	EITHER Developed explanation about the utility/limitations of the source using own knowledge eg the source is useful for showing how some American newspapers assumed that their readers were familiar with stock market activities as indeed they were in many sections of society during the boom of the 1920s, with many people tempted to invest their money, even mortgaging their homes. OR Developed explanation about the utility/limitations of the source focusing on its provenance eg the source is useful for showing how some Americans were prepared to ridicule the American preoccupation with the stock market, and suggest that there might be other priorities in life such as health. By 1927 there were significant criticisms of the stock market developing. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling,

Answers which achieve Level 3 on knowledge or provenance with Level 2 on the other can be awarded top of Level 3.

Level 4: Both strands above, one at Level 3, the other at Level 2 Both strands above at Level 3

The answer demonstrates highly developed/ complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.

SPaG Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

(3 marks)

Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

3

1

Section B

Topic 4

10		knowledge as well as Source G to describe the process of collectivisation of e in the USSR in the late 1920s and early 1930s.	8
	Target:	Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	 Basic description, using source or own knowledge eg the photograph shows that tractors were produced for use on collective farms. eg Small peasant holdings were made into big farms. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development. 	1-2
	Level 2:	EITHER Detailed description of limited aspects eg in each area a kolkhoz (collective farm) was set up, and managed by a Communist Party member. The collective farm had to produce a fixed amount of food for the government each year. OR Limited description of wider range of aspects eg the need to join all farms together; the process of creating a kolkhoz; resistance from kulaks; killing of animals rather than handing them over; food collected from each collective to feed towns and for export; famines; most farmland collectivised by mid-1930s; importance of mechanisation to increase productivity.	3-5
		punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	
	Level 3:	Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge eg at least two aspects described in detail, such as reference to the importance of mechanisation. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.	6-8

position a	came sole ruler of the USSR by 1928 because he had been able to use his s General Secretary at the time of Lenin's death'. gree? Explain your answer.	12
Target:	Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment or comments eg Stalin was very cunning – for example, making sure that Lenin's will was not used against him. eg Stalin doctored photographs by eliminating Trotsky from Lenin's side, and putting his own portrait there. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	0-3
Level 2:	Identifies or describes several reasons eg how Stalin used his position as General Secretary; Stalin ensuring that Trotsky was not present at Lenin's funeral; Trotsky's perceived weaknesses; Stalin's elimination of other contenders. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	4-6
Level 3:	Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change eg details on more than one aspect (as above). This may be in the form of a narrative, but including some conclusions about the reasons for Stalin's success. It may include agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. <i>Reward argument based on description at this Level</i>	7-10
Level 4:	A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level) The answer demonstrates highly developed/ complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.	11-12
SPaG	Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar (3 marks) Threshold performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.	1
	Intermediate performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.	2
	High performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.	3

Topic 5

12 Use your knowledge as well as Source H to describe how Hitler gained much support from the Hitler Youth movement and the League of German Maidens.

Target: Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)

Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.

Level 1: Basic description, using source or own knowledge

eg the photograph shows Hitler getting a lot of support from girls. eg the Hitler Youth movement had smart uniforms that appealed to boys. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.

Level 2: EITHER

Detailed description of limited aspects

eg the Hitler Youth ran lots of activities, including summer camps which appealed to German boys. Membership provided excitement and fun. **OR**

Limited description of wider range of aspects

eg Hitler got support through propaganda; through schools and the pro-Nazi **3-5** message that was taught; through providing exciting activities; through marches and parades; through providing training in specialist skills; through providing a sense of belonging.

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.

Level 3: Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge

eg at least two aspects described in detail, such as the enthusiasm of German children when they met Hitler.

6-8

0

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.

13 'The Nazis use of threats and violence was the main reason why Hitler became Chancellor of Germany in January 1933.' Do you agree? Explain your answer.

Target: Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)

Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.

Level 1: Simple descriptive comment or comments

eg the Nazis benefited from the consequences of the Wall Street Crash and rapidly rising unemployment.

eg threats and violence with the SA helped to increase the Nazi vote until the **1-3** Nazis became the largest party.

The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.

Level 2: Identifies or describes several reasons

eg answer mentions several reasons, such as the consequences of the Wall Street Crash, Hitler's criticism of the Treaty of Versailles, Jews and Communists, the weakness of the structure of the Weimar constitution, the frailty of Hindenburg, Nazi use of threats and violence, the actions of the SA. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.

Level 3: Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change

eg details on more than one aspect (as above). This may follow a narrative framework, but it must include some explicit details and/or arguments on the period 1929-1933, probably including references to national elections in 1930 and 1932. It may include agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. *Reward argument based on description at this Level*

Level 4: A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level)

The answer demonstrates highly developed/complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.

Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

(3 marks)

1

2

11-12

SPaG Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

12

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

Topic 6

 14
 Use your knowledge as well as Source J to describe the main effects of the Wall Street Crash on the people of the USA.
 8

 Target:
 Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)
 8

 Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.
 0

Level 1: Basic description, using source or own knowledge

eg the photograph shows people queuing up for food. eg many Americans lost their jobs as unemployment rose. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.

Level 2: EITHER

Detailed description of limited aspects

eg detailed description of effects on those who lost their livelihoods as the price of shares collapsed, with some driven to despair that led to suicide. **OR**

Limited description of wider range of aspects

eg some description of losing jobs; houses being repossessed by banks; some becoming homeless; Hoovervilles; loss of confidence in American government; reliance on charities and soup kitchens.

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.

Level 3: Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge

eg at least two aspects described in detail, such as a reference to the dehumanising queuing for food – even on Christmas Day. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.

6-8

1-2

3-5

_			
		Deal led to the economic recovery of the USA in the 1930s.' gree? Explain your answer.	12
	Target:	Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment or comments eg the New Deal provided lots of jobs to help the economy out of the Depression. eg some limited description of the New Deal. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-3
	Level 2:	Identifies or describes several features eg answer mentions several features, such as how the New Deal helped different groups of people, and how the New Deal provided lots of aid towards recovery. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	4-6
	Level 3:	Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change eg details on more than one aspect, for example, by balancing successes of some aspects with continuing high unemployment in the late 1930s. Answers will probably mention that the real economic recovery came with the USA's involvement in the Second World War. Answers will probably include agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. <i>Reward argument based on description at this Level</i>	7-10
	Level 4:	A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level) eg in addition to Level 3, answer argues that, whilst the New Deal provided relief and helped to restore confidence, the real recovery came with the USA's involvement in Lend-Lease, etc, and how the US economy thrived	44 A1

15

11-12

even before its direct involvement in the war. The answer demonstrates highly developed/complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.

SPaG Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

(3 marks)

Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

3

Topic 7

16

Use your the 1950s	knowledge as well as Source K to describe how racism was challenged in s.	8
Target:	Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Level 1:	Basic description, using source or own knowledge eg the photograph shows soldiers at the school. eg black Americans wanted an education. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
Level 2:	EITHER Detailed description of limited aspects eg detailed description of the events at Little Rock High, passing reference to the photograph. OR Limited description of wider range of aspects eg some description of life in the southern states, segregation, the Klu Klux Klan. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-5
Level 3:	Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge eg at least two aspects described in detail, from: Rosa Parks/bus boycott; the Brown v Topeka case, Little Rock High School; the protest movement under leadership of Martin Luther King (1950s).	6-8

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and

style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.

progress	Martin Luther King the fight for civil rights in the USA would not have made in the 1950s and 1960s.' gree? Explain your answer.	12
Target:	Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment or comments eg claims Martin Luther King was a martyr and therefore important eg some limited description of Black Power, Rosa Parks, Brown v Topeka. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-3
.evel 2:	Identifies or describes several features eg the answer mentions several features, such as the importance of Martin Luther King, the Civil Rights marches, the Civil Rights Acts, the Black Power Movement, protest at the Olympics. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	4-6
vel 3:	Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change eg details on more than one aspect, for example, Martin Luther King as a protest organiser, 1955-1963; the Civil rights Act, 1964; the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (following King's death); the impact of the Black Power Movement; the work of Rosa Parks. Answers will probably include agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. <i>Reward argument based on description at this Level</i>	7-10

Level 4: A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level)

eg the answer may analyse the impact of Martin Luther King versus the failure of the Black Power movement, the negative impact of the Black Power movement, the success of the Washington March, the limited impact of the Civil Rights Acts. Evaluation accepts the importance of Martin Luther King but acknowledges the contribution/impact of other individuals/groups and events. The answer demonstrates highly developed/ complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.

SPaG Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

(3 marks)

Threshold performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.

Intermediate performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

3

Topic 8

18	Use your tactics.	knowledge as well as Source L to describe the US response to guerrilla	8
	Target:	Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Basic description, using source or own knowledge eg the photograph shows the USA bombing north Vietnam. eg the USA used their technology to try and defeat the guerrillas. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
	Level 2:	EITHER Detailed description of limited aspects eg detailed description of the campaign 'Operation Rolling Thunder' with reference to the length of the campaign, numbers of bombs dropped, the amount of damage. OR Limited description of wider range of aspects eg covers a range of tactics including: Blanket bombing; The use of helicopters; 'Hearts and minds' and Safe hamlets. Technology: Agent Orange, Napalm. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-5
	Level 3:	Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge eg at least two aspects described in detail, from: the use of helicopters; 'Hearts and minds' and Safe hamlets. Technology: Agent Orange, Napalm. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.	6-8

	Offensive in 1968 was the main reason why the USA lost the Vietnam War.' gree? Explain your answer.	12
Target:	Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment or comments eg North Vietnamese troops were actually in Saigon. eg Bombing north Vietnam did not work. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-3
Level 2:	Identifies or describes several features eg the answer mentions several features, such as Vietnamisation, American withdrawal, the fall of Saigon. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	4-6
Level 3:	 Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change eg details on more than one aspect, for example: the Tet Offensive and its impact on the war, 1968; attacks on Laos and Cambodia, 1970; US bombing of north Vietnam, 1970-1972;US withdrawal, 1973-1975; Vietnamisation. Answers will probably include agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. Reward argument based on description at this Level 	7-10
.evel 4:	A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level) eg the USA knew that Vietnamisation had little real sense of success. Expanding the war into Laos and Cambodia got a reaction at home which forced withdrawal and defeat. Balancing reactions to the Tet Offensive at home and military failure in Laos and Cambodia. The answer demonstrates highly developed/complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.	11-12
SPaG	Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar (3 marks)	
	Threshold performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.	1
	Intermediate performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.	2

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

Т

20	Use your 1972.	knowledge as well Source M to describe the events on Bloody Sunday,	8
	Target:	Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Basic description, using source or own knowledge eg the photograph shows them carrying someone away. eg the march was banned, the army shot 13 people. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
	Level 2:	EITHER Detailed description of limited aspects eg detailed description of the march: the use of water cannons and rubber bullets, the army opened fire and killed 13 people, an enquiry followed. OR Limited description of wider range of aspects eg covers a range of issues including: civil rights protests 1968-1972; the deployment of the British Army; Paramilitary actions/IRA/UDF; the RUC and house to house searches; Internment. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-5
	Level 3:	Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge eg at least two aspects described in detail, from: civil rights protests, 1968- 1972; the deployment of the British Army; Paramilitary actions/IRA/UDF; the RUC and house to house searches; Internment.	6-8

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.

	,	-
'Poverty and economic equality were the main reasons for the troubles in Northern Ireland in the 1960s and 1970s.' Do you agree? Explain your answer.		12
Target:	Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment or comments eg the lack of jobs for the Catholics. eg poor housing for the Catholics. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-3
Level 2:	Identifies or describes several features eg answer mentions several features, such as local elections, jobs for protestants, poor economy, poor housing and the lack of investment in Northern Ireland. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	4-6
Level 3:	Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change eg details on more than one aspect: local elections; there were few Catholics in top jobs; the low standard of living; the fears of Catholics that they would eventually leave; segregation in Derry/Londonderry/Belfast; Church and schooling; NICRA/civil rights; Craigavon. Answers will probably include agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. <i>Reward argument based on description at this Level</i>	7-10
.evel 4:	A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level) eg Protestants did dominate in better jobs and local government, but Northern Ireland was suffering economically throughout; the poor handling of civil rights marches led to increased opposition. The answer demonstrates highly developed/complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.	11-12
SPaG	Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar(3 marks)	
	Threshold performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.	1
	Intermediate performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the	2

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.

Topic 10

22

Use your knowledge as well as Source N to describe the events at the Munich Olympics,1972.		8
Target:	Use of source and knowledge to describe key features (AO1/2/3)	
	Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
Level 1:	Basic description, using source or own knowledge eg the photograph shows a terrorist in control. eg The Israeli athletes were killed in the rescue attempt. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-2
Level 2:	EITHER Detailed description of limited aspects eg detailed description of events including the attack on the Israelis in the Olympic village, the negotiations, the rescue attempt, the failure of the rescue, the consequences. OR	2 5
	Limited description of wider range of aspects eg Terrorism/the use of the media/it was an international sporting event; the attack and failure of the German Police; the decision to go ahead with the Games and the reaction of Israelis. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	3-5
Level 3:	Detailed description of several aspects using source and own knowledge At least two aspects described in detail, from: terrorism /the use of the media/ it was an international sporting event; the attack and failure of the German Police; the decision to go ahead with the Games and the reaction of Israelis.	6-8

The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and

style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used.

23	Middle Ea	ng of the treaty between Egypt and Israel in March 1979 brought peace to the st at the end of the 1970s.' ree? Explain your answer.	12
	Target:	Analysis of key features and causation (AO1/2)	
		Candidates either submit no evidence or fail to address the question.	0
	Level 1:	Simple descriptive comment or comments eg peace between Egypt and Israel. eg they had a road-map to peace. The leaders met at Camp David. The answer demonstrates simple understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is generally coherent but basic in development.	1-3
	Level 2:	Identifies or describes several features eg the answer mentions several features, such as the meeting between Begin and Sadat, the Camp David agreement. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is reasonably well organised and presented in a clear and effective manner.	4-6
	Level 3:	Explains one or more reasons. The answer may attempt a conclusion about the extent of change eg details on more than one aspect, for example: Begin and Sadat, 1977, the Camp David Agreement, 1978; Lebanon, 1978 and the West bank and Gaza, 1977 (used to challenge the move toward peace). Answers will probably include some agreements and disagreements, but not necessarily. The answer demonstrates developed understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well organised with an appropriate form and style of writing. Some specialist vocabulary is used. <i>Reward argument based on description at this Level.</i>	7-10
	Level 4:	A balanced explanation (with judgement for top of Level) eg Balances the peace between Israel and Egypt against the PLO and occupied territories of Gaza and the West Bank and the Israeli invasion of the Lebanon. The answer demonstrates highly developed/ complex understanding of the rules of spelling, punctuation and grammar. It is well structured, with an appropriate form and style of writing. Specialist vocabulary is used effectively.	11-12
	SPaG	Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar(3 marks)	
		Threshold performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with reasonable accuracy in the context of the demands of the question. Any errors do not hinder meaning in the response. Where required, they use a limited range of specialist terms appropriately.	1
		Intermediate performance Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with considerable accuracy and general control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a good range of specialist terms with facility.	2

High performance

Candidates spell, punctuate and use the rules of grammar with consistent accuracy and effective control of meaning in the context of the demands of the question. Where required, they use a wide range of specialist terms adeptly and with precision.