

#### **OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS**

**General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

#### **GEOGRAPHY SPECIFICATION A**

1986/1

PAPER 1 FOUNDATION TIER

Monday 5 JUNE 2006 Morning 2 hours

Candidates answer on the question paper.

Additional materials:

Resource Booklet (1986/1086/1,2/RB) – inserted

Candidate Name	Centre Number	Candidate Number

TIME 2 hours

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the boxes above.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

You will be awarded marks for the quality of written communication.

The total number of marks for this paper is 80.

Additional answer space is available on the lined pages 19 and 20 at the back of the book. Answers on these pages **must** be clearly numbered.

The following initials are used throughout this paper:

EU - European Union

LEDC - Less Economically Developed Country

MEDC - More Economically Developed Country.

FOR EXAMIN	IER'S USE
Question 1	
Question 2	
Question 3	
Question 4	
Sub-Total	
QWC	
TOTAL	

1 (a) Study Fig. 1a.

# Mid-Atlantic Ridge

# A map has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions

Details:

A map showing the location of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge

Fig. 1a

(i)	Name the volcanic island located furthest away from the Mid-Atlantic Ridge.	
		[1]
(ii)	Describe the distribution of the other volcanic islands shown on the map.	
		[1]
(iii)	Explain why there are no active volcanoes in the U.K.	
		Γ1]

(b) Study Fig. 1b.

## Volcanoes in Iceland

# A diagram has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions Details: A diagram showing a cross section of a volcano in Iceland

Fig. 1b

Use Fig. 1b to explain why there are major volcanoes in Iceland. You may include a labelled diagram.

[4]

(c) Study the table below which shows information about two volcanoes.

Year of eruption	Name of volcano	Location	Level of development	Number of people who had to leave their homes
2002	Mount Nyiragongo	Democratic Republic of Congo, Africa	LEDC	400 000
2002	Mount Etna	Italy, Europe	MEDC	300

	Suggest <b>three</b> reasons for the difference in the number of people who had to leave their homes.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(d)	For a named volcano you have studied, describe the effects of an eruption.
	Name of volcano:
	Effects:
	[5]

(e)	What are the benefits of living near volcanoes?
	[4]
	[Total: 19]

1986/1 Jun06 [Turn over

#### **UNIT 2 PEOPLE AND PLACES TO LIVE**

- 2 (a) Study Fig. 2a, opposite.
  - (i) Complete the table below by writing the names of these three countries in the correct positions.

China Mexico Vietnam

Top five countries where migrants came from to live in the USA in 2000.

1.		Most migrants
2.		<b>†</b>
3.	Philippines	
4.	India	
5.		Least migrants

[2]

[1]

(ii)	Use the information in Fig. 2a to give an example of each of the following:
	An LEDC from which over 10,000 people migrated to the USA in 2000
	An MEDC from which over 10,000 people migrated to the USA in 2000
	1 1 1 1 1 0

(iii) Look again at Fig. 2a.

Describe **two** features of the pattern of migration to the USA in 2000.

1	1	
••		
2	2	
_	٠	
		[0]

2a	
ö	
፲	

A map has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions.

Details:

A map showing imigration to the USA from surrounding countries.

	(iv)	Many people who have migrated to MEDCs, such as the USA, still end up with a poor quality of life. Suggest two reasons for this.
		1
		2
		[2]
(b)		gest the benefits and disadvantages for MEDCs of large numbers of people rating to them from other countries.
	Bene	efits to the country
	•••••	
	•••••	
	•••••	
	Prob	lems for the country
	•••••	
	•••••	
(c)	Stud	[4] ly Fig. 2b.
		Rural to urban migration
	 !	
	Ar	image has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions
	! !	Details:
		An image showing people being pushed away from 'the country' by a hand and pulled towards 'the city' by a magnet
	<u>-</u>	
		Fig. 2b
	(i)	What is 'rural to urban migration'?
		[1]

(ii)	Pull and push factors can be used to explain rural to urban migration. What is meant by 'pull and push factors'?
	Pull factors
	Push factors
	[2]
(iii)	Name a city which you have studied in an LEDC. Explain why many people have moved there from surrounding rural areas.
	Name of LEDC city
	Reasons for movement
	[5]
	[Total: 19]

#### **UNIT 3 PEOPLE AND THEIR NEEDS**

## **3** (a) Study Fig. 3a.

# **Employment structure of six countries.**

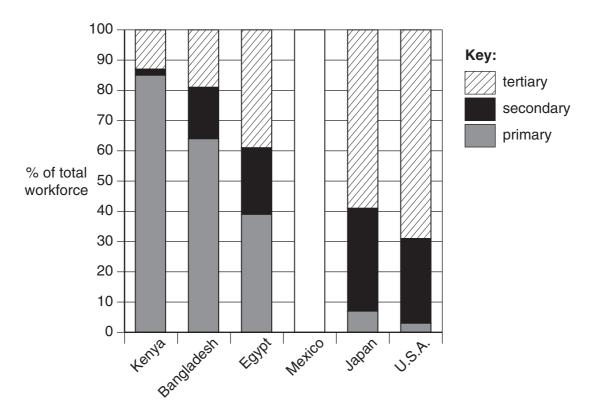


Fig. 3a

(i) Complete the bar for Mexico using the following figures:

Primary 30% Secondary 20% Tertiary 50%

[2]

(ii) Use Fig. 3a to name:

the country where the largest percentage works in the primary sector

.....

the country where the same percentage is employed in the primary sector as in the tertiary sector.

.....[2]

(III)		easons wny a large Cs such as Japan.	percentage of the work	Ktorce are in the tertiary
	1			
	2			
				[2]
<b>(b)</b> St	tudy Photographs	C and D in the Reso	ource Booklet.	
(i)	Describe <b>two</b> and D.	differences between	the factory <b>buildings</b> s	shown in photographs C
	1			
	2			
				[2]
(ii)		oyment sector would th of the three statem	•	work? Circle the correct
	The workers in Photograph C.	•	ding raw materials to b	e used in the factory in
	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TERTIARY	
	The driver of the	ne lorries shown in P	hotograph D.	
	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TERTIARY	
	The people v photographs.	vorking on the pro	duction line in both	factories shown in the
	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TERTIARY	[2]

# (c) Study Fig. 3b.

# Systems diagrams for the factories shown in Photographs C and D.

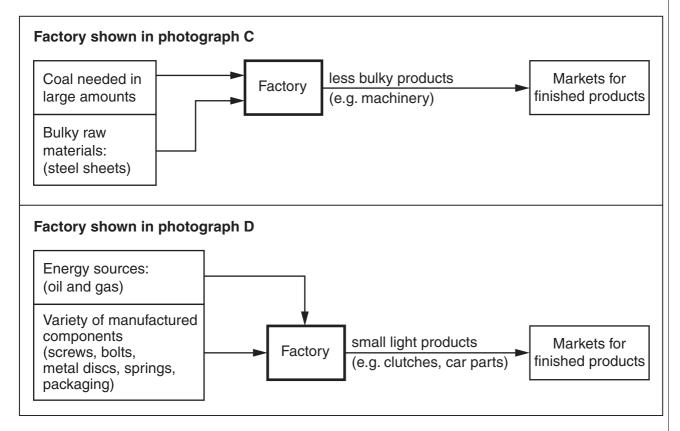


Fig. 3b

(i)	Use Fig. 3b to identify:
	an <b>input</b> to the factory shown in Photograph C
	an <b>output</b> of the factory shown in Photograph D[2]
(ii)	It is more important for the factory shown in Photograph C to be located close to its raw materials than it is for the factory in Photograph D. Suggest reasons for this.
	[2]

(d)	In many parts of the UK distribution industries are now important.

Name and locate an example of a <b>distribution</b> industry which you have studied in the UK.
Explain why the distribution industry is located there.
Name of distribution industry
Location
Reasons why the industry is located there.
[5]
[Total: 19]

1986/1 Jun06

[Turn over

#### UNIT 4 PEOPLE AND THE ENVIRONMENT

#### 4 (a) Study Fig. 4a.

## Diagram of pH scale

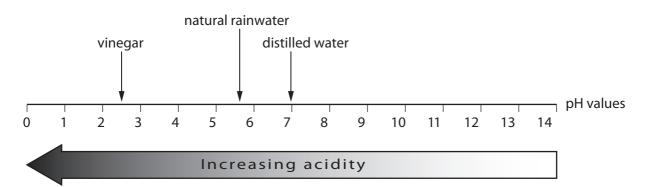


Fig. 4a

Use the information in Fig. 4a to complete the following statement. Circle the correct answer.

Acid rain is rainwater which has a pH value of

5 7 9 11 [1]

(b) Study Fig. 4b

# A diagram has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions

Details:

A diagram showing how acid rain is formed from cars and power stations

Fig. 4b

(i) In the box provided on Fig. 4b, label one chemical which comes from power stations or vehicles. [1]

(ii)	How is acid rain caused?
	[3]

1986/1 Jun06

(c)	Study Fig. 4c.
	Sulphur depositions in selected countries of Europe (sulphur is a main deposit of acid rain)
r – – I I	
	A map has been removed due to third party copyright restrictions.
	Details:
	A map showing sulphur depositions in selected countries of Europe.
l I	

(i) Use the figures below to complete the enlarged pie chart for Finland.

Percentage of sulphur produced in Finland	25%
Percentage of sulphur which comes from other countries	75%

	[1]
(ii)	Which country has the largest percentage of sulphur which comes from other countries?
	[1]
(iii)	Suggest <b>two</b> reasons why so much of the sulphur deposited in Sweden comes from other countries.
	1
	2[2]
(iv)	What are the effects of acid rain in a country such as Sweden?
(v)	Give <b>two</b> ways to reduce the problems caused by acid rain.
(*)	1
	2
	[2]

global warming on named areas which you have studied.
[5]

[Total: 19]

be clearly shown.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (OCR) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.