

GCSE

Edexcel GCSE

German (1231)

Paper 4F

Summer 2005

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Mark Scheme (Results)

## Paper 4F Mark Scheme

Please see mark grids in the Specification.

### Question 1 - At the market

Candidates are required to write five fruits and five vegetables.

- Accept a reasonable attempt at the German spelling.
- Ignore capital letters, gender and number.
- Do not accept brand names.
- The icons are not prescriptive.

Accept (sing. or pl.)	Reject
5 items of fruit Banane; Ananas; Pfirsich; Pflaume; Birne; Apfel; Erdbeere (Ertbeere); Himbeere; Apfelsine; Melone; Zitrone; Kirsche (accept Kirche); Kiwi; Limone; Limette; Frucht; Grapefruit; Pamplemousse; Beere; Johannisbeere; Heidelbeere; Accept Tomate as a fruit or a vegetable	Orange (example), Obst Banana; Tomato English words other than those listed Biere (but accept Erdbiere)
5 items of veg Kartoffel; Karotte; Möhre; Kraut; Kohl; Rotkohl (etc.); Zweibel; Erbse(n); Salat; Eisberg; Knoblauch; Lauch; Porree; Kopfsalat; Champignon; Pilz; Rosenkohl; Blumenkohl; Kürbis; Rote Beete; Radieschen; Zucchini/i; Courgette; Brokkoli; Pfeffer; Paprika; Bohne; Spargel; Spinat; Pommes (Frites); Gurke; Rübe; Aubergine	Sauerkraut (example), Gemüse English words other than those listed

## Question 2 - At work

Candidates have to complete the sentences by entering a verb in the present tense and a noun to match the icon.

	Accept	Reject
(a) verb	sitzt	sitzen gesessen gesitzt
(a) noun	Schreibtisch Tisch Pult	
(b) verb	schreibt	schreiben geschrieben
(b) noun	Briefe Post Karten Emails	
(c) verb	telefoniert (ph)	telefonieren
(c) noun	ignore dative "n" Leuten Personen Kollegen Arbeitern Frauen Männern Freunden Accept a singular noun	
(d) verb	trinkt	trinken getrunken
(d) noun	Kaffee Tee Hot or cold drink	Tea; Café
(e) verb	nimmt	nehmen genommen
(e) noun	Hause, Haus, Heim	

### Question 3 - Money

Candidates respond to five bullet points. Most successful answers will be in five sentences, but the task can be answered in different ways.

Bullet point	Expect
How much pocket money you get	Ich bekomme zehn Pfund. Accept any denomination.
Where you work	Ich arbeite im Supermarkt. Ich wasche Autos. Ich arbeite nicht.
How much you earn.	Ich verdiene zwanzig Pfund die Woche. Ich verdiene nicht viel. Ich bekomme ...
What you buy	Ich kaufe Zeitschriften. Ich spare mein Geld. Accept past tense.
What your friend should do	Du sollst eine Stelle suchen / arbeiten. Such eine Stelle. Spar dein Geld. Accept a suggestion which is not related to money.

### Question 4a - A thank-you letter

Candidates respond to Axel's birthday card and five bullet points.

Bullet point	Expect
Thank your friend for the present	A short response such as Danke für das Geschenk / das Buch / das Geld.
Why you particularly liked it	A more demanding task: Ich habe diese CD nicht. Ich mag Jazz. Ich brauche Geld für mein Hobby.
What other presents you had	Best answers are likely to be in the past tense. Ich habe auch ... bekommen.
What you did on your birthday	Narrative past tense: Wir sind ins Kino gegangen.
What you plan to do next weekend	Future intent, but not necessarily future tense: Am Samstag besuche ich meine Oma.

### Question 4b - Sport and Fitness

Candidates write a short report in response to bullet points.

Bullet point	Expect
What sports you can play at school	Straightforward description in present tense: In der Schule kann man Fußball und Hockey spielen.
How you kept fit last year	Past tense narrative: Letztes Jahr habe ich viel gemacht, um fit zu bleiben. Ich habe jede Woche Lacrosse gespielt.
Why you want to keep fit	Opinion and/or justification: Ich will gesund und fit sein.
What new activities you plan for next year	Future intent, but not necessarily future tense: Nächstes Jahr will ich den Marathon laufen.