



# **General Certificate of Secondary Education**

## **German 4665**

**46651H    Listening**

## **Mark Scheme**

*2010 examination - June series*

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available to download from the AQA Website: [www.aqa.org.uk](http://www.aqa.org.uk)

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## READING & LISTENING TESTS

### **Notes on the Marking Scheme**

#### *Non-verbal Answers*

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

#### *Verbal Answers*

1. The basic principle of assessment is that candidates should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
    - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
    - (b) Where a candidate has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied:
      - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, **accept**;
      - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
    - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
    - (d) Where a question has more than one **section**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
    - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, candidates are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
  2. ..../..... means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
  3. In questions where candidates are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.
  4. Accept
    - T/F/?
    - Target language equivalent as instructed in rubric (eg. T/F/NT)
    - ✓/X/?
    - a mix and match approach using the above, where the response is clear and unambiguous (eg. T and ✓ are both used by the candidate).
  5. In multiple choice questions where candidates must choose one letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.
  6. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
    - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
    - **NFP** = no further penalty
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## 2010 LISTENING MARK SCHEME

## HIGHER TIER

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
1	D	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
2 (i)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
2 (ii)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
3 (a)	<u>She</u> does not have to pay for her food It does not cost <u>her</u> anything to eat	1	The food is free It does not cost her anything

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
3 (b)	She does not get to see the (whole) film / she does not have time to watch the films	1	She does not watch the films from the start

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
4	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
5 (a)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
5 (b)	F	1	

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Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
5 (c)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
6	B, C (In any order)	2	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
7 (a)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
7 (b)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
8 (i)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
8 (ii)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
9 (a)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
9 (b)	D	1	

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Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
9 (c)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
10 (i)	It saves time <b>and</b> work	1	You get work done faster

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
10 (ii)	Pupils copy their work from it / plagiarise / they get their homework from the internet	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
11 (i)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
11 (ii)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
11 (iii)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
12 (a)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
12 (b)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
13 (a)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
13 (b)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
14 (i)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
14 (ii)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
15 (a)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
15 (b)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
16 (i)	For (a meal on) his mother's birthday	1	For her birthday

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
16 (ii)	Being a grandmother Her daughter having children	1	Her two grandchildren

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
17 (i)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
17 (ii)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
18 (i)	He is a drug dealer He is selling drugs	1	Drug handling Giving drugs to children

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
18 (ii)	He ran away	1	Drove away The police cannot find him

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
19 (a)	Because people get lung problems	1	Lung cancer He has lung problems

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
19 (b)	She does not like jogging in the rain / getting wet / bad weather	1	The weather It's always raining

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
19 (c)	About taking too much sugar / warning him about getting fat / His weight	1	

**Higher Paper Total = 40 Marks**