

## **GCSE**

# **Geography B**

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit **B561/01:** Sustainable Decision Making (SDM)

## Mark Scheme for January 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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### **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
?	Unclear
10	Benefit of Doubt
×	Cross
PIHI	Development
HE PER SECOND SE	Irrelevant Material
TIT I	Level 1
	Level 2
<b>■5</b> ■	Level 3
NEC	Benefit of Doubt Not Given
<b>✓</b>	Tick
<b>A</b>	Omission Mark
[	Left Bracket
	Right Bracket

Qu	Question		Answer		Guidance	
1	(a)		Rural	1	Accept any indication of the right answer	
<b>V</b>	(b)	(i)	Accept 28 or 29 ONLY	1		
		(ii)	Decreases	1	If 2 or more boxes ticked score zero	
		(iii)	Accept 2008, 2009 or 2010 ONLY	1	If a range stated – must be between 2008 and 2010. Any date given outside this range scores zero	
2	(a)	(i)	45–64	1		
		(ii)	65+ , 65 and over, Over 65	1	Not The Elderly	
1017	(b)		Reasons could relate to issues such as  Job availability  Social life  Affordability of Housing (NOT size of homes)  Access to Education  Access to Health Care  Access to Leisure  Access to Transport  Access to Shops  N.B. Accept "better" as an alternative to "Access to" eg better health care, better shops	4	2 marks for 2 different reasons plus 2 for development  Assume answer is related to under 45's living in urban areas unless otherwise stated  Accept any sound answer that explains why people under 45 prefer to live in urban areas and/or why people over 45 prefer the countryside eg  Under 45's need jobs (✓) more jobs in urban areas (dev)  Under 45's have children, who need schools (✓)more schools in urban areas (dev)  2 development points can come from the same reason Development points have to be different  Do not credit Quality of Life / Standard of Life / Life Style	

Qu	estion	Answer		Guidance
3	(a)	<ul> <li>"Not in my back yard"/explanation of what 'nimbyism' is/people do not want them where they live</li> <li>Objection to planning applications Reasons and/or Development</li> <li>Noise/Air pollution</li> <li>People don't want their peace and quiet disturbed</li> <li>People don't want their view spoilt/Visual pollution</li> <li>People don't want the wildlife disturbed/loss of habitats</li> <li>Increased traffic/congestion</li> <li>Extra housing may cause house prices to fall</li> <li>May cause pressure on local amenities</li> <li>Loss of community spirit/spoil village life</li> </ul>	3	Any 3 sound reasons as to why local people might object to new housing developments, including what 'nimbyism' is  May be 3 separate points or may be developed  Accept any 3 valid reasons and/or development  Do not credit pollution/overcrowding on its own
<b>/</b> / /	(b)	<ul> <li>Reasons such as:</li> <li>Population has grown/migration to UK/high birth rate</li> <li>Divorces are splitting households</li> <li>House building has slumped to its lowest level for 90 years</li> <li>People are living longer</li> <li>Empty houses are too run down to be used</li> <li>Cuts in government spending/housing targets/budgets</li> <li>Banks not lending to building firms</li> </ul>	3	Any reason from the resource or the candidates own knowledge  Do not accept nimbyism/too expensive/not enough land/protests/environmentalists

Qu	Question		uestion Answer		Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	•	Any two features relating to ENERGY from the resource:  Community Scale heat sources  Homes will have smart meters/solar panels/ wind generators  Residents can sell surplus energy back to the national grid.  Zero carbon buildings (shops/restaurants/schools)  Reduced/Low carbon houses	2	Any 2 features from the resource  Not transport related points, except for Charging Points	
			Charging points for electric cars			

Question	Answer		Guidance	
(b)	Level 3 (5–6 marks)	6	Levelled question	
	Excellent explanation of how transport			
	facilities/policies in existing settlements could be made			
12	more sustainable. Written work is clearly legible and		Accept any viable example of sustainable transport	
	spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate.		facilities	
150	Candidate focuses on making transport facilities in			
	settlements more sustainable and are likely to develop			
	the explanations seen at level 2, possibly by giving			
	examples and/or by being more comprehensive and/or			
	emphasising sustainability			
			If a facility is mentioned without development L1-2 marks	
	Level 2 (3–4 marks)		This would still need to be developed to go to L2	
	Sound explanation of how transport facilities/policies in			
	existing settlements could be more sustainable. Written		Facilities/Policies include:	
	work is legible and spelling, punctuation and grammar		Cycle Lanes	
	are mostly accurate. Meaning is communicated clearly.		Park & Ride	
	Candidate is likely to show some explanation of transport		Bike Hire	
	facilities from Resource 4 and their own knowledge		Integrated Transport	
	Laval 4 (4, 0 marks)		Tram Routes	
	Level 1 (1–2 marks)		Charging Points	
	Simple description of some sustainable transport		Car Pool Lanes	
	methods. Written work contains mistakes in spelling,		Car Sharing	
	punctuation and grammar, which sometimes hinder		Fare Reduction	
	communication.		Congestion Charging	
	Candidates answer is likely to be taken exclusively from		Greater emphasis on public transport	
	Resource 4 or may make no mention of transport facilities			
	- focussing on a transport method (eg use cycles rather			
	than install cycle lanes)		Even if a transport method is developed (or electric serve	
			Even if a transport method is developed (eg electric cars,	
			produce less CO2) this is not given above L1 as does not	
			refer to transport facilities.	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
5 (a)	Level 3 (5–6 marks)  Excellent reasons for choice given with clear explanation of ideas. Written work is clearly legible and spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate.  Candidate focuses on why their option is better and more sustainable and is likely to develop the explanations seen at level 2, possibly by giving examples or by being more comprehensive.  Level 2 (3–4 marks)  Sound reason for choice given with some explanation of ideas. Written work is legible and spelling, punctuation and grammar are mostly accurate. Meaning is communicated clearly.  Candidate is likely to show some explanation of material from Resources.  Level 1 (1–2 marks)  Limited reason for choice given with brief/limited explanation of ideas. Written work contains mistakes in spelling, punctuation and grammar, which sometimes hinder communication.  Candidates answer is likely to be taken exclusively from Resources.	6	Levels marked.  For suggested content see table on Page 9. This is not intended to be definitive.  There are no wrong options – any option with appropriate explanation is acceptable  No advantage or disadvantage given for either option regarding the airport for 5a, c and d The airport will be lost in both options  Loss of the airport can be credited in 5b  Candidates can be credited for comparative comments regarding disadvantages of the other option.	
(b)	Gives ONE developed reason why people who already live in the area will not be happy with the development.  • Spoils countryside/habitats being affected  • Farmers lose farmland/income  • Extra traffic on quiet/narrow country lanes – causing congestion/accidents  • Disruption/Noise to area whilst building takes place etc  • Flying club having to relocate  • May lower the value of their houses	3	Point marked  One mark for reason with 2 marks for development No credit for NIMBY's without reasons	

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Question		Answer Mar		Guidance
<b>√</b> •)-7	(c)	Suitable advantages of the other option 1 for People 1 for the Environment	4	Point marked  1 mark for People advantage 1 mark for People development  1 mark for Environment advantage 1 mark for Environment development
NEY	(d)	Suitable disadvantage of the rejected option	3	Point marked  One mark for reason with 2 marks for development

### **APPENDIX 1**

	Advantages	Disadvantages
Option 1  To allow the development of the proposed 15 000 houses in an eco-town.	<ul> <li>Purpose built houses can be designed to be 'green' (P/E)</li> <li>Site large enough to develop new industrial area along with housing (P)</li> <li>Additional/new services (P)</li> <li>More green space for leisure (P/E)</li> <li>New green space creates more habitats (E)</li> <li>Creation of new public transport system (P/E)</li> <li>Etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Developing greenfield site takes up 'countryside' bad for the environment/animals/etc.</li> <li>Loss of farmland/agricultural production</li> <li>Cost – have to put whole new infrastructure in place</li> <li>May not get new industries into the development and it becomes a dormitory town</li> <li>Lower percentage of starter homes</li> <li>New Industries may cause Air/Noise pollution</li> <li>Etc.</li> </ul>
Option 2  To allow a much smaller development of 2 000 houses on the site of Leicester Airfield.	<ul> <li>Redevelopment of airport site makes the environment better (E)</li> <li>Building on a brownfield site/area already developed takes advantage of the preexisting infrastructure</li> <li>Cost is lower as uses pre-existing infrastructure (P)</li> <li>Purpose built houses can be designed to be 'green' (P/E)</li> <li>Higher percentage of starter homes (P)</li> <li>Surrounding green spaces retained (E)</li> <li>Etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May place burden on already stretched local services eg schools</li> <li>Smaller area so not as many houses can be built</li> <li>Limited new/additional services</li> <li>Limited transport links</li> <li>No green space for leisure</li> <li>Traffic congestion on local roads</li> <li>Etc.</li> </ul>

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

#### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

#### **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

#### www.ocr.org.uk

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Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



